No. 644,390.

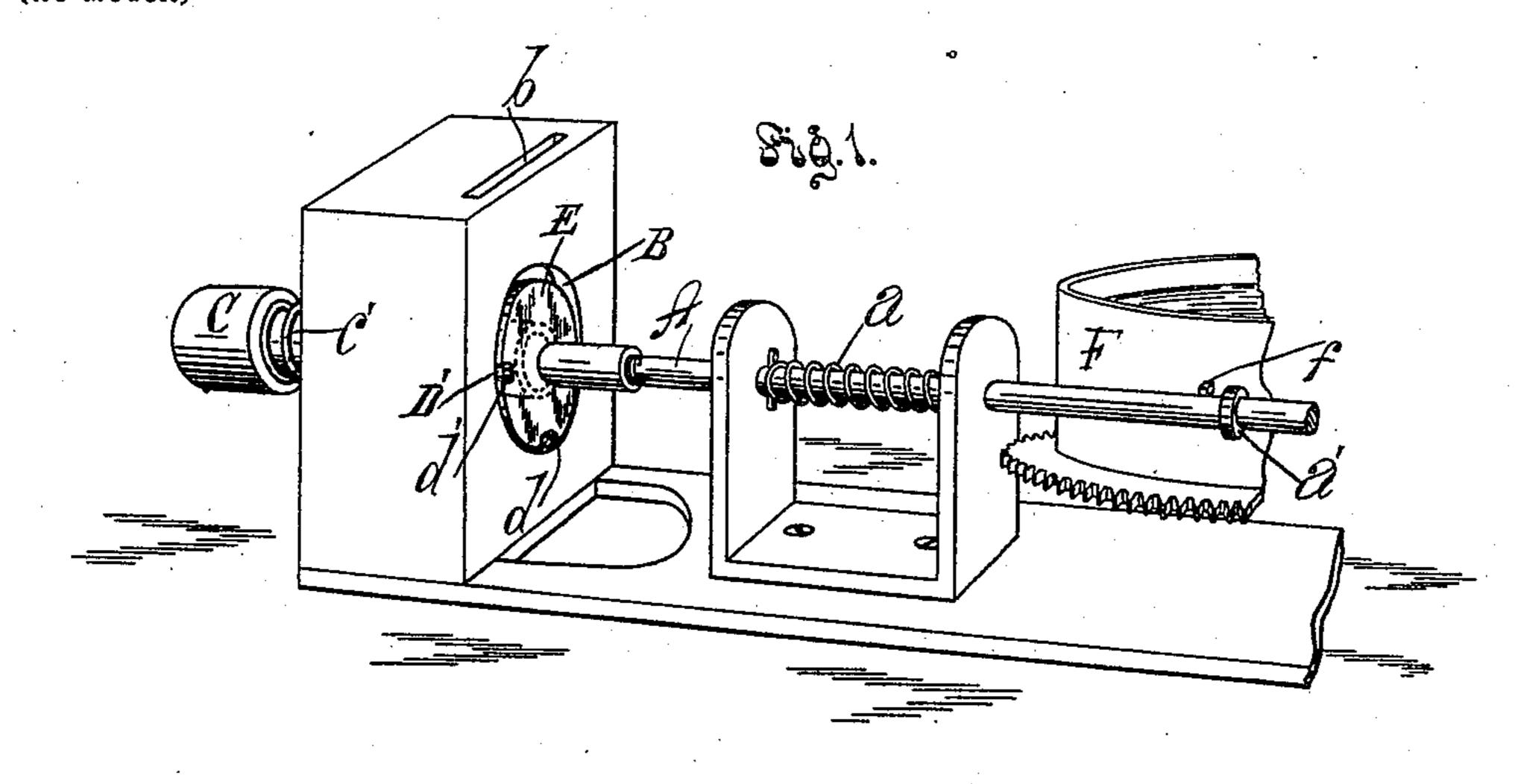
J. L. WILSON.

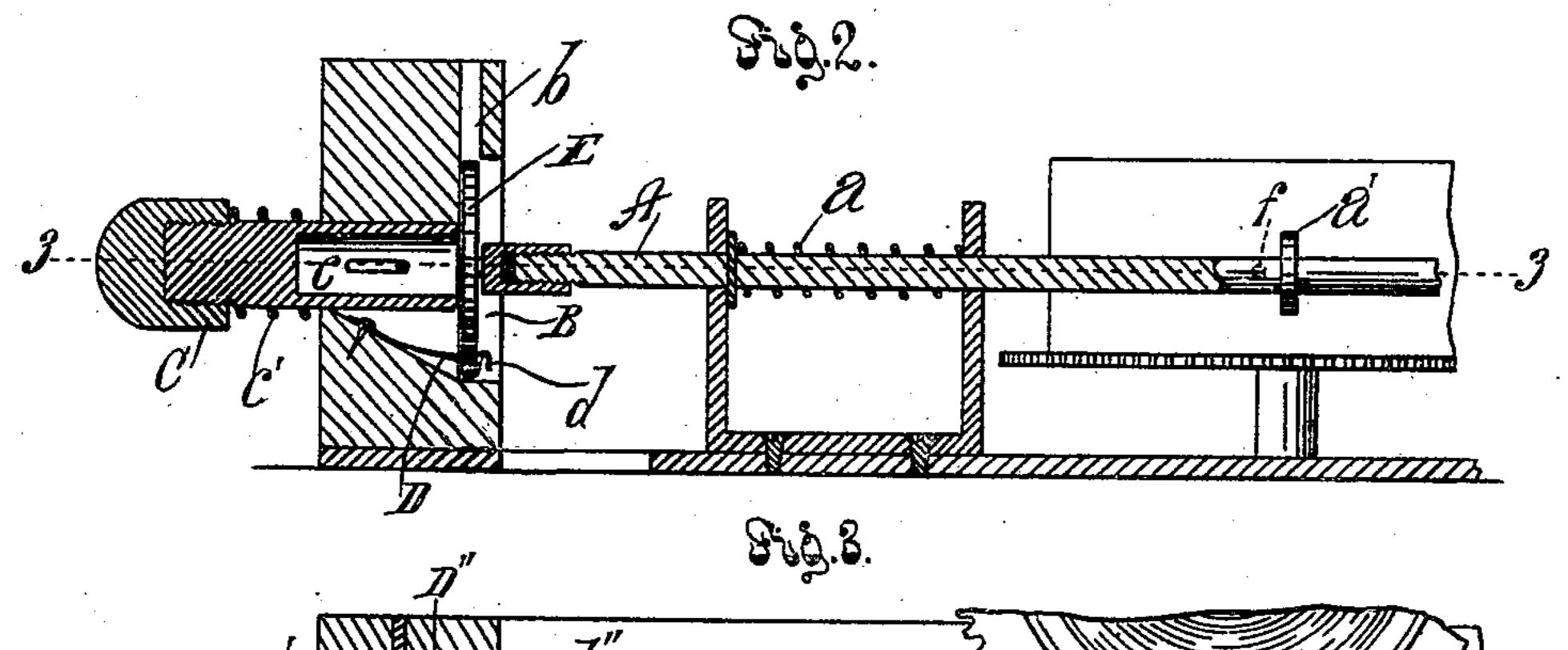
Patented Feb. 27, 1900.

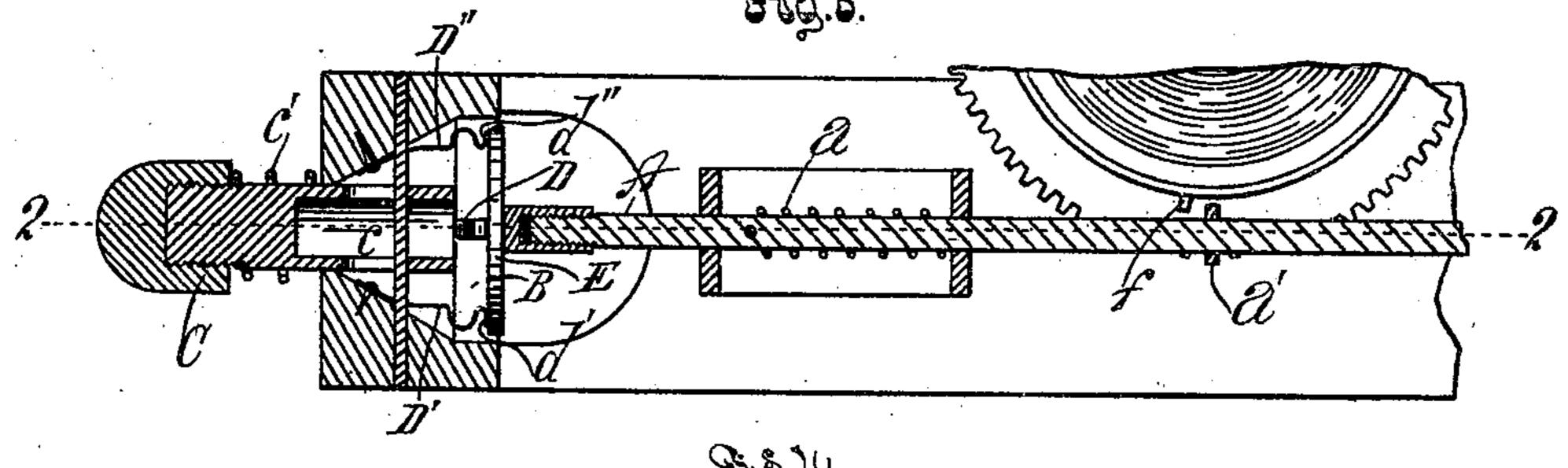
ESCAPEMENT RELEASING MECHANISM FOR COIN OPERATED MACHINES.

(Application filed May 11, 1899.)

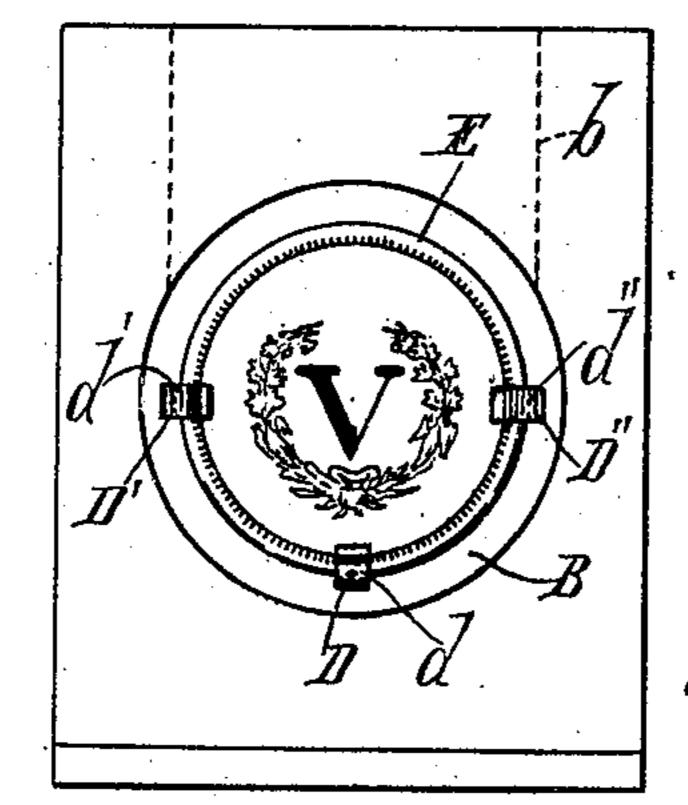
(No Model.)







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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOSEPH L. WILSON, OF LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, ASSIGNOR TO THE SYMPHONION MANUFACTURING COMPANY, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

ESCAPEMENT-RELEASING MECHANISM FOR COIN-OPERATED MACHINES.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 644,390, dated February 27, 1900.

Application filed May 11, 1899. Serial No. 716,468. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Joseph L. Wilson, residing at Los Angeles, in the county of Los Angeles and State of California, have invent-5 ed new and useful Improvements in Escapement-Releasing Mechanisms for Coin-Operated Machines, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to improvements in ro machines—such as music-boxes, &c.—which are driven by mechanism to be put into operation by means of a coin or other disk which is introduced through a slot into a pocket from which it is pushed by a button to engage 15 an escapement-releasing rod to operate the same to release the escapement, the push-button being chambered at the end, so that when the coin is not interposed the button will not operate the rod.

The object of my invention is to provide against any failure of operation, which sometimes occurs in the old machine by reason of the escape of the coin or other disk from the pocket before the rod has been actuated.

The accompanying drawings illustrate my

invention.

Figure 1 is a perspective view of my invention, fragments only of the escapement-operating rod and driving-wheel being shown. 30 Fig. 2 is a sectional elevation of the same on line 22, Fig. 3. A coin is shown in the pocket. Fig. 3 is a sectional plan on line 3 3, Fig. 2. A coin is shown held between the rod and the ends of the springs ready to be dropped by withdrawal of the rod. Fig. 4 is an enlarged detail of the pocket, viewed from the inside of the machine. A disk is shown in the pocket. Dotted lines indicate the position of the springs when the coin is not in the pocket.

A indicates the escapement-releasing rod, which is held in its inoperative or non-releasing position by a spring a in the usual

manner.

B indicates the coin-pocket, into which the 45 coins are introduced through the chute b in the usual manner.

C indicates the ordinary push-button, provided with a socket or recess c in the end to receive the end of the rod A when the pushbutton is operated without any disk in the 50

pocket.

c' indicates the spring for normally holding the push-button outward. This is the ordi-

nary construction.

D D' D'' indicate the pocket-springs, being 55 spring-tongues extending from the pocket toward the escapement-releasing rod and are bent toward each other in an S form and extending outside the pocket, so that the space between the springs is normally less than the 60 diameter of the coin or other disk by which the machine is to be operated. The pocketsprings are normally free inside the pocket, and the side springs D'D" normally stand with a space between them less than the diameter 65 of the coin by which the machine is to be operated, so that when the coin is dropped into the machine the side springs will catch the coin in a bend of the S, as indicated in Fig. 2, and will be spread apart by the coin, so 70 that the springs will maintain a pressure upon the coin so long as it is in the pocket, and the springs, being by reason of the S form bent toward each other outside the pocket, increase this pressure when the push-button is oper- 75 ated to force the coin against the escapement-releasing rod. The outer portions of the springs normally extend into the path of the coin to prevent the return of the coin to the pocket after it has been forced out of the 80 pocket.

In practical operation the coin E will be dropped through the chute into the pocket and will spread the side springs D'D" slightly apart. Then when the push-button is pushed 85 inward the coin will be thereby forced toward the rod and will be held firmly by the springs until the rod has been pushed so far that the escapement is released. By this time the coin has been carried beyond the ends of the 90 springs, and when the push-button is released and is returned outward by the springs a and c' the coin strikes against the outturned ends d d' d'', which prevent the coin from again entering between the springs D D' D". The 95 coin will then be held by pressure of spring auntil the pin f on the driving mechanism F, engaging with the collar a' on the rod A, withdraws the rod from the coin, thus allowing it to drop. After the pin has passed the collar the rod returns to the position indicated in Fig. 2 and the machine is ready to be again operated.

Now, having described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters

Patent, is—

1. The combination with the escapementreleasing rod, the disk-pocket, and the socketed push-button, of disk-holding springs extending from the pocket toward the rod and
forming a guide to guide a push-button-operated disk into engagement with the rod;
the outer portions of said springs normally
extending into the path of the disk to prevent the return of the disk to the pocket after it has been forced out.

2. The combination with the chute and the pocket arranged below the chute, of springs arranged in the pocket extending along opposite sides thereof across the extended plane of the chute to receive between them a coin from the chute, the side springs normally

standing with a space between them less than 25 the diameter of the coin with which the machine is to be operated so that when the coin is dropped into the machine said side springs will be spread apart substantially as set forth.

3. The combination with the escapementreleasing rod, the disk-pocket and the socketed push-button; of disk-holding springtongues extending from the pocket toward
the escapement-releasing rod and bent toward each other in an S form and extending
outside the pocket, the space between the
springs being normally less than the diameter of the coin or other disk by which the
machine is to be operated and the springs being arranged with a bend of the S coinciding
with the downward extension of the chute to
receive the coin in said bend, and an inward
bend of the S of each spring being outside
the pocket.

JOSEPH L. WILSON.

Witnesses:

JAMES R. TOWNSEND, F. M. TOWNSEND.