No. 645,657.

Patented Mar. 20, 1900.

E. AVILA. WATCH REGULATOR.

(Application filed Oct. 9, 1899.)

(No Model.)

Trig. 1.

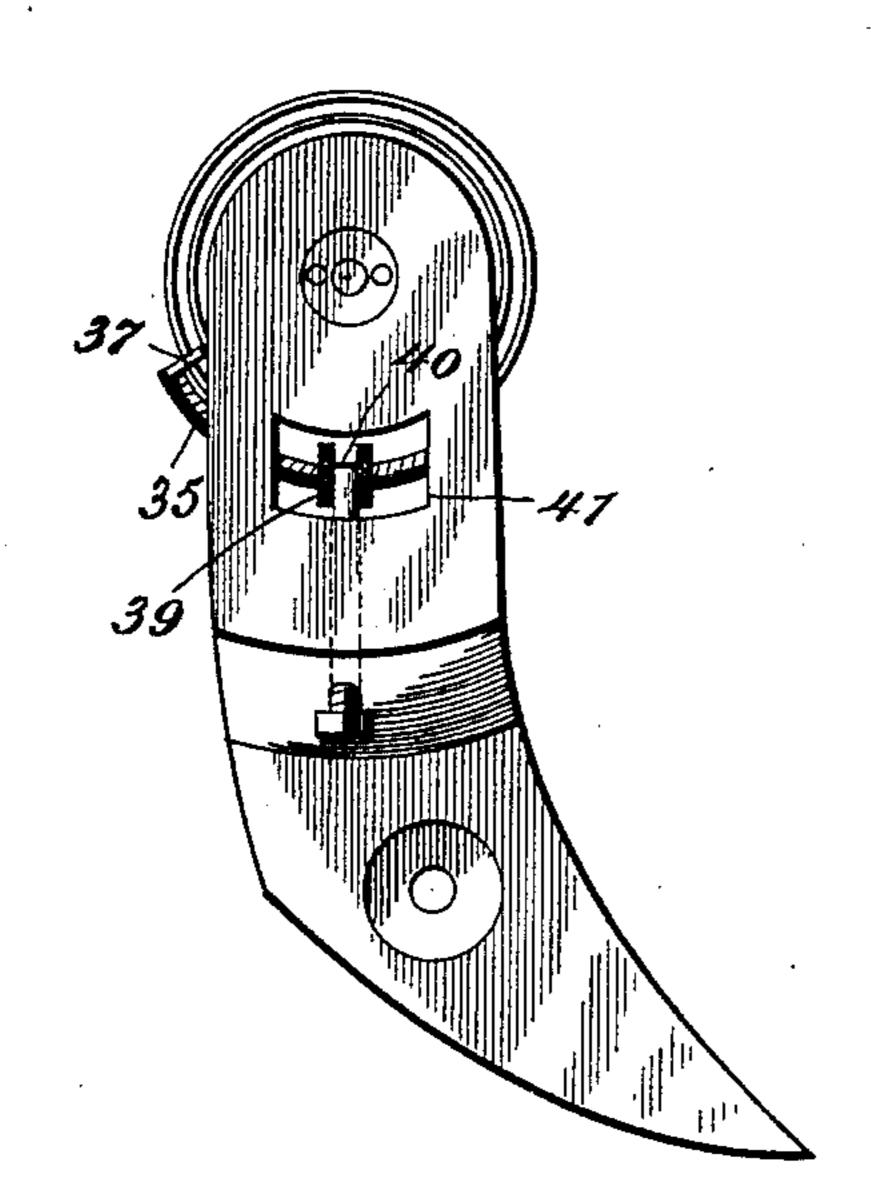


Fig.2.

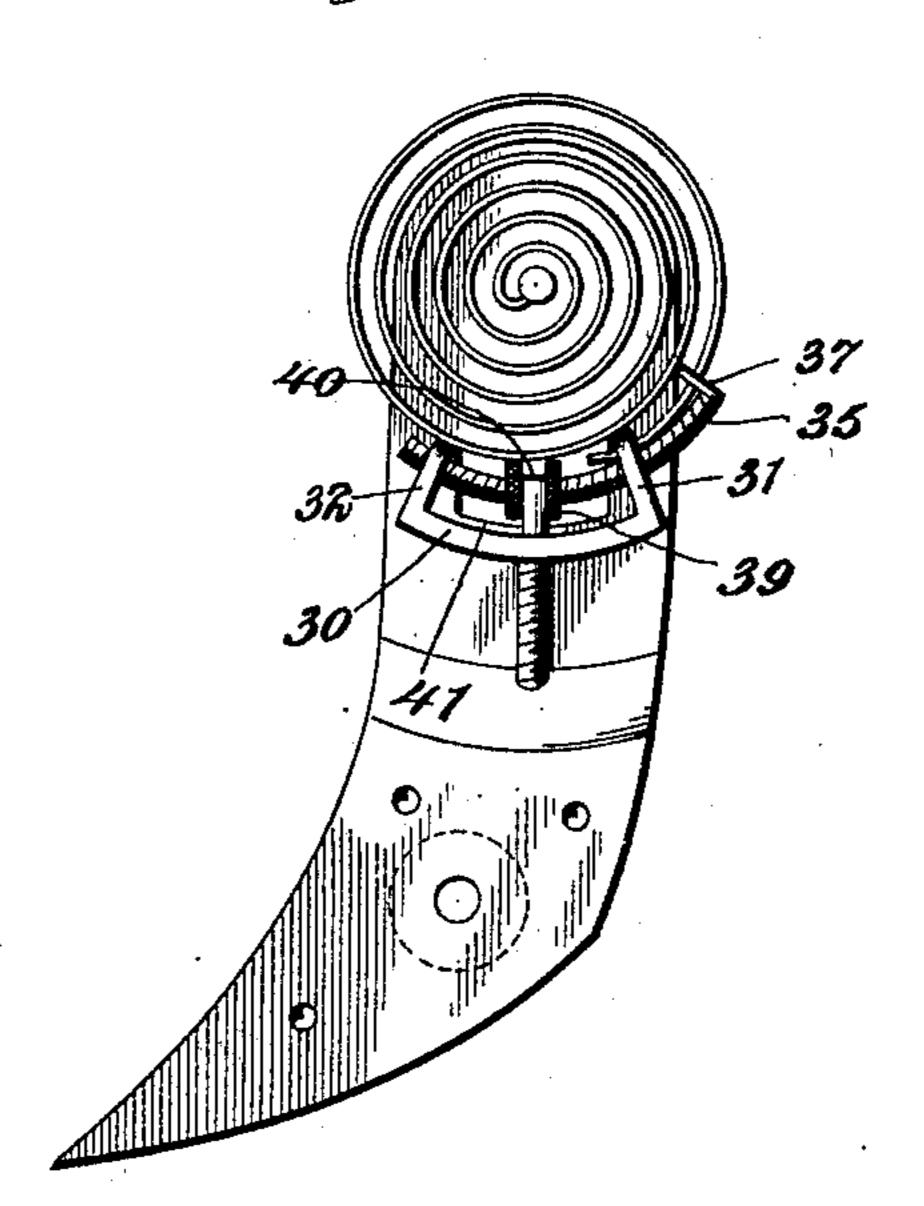
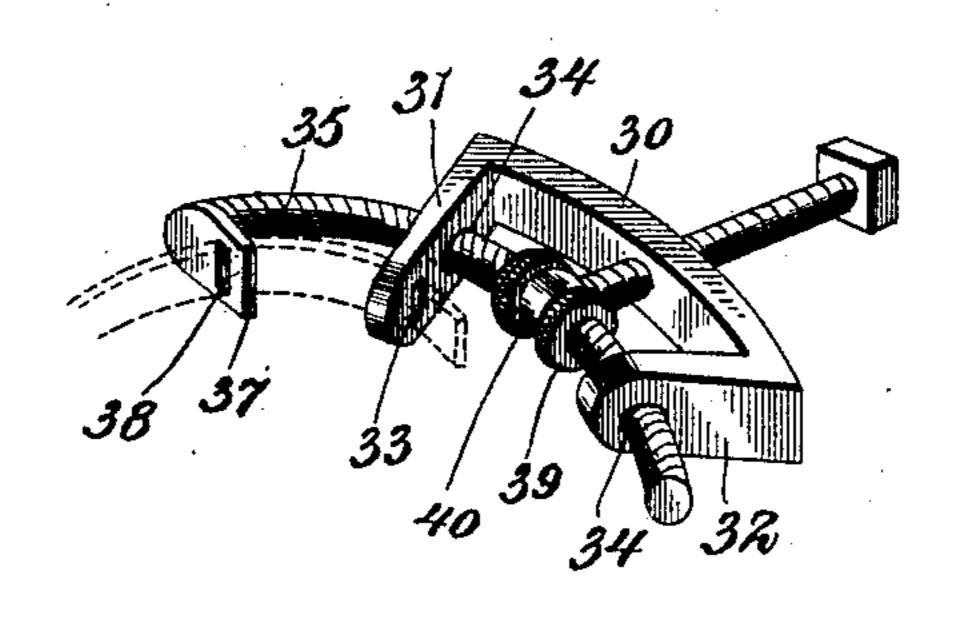


Fig. 3



Witnesses

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ENRIQUE AVILA, OF TOLUCA, MEXICO.

WATCH-REGULATOR.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 645,657, dated March 20, 1900.

Application filed October 9, 1899. Serial No. 733,037. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ENRIQUE AVILA, a citi-Toluca, in the State of Mexico and Republic 5 of Mexico, have invented a new and useful Watch-Movement, (patented in Mexico April 11, 1899, No. 1,467,) of which the following

is a specification.

My invention relates to improvements in 10 watch-movements; and it has for its object to provide a simple construction of regulator by which the hair-spring is prevented from catching in other parts of the movement and becoming disarranged, so that its tension will 15 affect the timekeeping qualities of the watch, such regulator being capable of a minute adjustment for slightly varying the tension of the hair-spring, and thereby accurately regulate the speed of the movement:

With these ends in view the invention consists in the novel combination of devices and in the construction and arrangement of parts, which will be hereinafter described and

claimed.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is an enlarged view of the balance-bridge looking at the same in top plan with the improved regulator supported thereon. Fig. 2 is an under or bottom plan view of the balance-bridge and 30 the hair-spring, representing the regulator applied in operative relation thereto. Fig. 3 is a detail perspective view of the regulator detached from the balance-bridge, the dotted line representing a fragment of the hair-35 spring.

The same numerals of reference are used to indicate like and corresponding parts in each of the several figures of the drawings.

My invention contemplates a novel con-40 struction of the regulator by which I am able to dispense with the usual lever or finger that is employed to vary the tension of the hairspring, said lever of ordinary construction having regulator-pins which are engaged with 45 the outer coil of the hair-spring near the free end thereof. It is well known by those skilled in the art that the hair-spring is displaced sometimes from engagement with the regulator-pins by jarring the watch, and this end of 50 the hair-spring is liable to be caught in a coil of the spring itself or in another part of the watch-movement. Hence the operative length | engaged by a non-traveling nut 39, which is

of the spring is varied and the timekeeping qualities of the watch are affected. Accordzen of the Republic of Mexico, residing at | ing to my invention the regulator is con- 55 structed to confine or hold the free end of the hair-spring, and this regulator has a shiftable member which is adjustable concentric with the axis of the balance-staff and is engaged with the outer coil of the hair-spring at a point 60 to one side of its engagement by its fixed regulator member, whereby adjustment of the shiftable regulator member along the length of the hair-spring formed by the outer coil varies the operative length of the hair-spring 65 itself, so that the tension of the spring may be regulated to a nicety. The fixed element of the regulator is a curved plate 30, having the arms 31 32 at its ends, and this plate is secured to the balance-bridge on the under 70 side thereof and in the horizontal plane of the hair-spring, said plate lying concentric with the axis of the balance-staff. The arms 31 32 are extended from the curved plate to lie in positions radial to the balance-staff, 75 and in one arm of said plate which constitutes the fixed regulator member is a slot or opening 33, adapted to receive and confine the free end of the hair-spring. The two arms of the plate are furthermore provided with 80 circular openings 34, in which is loosely or slidably fitted the curved screw 35, which constitutes the movable member of the regulator. This screw is curved in an arc of a circle, and it is supported by the regulator-85 plate member 30 in a position concentric with the axis of the balance-staff. The screw is provided with fine male threads to make it resemble a micrometer-screw, and it is slidably supported in the guide-openings 34 of 90 the plate, so as to be movable endwise or longitudinally therein in a path concentric with the axis of the hair-spring. The curved screw is provided at one end with an offstanding arm 37, which arm has a transverse 95 opening or slot 38, which loosely receives the outer coil of the hair-spring in order that the movable member of the regulator may engage adjustably with said outer length of the hairspring at a point at one side of the point roo where the hair-spring is engaged with the fixed regulator member. This micrometerthreaded endwise-movable curved screw is

arranged between the arms 31 32 of the fixed regulator-plate 30, and said nut is provided with an annular groove 40, into which extends one end of a stop-screw 41. Said screw 5 is mounted in the regulator-plate 30 and is extended through the bridge for its head to be readily accessible, whereby the screw is loosely engaged with the nut for the purpose of swiveling and holding the same against traveling movement with the screw 35 and at the same time permitting the nut to be turned, so as to adjust the screwendwise. It is evident that the endwise-movable screw may be shifted a minute distance for its arm 38 to 15 slide on the outer coil of the hair-spring a slight distance in order to vary the tension of the hair-spring, and this endwise adjustment of the screw is easily and quickly effected by rotating the nut 39, which is held 20 by its screw against traveling with the regulator-screw. The balance-bridge is provided with a slot 41 over the non-traveling nut of the shiftable regulator-screw, said slot permitting the watchmaker to have ready ac-25 cess to the nut for the purpose of shifting the curved screw 35 to regulate the watchmovement.

From the foregoing description it will be seen that the outer end of the hair-spring is 30 confined by a fixed member of the regulator normally in its working position, so that it cannot be jarred out of place by a shock on the watch-movement, and as the shiftable regulator-screw is movable endwise around 35 the hair-spring the outer coil thereof may be varied in length more or less in order to vary the tension of the spring and regulate the running of the watch.

Changes may be made in the form and pro-40 portion of some of the parts while their essential features are retained and the spirit of the invention embodied. Hence I do_not desire to be limited to the precise form of all the parts as shown, reserving the right to

45 vary therefrom.

Having thus described the invention, what I claim is—

1. In a watch-movement, the combination with a hair-spring, of a fixed regulator mem-50 ber provided with an arm having a guideopening and having the free end of the hair-

spring fixed to it, and a shiftable regulator member passing through the said guide-opening and slidably connected with the outer coil of the hair-spring, substantially as and 5

for the purpose described.

2. In a watch-movement, the combination with a hair-spring, of a fixed regulator member provided with arms having guide-openings, one of the arms having the outer end 6 of the hair-spring fixed to it, a curved shiftable member mounted in the said guide-openings and extending beyond the fixed regulator member and slidably connected with the outer coil of the hair-spring, and means for 6 moving the shiftable member lengthwise in a plane concentric with the hair-spring, substantially as described.

3. In a watch-movement, the combination with a hair-spring, of a fixed regulator mem- 7 ber provided with arms having guide-openings, one of the arms having the outer end of the hair-spring fixed to it, the curved screw constituting the shiftable member of the regulator and mounted in the said guide-open- 7 ings and slidably connected with the outer coil of the hair-spring, a nutlocated between the arms and engaging the screw and adapted to move the same lengthwise, and a clamping device swiveling the screw and securing 8 the same in its adjustment, substantially as described.

4. In a watch-movement, the combination with a slotted bridge, and a hair-spring, of a fixed regulator member mounted on the 8 bridge and provided with arms having guideopenings, the outer end of the hair-spring being secured to one of said arms, a curved screw mounted in the said guide-openings and slidably connected with the outer coil of the hair-spring, the grooved nut engaging the curved screw, and the clamping-screw projecting into the groove of the nut and swiveling the latter and securing the same in its adjusted position, substantially as described. 95

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my own I have hereto affixed my signature in

ENRIQUE AVILA.

the presence of two witnesses.

Witnesses:

C. H. ELEY ASSAMONTS, MANUEL ZARATE.