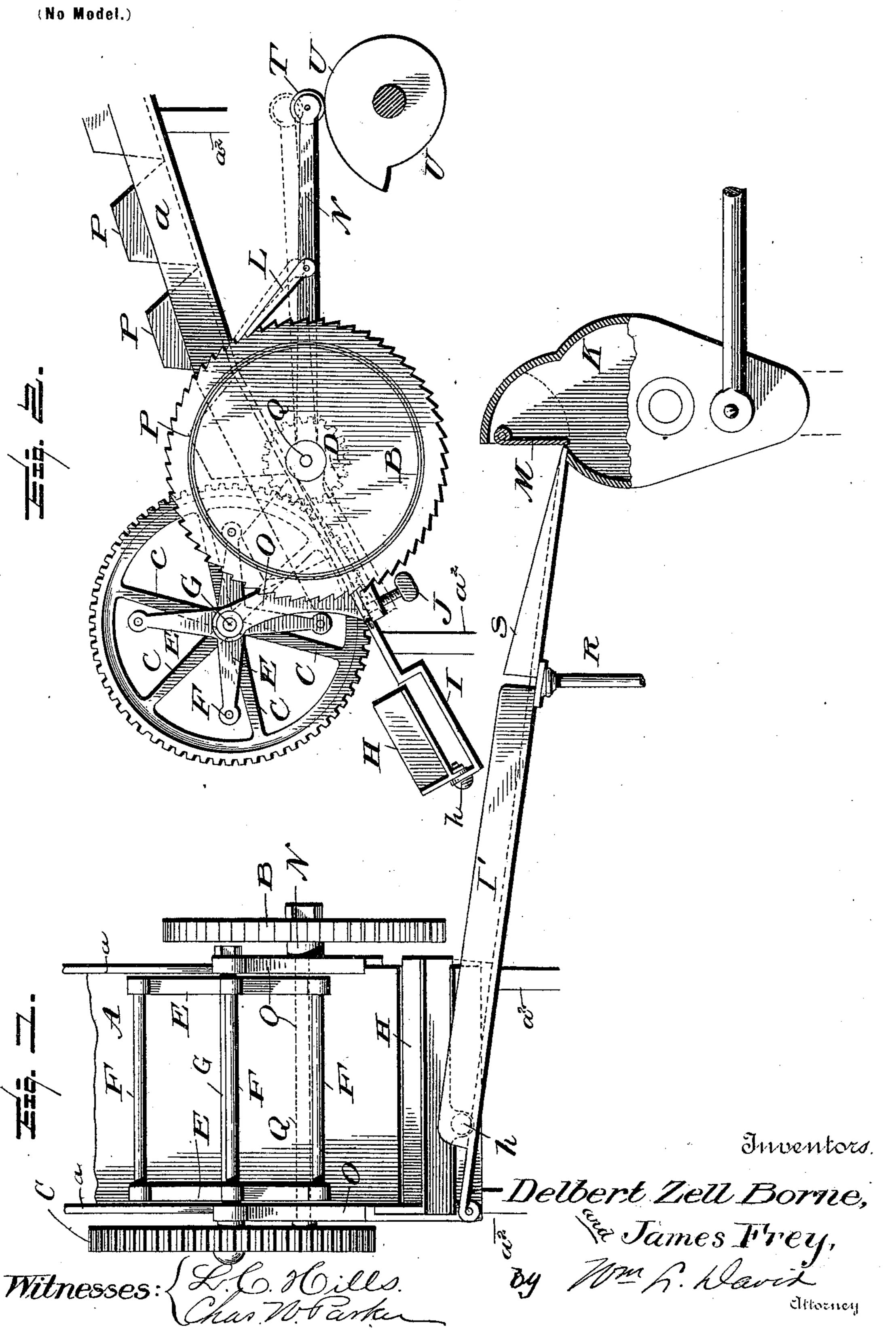
D. Z. BORNE & J. FREY. TYPE CASTING MACHINE.

(Application filed Apr. 29, 1899.)



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

DELBERT ZELL BORNE AND JAMES FREY, OF FINDLAY, OHIO; SAID FREY ASSIGNOR TO HOMER ALVIN EOFF, OF SAME PLACE.

TYPE-CASTING MACHINE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 636,622, dated November 7, 1899.

Application filed April 29, 1899. Serial No. 715,072. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, DELBERT ZELL BORNE and James Frey, of Findlay, Ohio, have invented certain Improvements in Type-Cast-5 ing Machines, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to a feed mechanism to be employed in connection with the socalled "linotype-machines" for supplying { 10 solid metal to the melting-pot to replace the molten metal discharged therefrom.

Among other objects it is the object of the invention to provide a new and improved mechanism for accomplishing this purpose 15 which will be automatic and require no attention except at long intervals of time, which will be positive and efficient in operation, and which will be simple and inexpensive.

A further object is to so construct the mech-20 anism that it will be readily applicable to known linotype-machines—such, for instance, as the Mergenthaler machine, described in Letters Patent No. 436,532, granted September 16, 1890.

A further object is to provide means for regulating the speed of feed relative to the discharge of molten metal from the melting-pot.

A further object is to so construct the mech-30 anism and melting-pot that the former can be located wholly without the latter and the melting-pot be kept closed except at the moment of entrance thereto of a pig of metal.

A further object is to generally improve 35 and simplify the construction of such mechanism.

With such objects in view the invention is embodied in the parts, arrangement, and combinations of parts hereinafter described, and | 40 particularly set forth in the claims.

shown a form of mechanism embodying our invention, but desire it to be understood that | we do not limit the improvements in their | 45 useful applications to the particular construction which for the sake of illustration we have therein delineated.

In said drawings, Figure 1 is a front elevation of mechanism illustrating the invention. | 50 Fig. 2 is a side elevation thereof.

Referring to the drawings, A indicates an I

inclined plane or slide in or upon which the pigs of metal to be fed to the melting-pot are placed and in or on which they slide by gravity toward the delivery-transmitter, (indi- 55 cated at E.) The slide A is shown provided with side retaining flanges or pieces a. Any suitable support may be provided for the slide A to hold it in proper relation to the melting-pot of the machine with which the 60 feed mechanism is to be used. In the drawings we have shown simply uprights a^2 . Journaled in brackets o, conveniently supported by the slide at or near its lower end and located above the same, is a shaft G, to which 65 is fixed at one end a gear-wheel C. Fixed on said shaft between said brackets o is a delivery means in the form of a turnstile, comprising the separated spiders E and bars or rods F, connecting the ends of the arms of 70 the spiders. This turnstile is rotated step by step and admits one bar or pig of metal at a time to each of its sections in the course of each revolution and answers the double purpose of forcing the pig admitted between its 75 bars F forward to final delivery and holding back the other pigs on the slide A until proper time for their delivery.

Q indicates a shaft journaled in suitable bearings conveniently supported by the slide 80 A beneath the same. On this shaft is fixed a gear-pinion D, which meshes with the gearwheel C for rotating the same. Also fixed on the shaft Q, but readily removable therefrom, conveniently at the end opposite the pinion 85 D, is a ratchet-wheel B, and loosely fulcrumed on the shaft adjacent the ratchet-wheel is a lever N, carrying a pawl L, engaging the teeth of the ratchet-wheel. The lever carries at or near its outer end an antifriction-roller T, 90 adapted to be engaged to rock the lever on In the accompanying drawings we have | its fulcrum by a suitable means, such as a cam U. This cam may be one of the cams forming part of the operating mechanism of the linotype-machine, with which the mech- 95 anism is to be employed. The lever at its inner end extends beyond the fulcrum and carries a set-screw J, adapted to engage a fixed part, such as the slide A, and limit the downward movement of the outer end of the 100 lever toward the cam U. By this means it will be seen the length of movement of the

636,622

lever can be regulated, and consequently the amount of rotation imparted to the ratchetwheel B, thus adapting the latter to be moved the space of one or more teeth each time, ac-5 cording to the adjustment of the screw J.

At the end of the slide A and adapted to receive the pigs delivered therefrom by the turnstile is a tray H, which is eccentrically pivoted at h and which is so weighted as to 10 normally maintain the substantially horizontal position indicated in full lines in Fig. 1. The tray when it has received a pig is thereby tilted, when the pig is precipitated by gravity onto an inclined way I, which leads to the

15 melting-pot, (indicated at K.)

The melting-pot in the linotype-machine above referred to is moved backward and forward a slight distance during the casting part of the machine's functions, and to per-20 mit this motion of the pot without affecting the proper delivery of the pig thereto by the slideway I we have shown the latter constructed of a fixed section I', suitably supported, and a movable section S, which lat-25 ter is attached to and moves with the pot K. Its free end is conveniently supported in proper alinement with the fixed section I by the support R. The pot K is provided with a freely-swinging door or gate M opposite 30 the end of the slideway I, which the pig swings in on entering the pot and which immediately swings back to its normal position, closing the entrance to the pot, thus effectually keeping the entrance closed and avoiding the 35 splashing of the molten metal from the pot and also assisting materially in retaining a uniform degree of heat in the pot.

In the construction shown the pinion D and gear C are proportioned as one to four, and 40 the turnstile has four rods or bars F. Thus the gear-wheel C, and consequently the turnstile, makes one-fourth of a revolution to each revolution of the pinion D. The number of teeth in the ratchet-wheel bears a certain re-45 lation to the number of lines of type required to make the same weight of metal as the pig. For example, nonpareil, thirteen-em measure, requires a ratchet of fifty-eight teeth; minion, forty-eight teeth; brevier, forty-four teeth, 50 &c. To meet this requirement, ratchets to suit the several sizes of type will be supplied, one of which will be replaced by another as the machine is changed for different sizes.

If double-measure matter is to be set, the 55 lever N can be so adjusted by the thumbscrew J, as above indicated, that the pawl will ride over two teeth at each return or downward movement of the lever and advance the ratchet the space of two teeth at 6c its next forward movement.

The operation of the machine, it is believed, has been made clear by the above description.

Having thus described our invention, what 65 we claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. The combination with a melting-pot, of I

mechanism for supplying solid metal to the pot to replace molten metal discharged therefrom, comprising a slide to hold the pigs, a 70 slide adapted to receive the pigs from said first-mentioned slide and convey them to the melting-pot, means for delivering the pigs from said first to said second slide, and means for operating said delivery means, substan- 75 tially as described.

2. The combination with a melting-pot, of mechanism for supplying solid metal to the pot to replace molten metal discharged therefrom, comprising a slide adapted to hold the 80 pigs, means for delivering a part of the pigs therefrom and holding the other pigs in the slide, and mechanism for operating said delivery means, substantially as described.

3. The combination with a melting-pot, of 85 means for supplying solid metal thereto to replace molten metal discharged therefrom comprising a slide for holding the pigs, a turnstile for delivering said pigs intermittently from said slide, and mechanism for operating 90 said turnstile, substantially as described.

4. In a mechanism for the purpose described, the combination with a slide, adapted to hold the pigs, a turnstile for delivering said pigs intermittently from said slide, and 95 means for operating said turnstile comprising a ratchet, a gear connected with the turnstile and operated by said ratchet, a lever and a pawl for operating said ratchet, and a device for operating said lever, substantially as de-100 scribed.

5. In a mechanism for the purpose described, the combination with a melting-pot and means for discharging molten metal therefrom, of automatic means for supplying 105 solid metal thereto to replace the molten metal discharged, and means for regulating the speed of the supply relative to the discharge, comprising a ratchet, a pawl-lever, a pawl carried thereby, and a stop for limiting 110 the movement of the lever, substantially as described.

6. In a machine for the purpose described, the combination with a movable melting-pot, of a slide for delivering pigs thereto compris- 115 ing a fixed section and a movable section moving with said pot, substantially as described.

7. In a mechanism for the purpose described, the combination of a slide, a tilting 120 tray, means for delivering the pigs from said slide to said tray and a slide adapted to receive the pigs from said tray, substantially as described.

8. In a mechanism for the purpose de- 125 scribed, the combination of an inclined slide, a turnstile for delivering the pigs from said slide, mechanism for operating said delivery means including a ratchet, an operating-lever and a pawl therefor, means for moving 130 said lever, and an adjustable stop carried by the lever and adapted to engage a fixed part for limiting the movement of said lever.

9. In a mechanism for the purpose de-

636,622

scribed, the combination with a melting-pot having a vertical feed-opening, of means for delivering pigs thereto, and a freely-movable vertical door adapted to admit the pigs to the pot and then close the entrance-opening, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof we have hereunto set

our hands, this 19th day of April, A.D. 1899, in the presence of two attesting witnesses.

DELBERT ZELL BORNE.

JAMES FREY.

Witnesses:
SILAS E. HURIN,
KATHERINE DOWLING.