

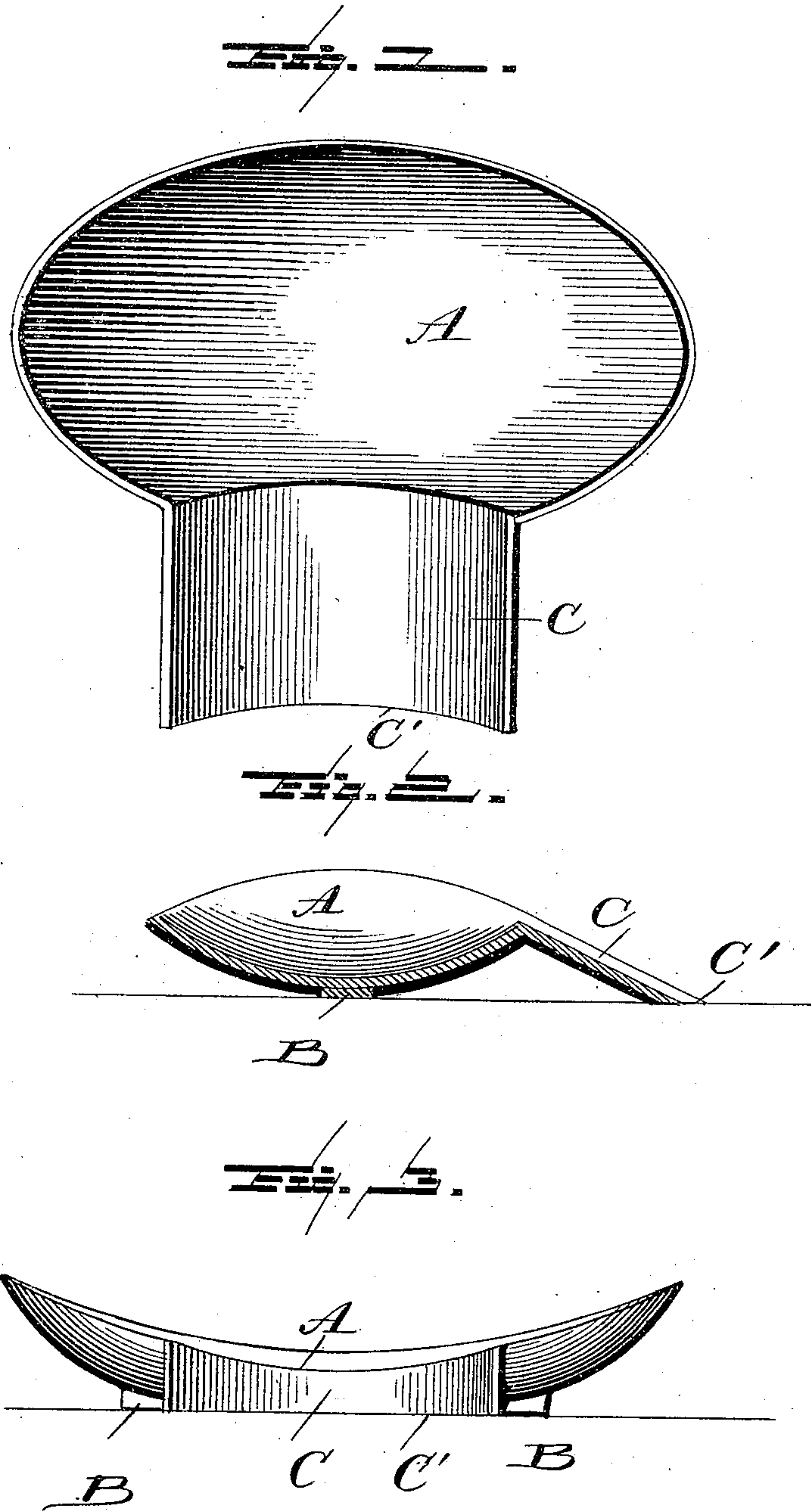
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B. F. BARNES.
CHANGE TRAY.

(Application filed June 9, 1899.)

(No Model.)



Witnesses.

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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CHANGE-TRAY.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 641,358, dated January 16, 1900.

Application filed June 9, 1899. Serial No. 719,944. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, BURR FRANK BARNES, a citizen of the United States, residing at Jersey City, in the county of Hudson and State of New Jersey, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Change-Trays; and I do declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it ap-
10 pertains to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to the letters of reference marked thereon, which form a part of this specification.

This invention relates to new and useful
15 improvements in change-trays which are designed to be used on a counter and so constructed as to make it convenient for the person receiving the change to pick it up from the concaved surface of the tray; also, for
20 the convenience of the person placing the change in the tray without the necessity of the change being lifted up by the hand, but which is pushed up a trough-shaped projection and into the hollowed-out portion of the
25 tray, the free end of said trough-shaped portion or neck being beveled away on its under edge, so that the concaved or hollowed-out portion of the trough or neck will fit a rest in close contact with the table or counter upon
30 which it is held.

More specifically, the present invention consists in the provision of a change-tray which is preferably of elliptical shape and concaved on its upper surface and provided on its under
35 convex surface with rubber shoes or points, which will prevent the tray moving or sliding on the counter while change is being pushed into the tray or removed therefrom, an integral projection on the side of
40 the tray being concaved and slightly downwardly inclined, the free beveled edge of which is adapted to rest flat against the counter, so that a coin can be pushed up the incline from the counter without catching un-
45 der said free end.

To these ends and to such others as the invention may pertain the same consists in the novel construction and the arrangement of the device, as will be hereinafter more fully

described and then specifically defined in the 50 appended claim.

My invention is clearly illustrated in the accompanying drawings, which, with the letters of reference marked thereon, form part
55 of this application, and in which—

Figure 1 is a perspective view of my improved tray. Fig. 2 is a cross-sectional view through the tray, and Fig. 3 is a side elevation of the tray and the trough forming a
60 part thereof.

Reference now being had to the details of the drawings by letter, A designates the bowl of the tray, which is preferably elliptical in shape in top elevation and having a concaved
65 bottom to the tray, while the edges of the tray are bent upwardly and of convenient shape, so that the hand of the person receiving the change may easily pick up the change which has been previously deposited on the
70 concaved bottom of the tray. On the under surface of the bottom of the tray are lugs or projections B, which are preferably made of rubber, so as to prevent the tray sliding when change is being placed into the tray or re-
75 moved therefrom. On one of the longitudinal edges of the tray is a concaved projection or neck C, which opens into the concaved portion of the tray and is downwardly inclined and has its under surface near its free
80 end beveled off, as at C', so as to rest flat against the counter or table on which the tray is used. This beveled portion should be practically in the same plane as the lower
85 ends of the rubbers underneath the tray, so that said tray will be held in a true upright position.

In operation the change which has been made may be pushed up the inclined concaved trough from the counter without the
90 necessity of its being picked up and allowed to fall into the concaved portion of the tray, from whence it may be easily picked up by the hand of the person receiving the change.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim to be new, and desire to secure by Let-
95 ters Patent, is—

A change-tray, having an elongated, elliptical and concaved bowl portion with up-

wardly-curved ends, and an inclined trough-shaped projection integral with one side of the tray, the rubbers on the underside of the bowl of the tray, the under faces of which
5 rubbers are in a plane with the beveled under surface of the free end of said trough-shaped projection, as shown and described.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

BURR FRANK BARNES.

Witnesses:

J. GARDINER SMITH,
H. E. WIETING.