

No. 645,820.

Patented Mar. 20, 1900.

C. LOHRMAN.
INVOICE SHEET.

(Application filed Dec. 20, 1899.)

(No Model.)

Fig 1

For		INDEX
Address		ORDER No.
14		
From		
16		
PACKAGES		
BUNDLES		
BARRELS		
KEGS	17	19
BOXES		
BALES		
CASES		
CRATES		
10		

Fig 2

Seld To		INDEX
14 ^a		ORDER No.
Recd In Good Order From		
16 ^a		
PACKAGES	Date	
BUNDLES	Del'd by	
BARRELS	Bill	
KEGS	Remarks	19 ^a
BOXES		
18 ^a BALES	17 ^a	
CASES		
CRATES	Rec'd By	

Fig 3

For		INDEX
14 ^b		ORDER No.
From		
16 ^b		
<p>Notice Should inclosed Invoice Not Agree with Goods Delivered Herewith Please Return Invoice With your Claim At Once No Claims Allowed at Time of Settlement.</p>		

Fig 4

For		INDEX
Address 14		ORDER No.
From 16		
PACKAGES		
BUNDLES		
BARRELS		
KEGS	17	
BOXES		
18 BALES	19	
CASES		
CRATES		

WITNESSES:
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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHARLES LOHRMAN, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

INVOICE-SHEET.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 645,820, dated March 20, 1900.

Application filed December 20, 1899. Serial No. 740,993. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHARLES LOHRMAN, a citizen of the United States, residing at the city of New York, borough of Brooklyn, in the county of Kings and State of New York, have invented a new and Improved Invoice-Sheet, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

One object of my invention is to so construct an invoice-sheet that when used in connection with a carbon-sheet or other duplicating medium a tag and receipt may be written and an envelop addressed at the same time.

Another object of the invention is to provide an invoice-sheet especially adapted to be used in connection with the manifold-machine for which application for Letters Patent was made by me December 2, 1899, Serial No. 738,943.

The invention consists in the novel construction and combination of the several parts, as will be hereinafter fully set forth, and pointed out in the claim.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, in which similar characters of reference indicate corresponding parts in all the figures.

Figure 1 is a plan view of the unfolded invoice-sheet. Fig. 2 is a plan view of the sheet with the intermediate section folded upon the envelop-section. Fig. 3 is a plan view of the sheet fully folded; and Fig. 4 is a transverse section through a fully-folded sheet, the drawing being on an enlarged scale and the section being taken practically on the line 4 4 of Fig. 3.

The sheet is made, preferably, of a translucent material, such as parchment-paper; but other material may be employed, and the sheet is divided by score-lines 10 and 11 or their equivalents into three sections A, B, and C. When the sheet is folded, the section A is the front sheet and is adapted to constitute a tag with memoranda, as it is to be secured to a package. The section B is at that time the intermediate section and constitutes a duplicate of the tag and memoranda and is used as a receipt, while the section C serves as an envelop for a bill. The section B is to

be signed by the receiver of goods acknowledging the receipt of said goods.

At the score-line 11, which separates the intermediate section B from the envelop-section C, a cut 12 is made, which may be practically U or V shaped, and this cut 12 is produced in the intermediate section B, as shown in Fig. 1, and forms a flap 13 at the upper edge of one member of the envelop-section C, preferably the front member, and this flap 13 is the sealing-flap for the envelop and may bear the word "Invoice" or other word designating the character of the contents of the envelop-section.

The front face of the tag-section A is provided with panels 14, adapted to receive an address, and with panels 15, in which index and order numbers may be placed when desired. This section A is also provided with a panel 16, upon which the name of the firm, individual, or corporation from which the goods are purchased is to be written. This section A also contains a series of panels 17, in which the names of various articles of merchandise are printed or produced, and blank panels are located at each side of the series of printed panels, the said blank panels being designated as 18 and 19.

On the reverse face of the central section B, or that face which is the under face when the strip is straightened out, as shown in Fig. 1, an upper panel 14^a is produced adapted to contain the address of the person to whom the goods are to be delivered, and side panels 15^a are also made on this intermediate section adapted to contain index and order numbers or the like. Another panel 16^a is produced on the intermediate section A, and the panel 16^a is adapted to receive the name of the party from whom the merchandise was purchased, the name being a duplicate of that produced on the panel 16 of the section A. The intermediate section B is also provided with central lower panels 17^a, corresponding to the panels 17 of the section A, and these panels bear similar designations to the panels 17. Panels 18^a and 19^a are located at the sides of the panels 17^a, the side panels being adapted to receive any data desired. In the drawings one of the said panels is provided with the

following printed matter—namely “Date,”
“Delivered by,” “Bill,” “Remarks,” “Re-
ceived by;” but it will be understood that I
do not confine myself to the matter above set
5 forth.

At what is the front face of the envelop-
section C when the strip is unfolded an upper
panel 14^b is produced, and side panels 15^b
adapted to receive one the address of the
10 party ordering and the other index and or-
der numbers, and the panels 14^b and 15^b oc-
cupy the same position on the envelop-sec-
tion C as the panels 14^a, 15^a, 14, and 15 do
upon the sections A and B. A central panel
15 16^b is also provided on the envelop-section,
corresponding to the panels 16 and 16^a on the
sections A and B, being adapted for the same
purpose. The remaining portion of the front
of the envelop-section, and the back, if so de-
20 sired, may contain instructions, advertise-
ments, or other matter of information or these
portions of the envelop-section may be left
blank.

In operation the section C is folded on the
25 section B, as shown in Fig. 2, and then the
two sections A and B are folded over upon
the envelop-section, as illustrated in Fig. 3,
and a strip of carbon or other transfer mate-
rial is placed between the envelop-section and

the intermediate section, and the writing is 30
done with a hard pencil upon the front or
bill section A, and said writing will be du-
plicated upon all of the sections of the sheet.

Having thus described my invention, I
claim as new and desire to secure by Letters 35
Patent—

An invoice-sheet, comprising an envelop-
section having a central projecting flap at its
opening, a receipt-section connected with the
envelop-section at the open end thereof at 40
each side of said central flap, and a tag-sec-
tion connected with the other or free end of
the receipt-section, the three sections being
of substantially the same length, and the re-
ceipt-section having an addressing-panel on 45
its back, while the envelop-section and tag-
section have on their front faces addressing-
panels so located that when the sheet is folded,
the three addressing-panels will be super-
posed, substantially as described. 50

In testimony whereof I have signed my
name to this specification in the presence of
two subscribing witnesses.

CHARLES LOHRMAN.

Witnesses:

J. FRED. ACKER,
JNO. M. RITTER.