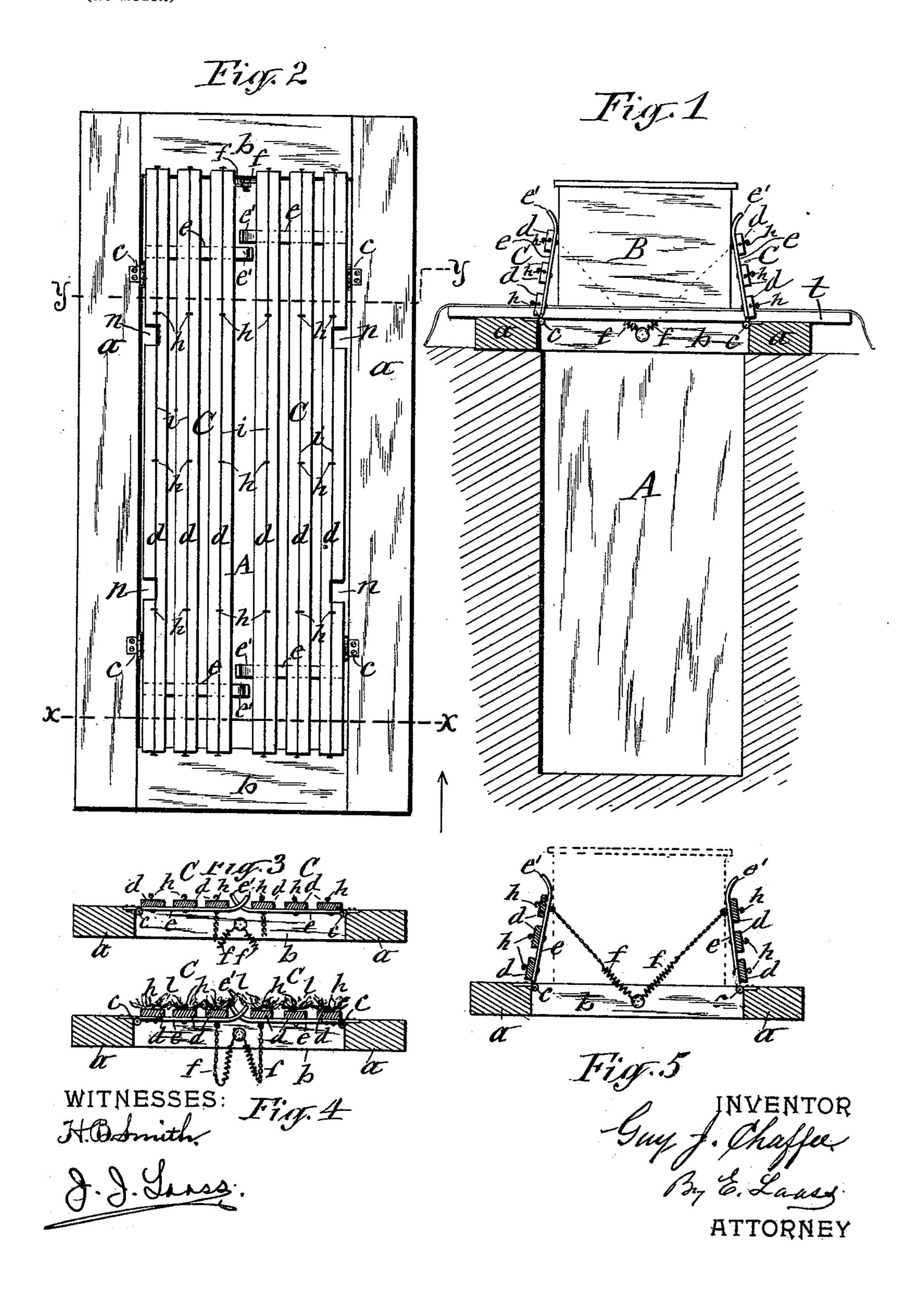
Patented Mar. 27, 1900.

G. J. CHAFFEE.

APPARATUS FOR CONCEALING GRAVES.

(No Model.)

(Application filed Aug. 11, 1899.)



United States Patent Office.

GUY J. CHAFFEE, OF SYRACUSE, NEW YORK.

APPARATUS FOR CONCEALING GRAVES.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 646,088, dated March 27, 1900.

Application filed August 11, 1899. Serial No. 726,859. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, GUY J. CHAFFEE, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Syracuse, in the county of Onondaga, in the 5 State of New York, have invented new and usuful Improvements in Apparatus for Concealing Graves, of which the following, taken in connection with the accompanying drawings, is a full, clear, and exact description.

This invention relates to devices employed to conceal to a great extent the grave and the casket or box containing the casket during the burial of the corpse, and thus relieve the mourners from one of the saddest sights dur-

15 ing burial.

The object of the invention is to provide a grave-concealing apparatus which shall be simple in construction, operative automatically and independently of the devices em-20 ployed for lowering the casket into the grave, and shall also obviate the necessity of excavating the grave wider than is usually required to admit the box in which the casket is deposited, which latter feature is specially 25 important in places where the grave is to be made in proximity to another grave.

To attain said object, the invention consists chiefly in the combination of longitudinal brink-sills, lid-sections connected to said sills 30 movably from a standing position to a horizontal meeting position, means for limiting the movement of said lid-sections below said meeting position, and means for securing a concealing-cover to the outer surfaces of said 35 lid-sections; and the invention also consists in novel features of its detail construction and auxiliary devices connected therewith, as hereinafter described, and set forth in the claims.

In the annexed drawings, Figure 1 is an end view of my invention placed in position to allow the casket to be lowered into the grave and to conceal the grave and automatically close the mouth of the grave during 45 the descent of the casket. Fig. 2 is a plan view of my invention shown closed over the grave. Figs. 3 and 4 are transverse sections on lines X X and Y Y in Fig. 2 and showing, respectively, the bare structure and ornamen-50 tation of the lid-sections; and Fig. 5 is a transverse section of my invention in its open position.

Similar letters of reference indicate corre-

responding parts.

a a represent two sills placed longitudi- 55 nally upon the brink of the grave and held in place by cross-bars b b, placed between them at the ends of the grave A. To the inner top edge of each of the sills a a is hinged a lidsection C, as shown at c, which lid-section is 60 movable from a standing position, as shown in Fig. 1, to a horizontal position over the grave A, to which latter position the movement of the lid-section is limited by the ends thereof resting upon the cross-bars b b, as 65 shown in Fig. 2 of the drawings, and when in said position the two lid-sections meet centrally over the grave. Although I do not limit myself to any special construction of said lidsections, yet I prefer to form them of longi- 70 tudinal slats dd, fastened to the tops of transverse bars e e, preferably of steel or iron. The free ends of the bars e e I bend or curve outward, as shown at e', for the purpose hereinafter explained.

ff denote springs which are each connected at one end to the inner side of one of the cross-bars b at the center of its length. The opposite ends of said springs are each' connected to one of the lid-sections, adjacent to 80 the meeting edges thereof, said springs serving to insure the automatic closing of the lid-

sections.

Upon the outer faces of the slats d d Iplace wires or suitable straps ii, extending 85 lengthwise of the slats and secured thereto by hooks h h or other suitable fastening devices. The purpose of said wires or straps is to secure to the exterior of the lid-sections suitable ornamental coverings, such as ever- 90 greens or other plants or flowers, as indicated at l in Fig. 4 of the drawings, said ornamentations being held in position by means of the wires or straps i i and serving to conceal the lid-sections when in their closed po- 95 sition over the grave.

The operation of my invention is as follows: Before the arrival of the funeral at the cemetery my invention is placed in position for use by placing the brink-sills a a upon the sur- 100 face along the sides of the grave and interposing the cross-bars b b at the ends of the grave to properly sustain the brink-sills in position. The lid-sections C, which are con-

nected to said sills and rest upon the crossbars bb, are then swung up to allow the usual bars t to be passed through notches n n on the hinged edges of the lid-sections and to be 5 placed with their ends upon the brink-sills aato support upon said bars tt the casket or the box B containing the casket. In placing said casket or box upon the bars t t the lid-sections C C are to be swung outward sufficient to alto low the casket or box to be introduced between them and placed in proper position over the grave, and then the lid-sections C C are allowed to rest, with the free ends of the transverse bars e e against the sides of the casket 15 or box, as represented in Fig. 1 of the drawings. In the operation of lowering the casket or box into the grave the bars t t are withdrawn from under the casket or box, which is then lowered into the grave either by straps 20 manipulated by persons in charge or by any suitable appliances. In the descent of the casket or box the lid-sections C C are drawn into closed position by the springs ff, and when closed said lid-sections rest upon the 25 stationary cross-bars b b, by which they are supported in horizontal position. I do not limit myself to the use of the afore-

said springs, inasmuch as the lid-sections will in many cases close automatically by gravity.

of its lid projecting at the sides of the box, as shown in Fig. 1 of the drawings. For this reason I form the free ends of the bars e e with the outward bends e to allow the projecting edges of the lid of the box to enter between said bends and pry the two lid-sections as under, so as to allow the box to descend.

. What I claim as my invention is—

o 1. A grave-concealing apparatus consisting of brink-sills, lid-sections connected to said sills movably from a standing position to a meeting position over the grave, means for

limiting the movement of said lid-sections below said meeting position, and means for se- 45 curing a concealing-cover to the outer surfaces of the lid-sections.

2. The improved grave-concealing apparatus consisting of brink-sills, lid-sections hinged to the inner top edges of said sills, 50 stationary bars supporting said lid-sections in horizontal position and springs drawing the lid-sections into horizontal position as set forth.

3. In combination with brink-sills, lid-sec- 55 tions hinged to said sills and composed of longitudinal slats and transverse bars secured to said slats, means for securing ornamentation to said slats, and stationary bars disposed under the ends of the lid-sections and 60 supporting the same in horizontal position as set forth.

4. In combination with brink-sills, lid-sections hinged to the inner top edges of said sills and provided in their hinged edges with 65 notches for the insertion of the casket-supporting bars as set forth.

5. In combination with brink-sills, lid-sections hinged to said sills and composed of longitudinal slats and transverse bars secured to 7c said slats, and wires extending lengthwise of the tops of the slats and fastened thereto as and for the purpose set forth.

6. In combination with brink-sills, lid-sections hinged to said sills and composed of lon-75 gitudinal slats fastened to transverse bars having the free ends curved outward to receive between them the projecting top of the casket or box, springs drawing the lid-sections into closed position, and stationary bars 80 supporting the lid-sections horizontally in their closed position as set forth.

GUY J. CHAFFEE. [L. s.]

Witnesses:

J. J. LAASS, H. B. SMITH.