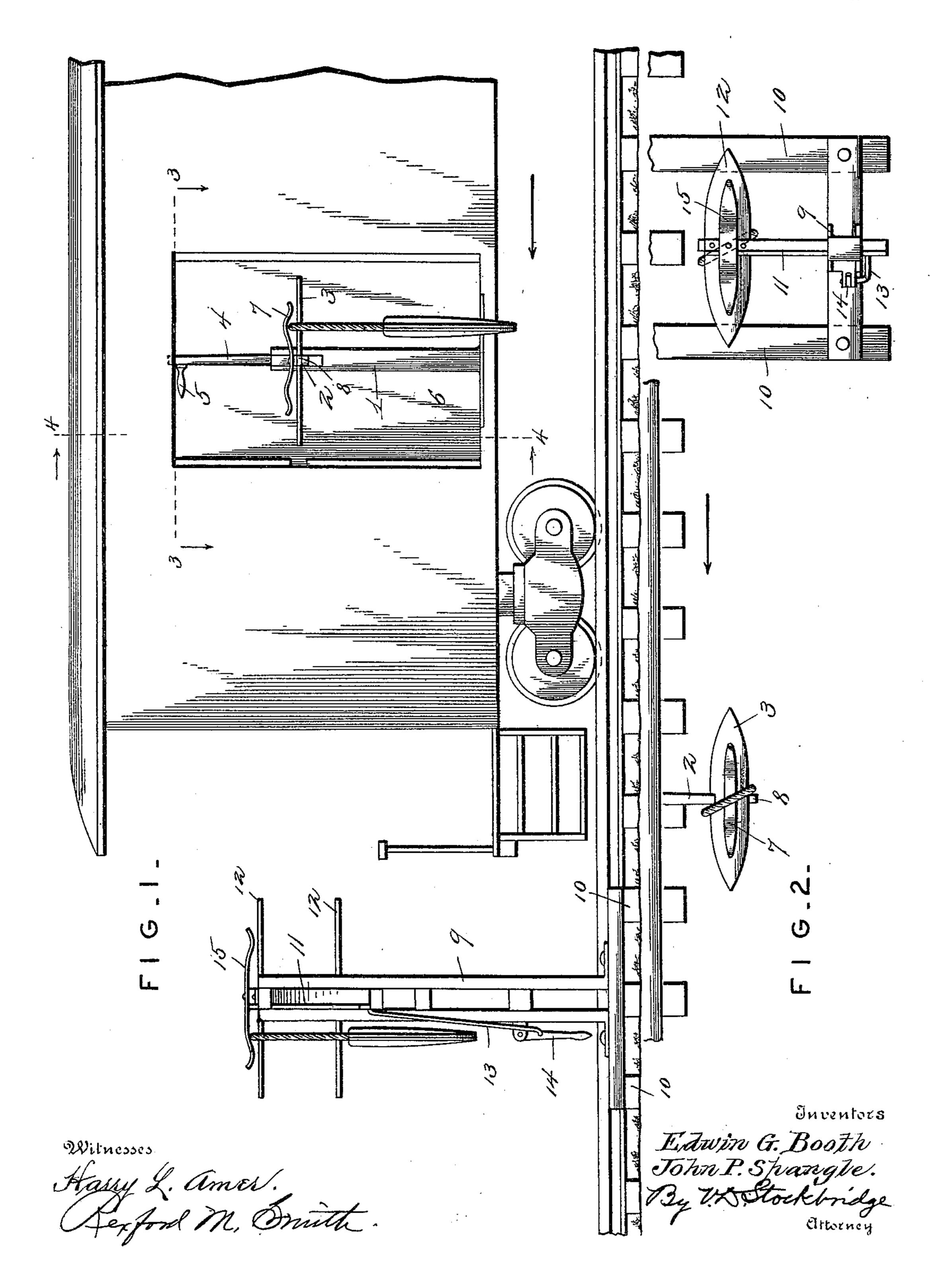
## E. G. BOOTH & J. P. SPANGLE.

MAIL BAG CATCHER AND DELIVERER.

(No Model.)

(Application filed Apr. 13, 1899.)

2 Sheets—Sheet 1.



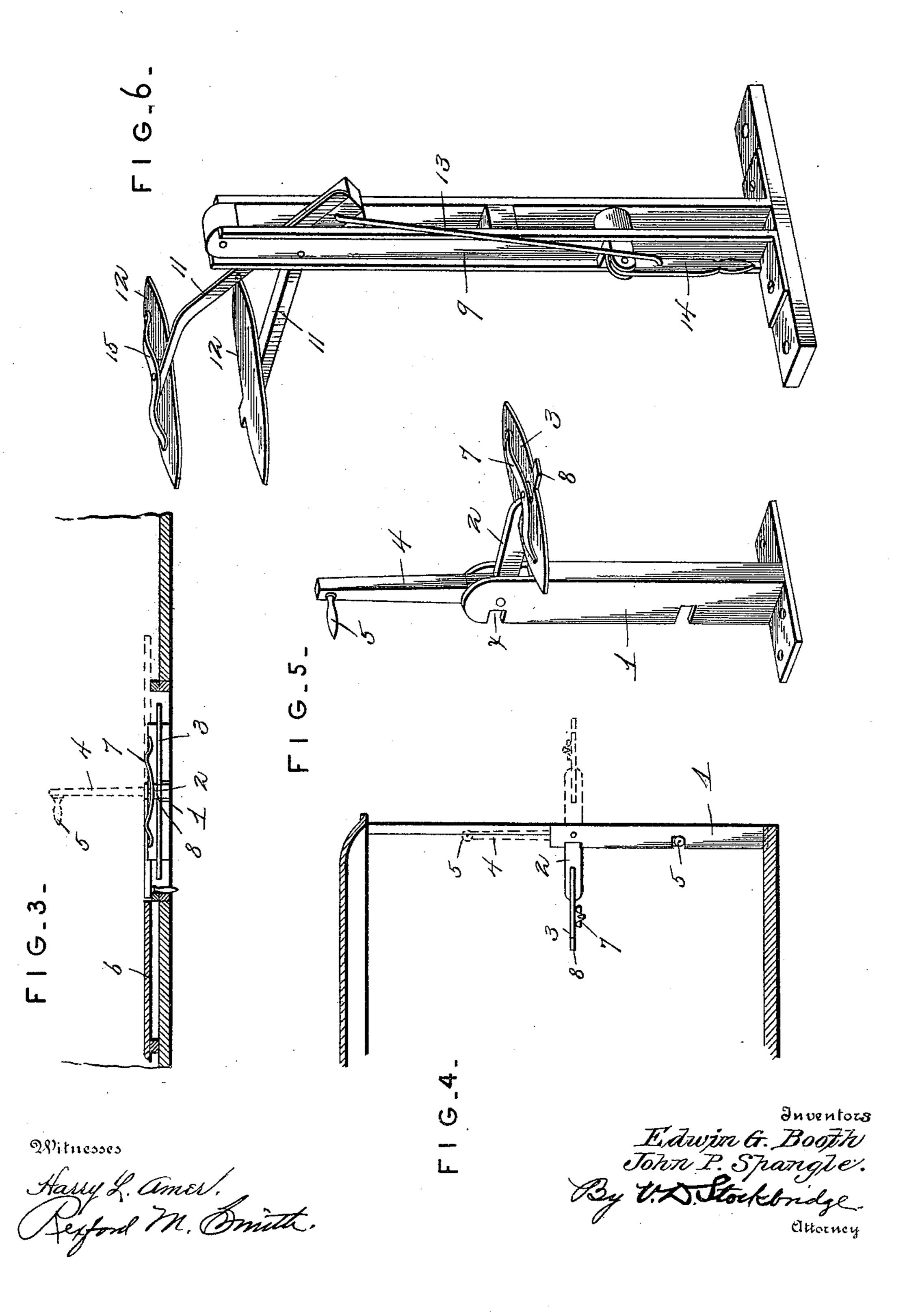
## E. G. BOOTH & J. P. SPANGLE.

MAIL BAG CATCHER AND DELIVERER.

(No Model.)

(Application filed Apr. 13, 1899.)

2 Sheets-Sheet 2.



## United States Patent Office.

EDWIN G. BOOTH AND JOHN P. SPANGLE, OF HOPEWELL CENTRE, NEW YORK.

## MAIL-BAG CATCHER AND DELIVERER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 641,622, dated January 16, 1900.

Application filed April 13, 1899. Serial No. 712,921. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, EDWIN G. BOOTH and JOHN P. SPANGLE, citizens of the United States, residing at Hopewell Centre, in the county of Ontario and State of New York, have invented a certain new and useful Mail-Bag Catcher and Deliverer, of which the following is a specification, reference being had therein to the accompanying drawings.

This invention relates to mail-bag catchers

and deliverers.

The object of the invention is to provide improved means for catching mail-bags by a train in motion and delivering the same from such train.

The invention consists in the combinations hereinafter described, and pointed out in the

claim.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a side eleva-20 tion of a mail-car and a receiving and delivering station, illustrating our invention. Fig. 2 is a plan showing the edge of the car and the receiving and delivering station as they appear after the train has passed the position 25 shown in Fig. 1, the bag from the car having been left on stationary holder and the bag from the stationary holder having been taken up by the catcher on the car. Fig. 3 is a detail section on the line 3 3 of Fig. 1, showing 30 the delivering device in the car folded up within the opening of the car, so that the sliding door of the car may be closed. Fig. 4 is a detail section on the line 4 4 of Fig. 1, showing the delivering device as folded in-35 ward to position for attendant to attach a mail-bag to the same, the dotted lines showing the same in the position represented in Figs. 1 and 2 of the drawings for delivering a mail-bag. Fig. 5 is a perspective of the 40 delivering device detached from the car. Fig. 6 is a perspective of the catcher arranged at the station or point of delivery for the mail.

Our invention contemplates the use of a mail-bag having a bail or loop for sustaining

45 the same.

According to our invention we arrange within the door or opening in the side of a mail-car the car catching and delivering device, consisting of a standard 1, a vibrating arm 2, pivotally connected with the standard, carry-

ing at its outer extremity an elongated plate or holder 3. Through the medium of an arm 4, provided with a handle 5, the holder 3 may be swung entirely within the car, as shown in Fig. 4, and the arm may be folded into po- 55 sition within the door-casing, as shown in Fig. 3, the arm being jointed, so that it may swing laterally to the position shown in full lines in said figure. The arm 4, which normally swings in the same plane with the arm for 2, is so jointed that it may be turned to a plane at right angles with that of the movement of arm 2. A notch x in the standard 1 is provided, so that the arm may be swung to position shown in Fig. 3, and in this posi- 65 tion and condition the arm 2 is locked or secured in vertical position. When in this position, a sliding door inside the lining 6 of the car may be closed. In order to secure the bag on the holder 3 and prevent its being 70 blown off the extremity thereof, we provide a spring catch or keeper 7, and for retaining a bag which has been picked up more securely in position on the holder we provide an extension 8 from the side of the holder or extend 75 the arm 2 beyond the margin of the holder.

The catching and delivering device at a station consists of a pillar or post 9, suitably supported upon timbers or ties 10 10. The timbers for this purpose are made long enough 80 to extend under the track and outward to one side far enough to furnish the support. The purpose of this arrangement is to provide for depressing the pillar in case the track should settle or become depressed by a passing train. 85 To this pillar we pivotally connect a pair of vibrating arms 11 11, each of which carries a holder 12, corresponding in form and character with the holder and catcher 3, connected with the car. These arms are suitably con- 90 nected together, so as to be conveniently operated through the medium of a connectingrod 13, coupled with an operating-lever 14, pivoted to the post or pillar, as shown in Fig. 6. Through the operating-lever 14 the vi- 95 brating arms 11 and the holders 12 may be depressed or thrown down within the reach of an attendant for hanging a bag thereon or

removing one therefrom. The uppermost

holder is provided with a spring-keeper 15, 100

analogous to and for the same purpose that the keeper 7 is provided for the holder connected with the car.

In operation a mail-bag to be delivered is hung upon the upper holder 12 at the station, as shown in Fig. 1. As the car passes along in the direction indicated by the arrow the mail-bag from the car is caught on the lower holder 12 at the station and the mail-bag at the station is caught by the holder on the car, as shown in Fig. 2 of the drawings. When the train is moving in the opposite direction, the mail-bags will obviously be arranged on the opposite ends of the holders 3 and 12.

It should be noted that according to our invention mail-bags may be caught and delivered with the same facility on a curve that is done in a straight course. It should also be noted that by the use of mail-bags provided with bails such as are contemplated by this invention the contents of the bag will be relieved to a considerable extent from the vio-

lent shock due to the grasping of the bag around the middle thereof, as now practiced.

Having described our invention, what we 25 claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

In mail-bag catching and delivering apparatus, the combination of a mail-car having a passage through its side, a rigid or fixed pillar 30 arranged in the passage, a holder attached to said pillar through horizontal pivots so as to swing in a vertical plane, a keeper attached to the holder, and an arm jointed to the holder so as to swing laterally when not in use, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof we affix our signatures in presence of two witnesses.

EDWIN G. BOOTH. JOHN P. SPANGLE.

Witnesses:

GEO. B. CHAPIN, GEO. N. WILLIAMS.