No. 635,347.

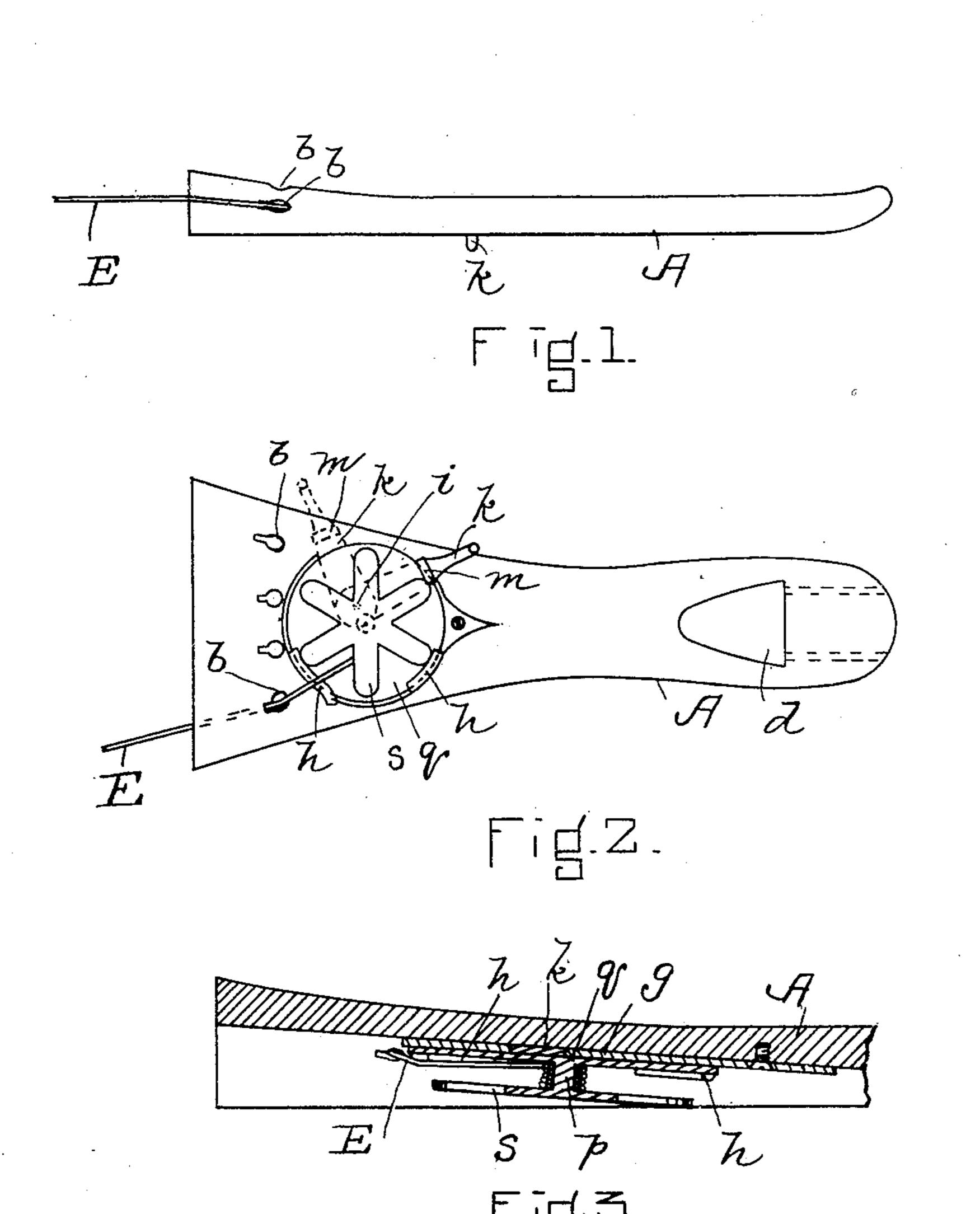
Patented Oct. 24, 1899.

## H. W. PEARSON.

## STRING HOLDER FOR VIOLINS.

(Application filed Aug. 8, 1898.)

(No Model.)



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WITNESSES.

Matthew M. Blunt. Commillier. INVENTOR.

FIE. 4. Horace W. Rearson

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## United States Patent Office.

HORACE W. PEARSON, OF PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE.

## STRING-HOLDER FOR VIOLINS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 635,347, dated October 24, 1899.

Application filed August 8, 1898. Serial No. 688,080. (No model.)

Lo all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HORACE W. PEARSON, of Portsmouth, in the county of Rockingham and State of New Hampshire, have invented 5 certain new and useful Improvements in String-Holders for Violins or other Stringed Instruments, of which the following is a description sufficiently full, clear, and exact to enable any person skilled in the art or science 10 to which said invention appertains to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, forming part of this specification, in which—

Figure 1 is a side elevation of the tailpiece 15 of a violin detached from the body; Fig. 2, an under side view of the same, showing my improved string-holder or reel in position; Fig. 3, a vertical longitudinal section, enlarged, of the same; and Fig. 4, a plan view

20 of details.

Like letters of reference indicate corresponding parts in the different figures of the

drawings.

It is well known to players of stringed mu-25 sical instruments, particularly the violin, that much difficulty is experienced by the frequent breaking of certain strings of high pitch. This is especially noticeable with what is known as the "E-string" and results in much 30 delay and trouble in knotting said string into the tailpiece and connecting it to the key. Moreover, these strings are usually constructed of such lengths as to somewhat exceed thrice the distance from the tailpiece to the 35 key, the surplus string being permitted to hang loosely from the key, a constant source of annoyance to the player. My invention is designed especially to supply an adjustable holder for this string that will take up the 40 surplus, obviate the necessity of knotting into the tailpiece, and withal will not in any degree interfere with the proper tuning or tensioning of the string or with the sound of the instrument.

The nature and operation of my improve-

explanation.

In the drawings, A represents a tailpiece of a violin detached. This piece is of the or-50 dinary form and construction and is attached to the instrument in the usual manner. For this reason it is not deemed essential to illus-

trate the neck and body of the violin, as my improvement is not dependent directly upon them. The tailpiece has the usual string slots 55 or openings b in its forward end and the opening d for the attaching hook-pin in its outer end.

In convenient position adjacent the slots b on the under face of the piece A a plate g is 60 secured rigidly by screws. The body of this plate g is circular (see Fig. 4) and at its periphery at one side is provided with two outwardly-turned lips h, which form ways or guides for a reel hereinafter described. The 65 lip h nearest the string-hole b also serves as a bridge for the string E, passing from said reel. Eccentrically of this circular plate at i a horizontally-swinging clamping-lever k is pivoted of such length that its free end projects out- 70 side the edge of the tailpiece A. This lever has a boss or projection m, which overlaps the plate g, and when the lever is thrown forward, as indicated by dotted lines in Fig. 2, will not engage said plate, but when thrown 75 in the opposite direction will engage it, as shown.

A reel consisting of a hub p, connecting a disk-shaped head q with a star-head s, is disposed detachably on the plate q. On this reel 80 the E-string is wound. The head q of the reel is a disk that registers with the circular body of plate g and is held against said plate

by the lips or lugs h.

When the locking-lever K is thrown into 85 dotted position in Fig. 2, the reel bearing the string may be adjusted on the plate under the lugs. The string end is then passed through slot b in the tailpiece and sufficiently unreeled to string the instrument. Then lever k is 90 thrown to the right, as viewed in Fig. 2, and its boss or cam m engages the periphery of the disk q in the direction said reel is rotating as the string passes off. Said lever being eccentric of the reel, it will lock said reel 95 against further rotation as tension is put upon the string in tuning in a manner readment will be understood from the following | ily understood by those conversant with such matters. When the string breaks and it is desired to obtain more, the reel is released 100 from the locking-cam and the operation above described repeated.

Concealed under the tailpiece the apparatus does not present an unusual appearance on

the violin, and as it does not contact with the sounding-board interferes in no manner with the tone of the instrument.

It is my intention that reels provided with 5 strings shall be supplied the users, only one equipment with the base-plate being necessary.

Harps, bass viols, mandolins, and any stringed instrument, it will be understood, 10 may be provided with my improvement, but

its especial utility is in a violin.

I am aware that the tailpieces of instruments of this class have been employed for storing surplus string. My device is designed, 15 however, to supply a detachable reel that may be quickly and easily adjusted and held in place in such manner as not to interfere with the looks or sound of the instrument.

Having thus explained my invention, what

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20 I claim is—

1. The tailpiece in combination with the

plate rigidly secured to the under face thereof and provided with a lip or projection; the lever pivoted to said plate; and the string-containing reel detachably secured to said plate 25 by said lever and lip, eccentric to the pivot of said lever substantially as and for the purpose specified.

2. The tailpiece in combination with the plate secured to the under face thereof and 30 having the lip, h; the cam-bearing lever pivoted on said plate; the reel fitted to rotate loosely on said plate eccentric to the leverpivot and provided with the star-wheel, said lever being arranged to lock said reel to said 35 lip against rotation when thrown in one direction and free said reel when thrown in the opposite direction substantially as described. HORACE W. PEARSON.

Witnesses:

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NELLIE M. WHIDDEN, SAMUEL R. GARDNER.