

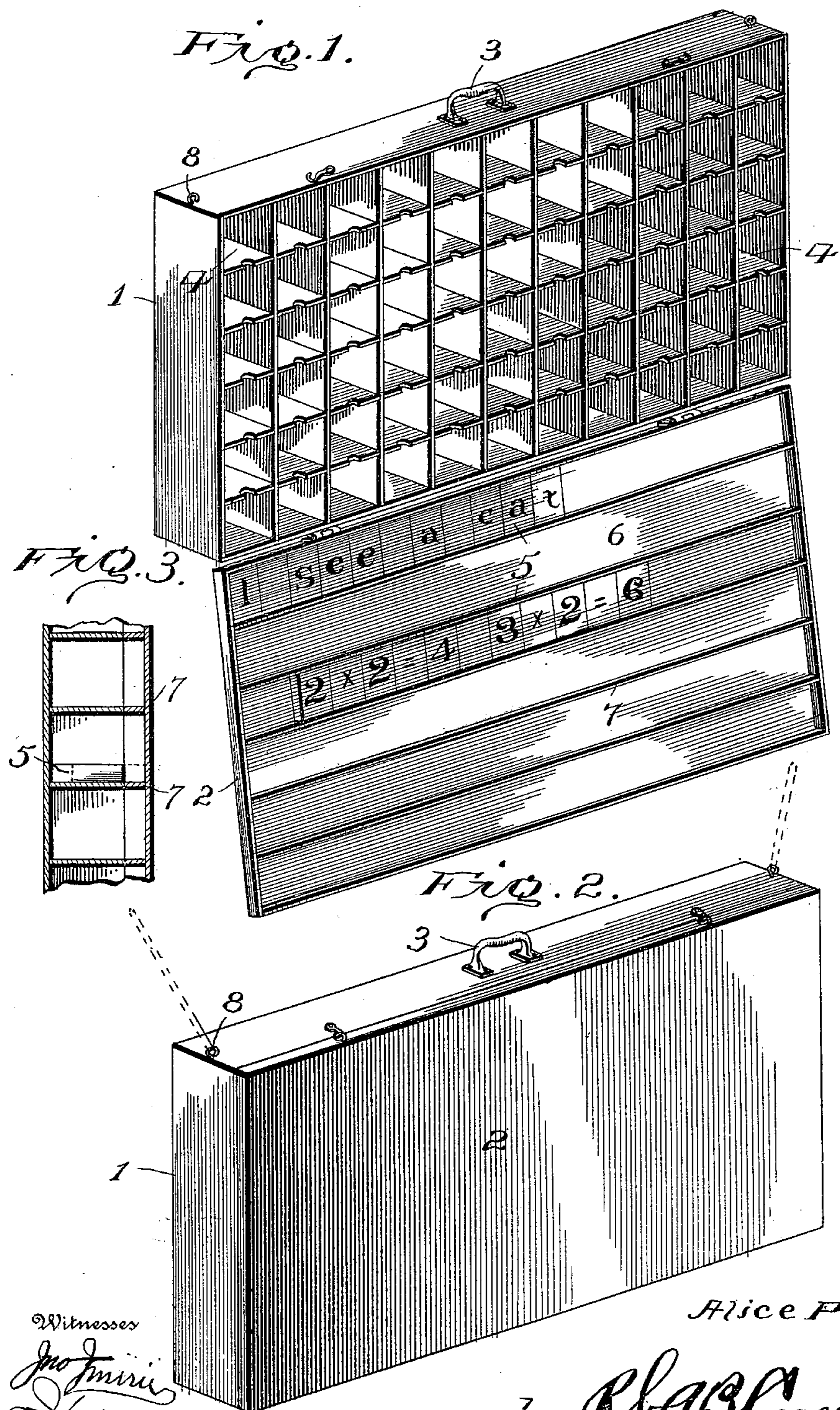
No. 635,182.

Patented Oct. 17, 1899.

A. PERRY.
EDUCATIONAL APPLIANCE.

(Application filed Apr. 5, 1899.)

(No Model.)



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ALICE PERRY, OF CHEROKEE, KANSAS.

EDUCATIONAL APPLIANCE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 635,182, dated October 17, 1899.

Application filed April 5, 1899. Serial No. 711,843. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ALICE PERRY, a citizen of the United States, residing at Cherokee, in the county of Crawford and State of Kansas, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Educational Appliances; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to
10 which it appertains to make and use the same.

The primary object of this invention is to devise an educational appliance for the young which will be portable, contain within itself all the means necessary to form words and
15 sentences, and illustrate primary-number work, the combining elements being normally held separated in individual compartments and readily accessible for selection when it is required to display certain matter or illustrate
20 an arithmetical problem.

The device consists of a cabinet comprising a cellular body and a longitudinally grooved or stripped cover, the ledges formed by the grooves or strips supporting the blocks when
25 grouped to display the required matter.

For a full understanding of the merits and advantages of the invention reference is to be had to the following description and the drawings hereto attached, in which—

30 Figure 1 is a perspective view of the appliance, showing it in operative relation. Fig. 2 is a perspective view showing the device folded. Fig. 3 is a sectional detail view of the case and cover, the full lines showing the normal position of the blocks and the dotted
35 lines their projected position after the case has been tilted and again brought to a normal or upright position.

The same reference characters indicate
40 like and corresponding parts in each of the views of the drawings and are employed in the following description to designate identical parts.

The cabinet is composed of the body 1 and
45 the cover 2, hinged together at one side, fastenings holding them together at the opposite side. The cabinet is portable and is supplied with a handle 3 for convenience of carrying. The body 1 is cellular, being subdivided by
50 longitudinal and transverse partitions into a plurality of compartments or cells 4 of desired length, depth, and breadth. The blocks

5, bearing the characters, letters, numerals, punctuation-marks, arithmetical signs, and the like, are placed within the compartments, 55 the several characters being separated and stored in individual cells to facilitate their selection. Some of the blocks are blanks and are used to space the words, numerals, and other signs and characters. The cover 2 has
60 longitudinal spaces 6 formed by grooves or affixing-strips 7 to the inner side thereof. The strips 7 constitute shelves or ledges upon which the blocks are supported when collated. These supports 7 are narrow, being of suffi- 65 cient depth to afford a safe purchase for the blocks 5, which are comparatively thin.

The box and cover are light and strong, being constructed of thin and stiff material, well-seasoned wood being preferred. The 70 size of the cabinet will depend upon the number of the compartments and the dimensions thereof. For carrying or storing the device appears as shown in Fig. 2 and occupies a small space and when in use the cover is
75 turned down into an approximately vertical position, as shown in Fig. 1. In this position the body is supported upon a shelf, bracket, table, or projecting ledge, or it may be suspended from a nail or peg by means of a cord, 80 wire, or chain applied to eyelets 8, affixed to the ends of the cabinet. A shoulder-strap (not shown) may be applied to the eyelets 8 and may serve as the suspending means. When positioned, as shown in Fig. 1, the 85 blocks containing the letters to form the words and sentences are selected and collated upon the ledges 7. If it be required to demonstrate primary-number work, the blocks bearing the numerals and the signs are selected from the 90 compartments 4 and are properly assembled upon the supports 7.

It will be observed that the ledges 7 correspond in number and position with the longitudinal partitions of the body 1. This ar- 95 rangement brings the two sets of longitudinal partitions into coincident relation when the cover is closed and the cells 4 directly opposite the spaces 6. This is of special advantage, as it enables the ends of the blocks to be 100 projected from the compartments a sufficient distance to be readily grasped when selecting them to display a lesson. Before the cover is opened the cabinet is tilted toward

the side closed by the cover. This causes the blocks contained in the compartments 4 to enter the spaces 6 and project from the compartments a distance corresponding to the depth of the ledges 7, so that upon right-
5 ing the cabinet and opening the cover the blocks can be easily grasped.

The device admits of a variety of instructive lessons being demonstrated, and its range
10 of usefulness in other directions may be extended. Hence it is obvious that various changes in the form, proportion, and minor details of construction may be resorted to without departing from or sacrificing any of
15 the advantages of the invention.

Having thus described the invention, what is claimed as new is—

The herein-described portable educational appliance consisting of a cabinet subdivided
20 by intersecting vertical and longitudinal partitions into compartments to receive blocks bearing letters, numerals and like characters, and provided with a handle, a cover hinged at its lower longitudinal edge to the cabinet

and adapted to swing outward and down- 25
ward and secured at its free edge when closed by fastenings applied thereto and to the cabinet, and longitudinal strips applied to the inner side of the cover and provided in number and position to register with the longitudinal partitions of the cabinet when the cover
30 is closed to permit the ends of the blocks to be projected beyond the walls of their compartments into the spaces formed between the said longitudinal strips upon tilting the
35 cabinet, whereby the blocks can be conveniently and readily grasped when required, said longitudinal strips also forming supports for the blocks when selected and collated to demonstrate a lesson, substantially as de- 40
scribed.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

ALICE PERRY. [L. S.]

Witnesses:

CLYDE S. HOFFMAN,
E. A. PERRY.