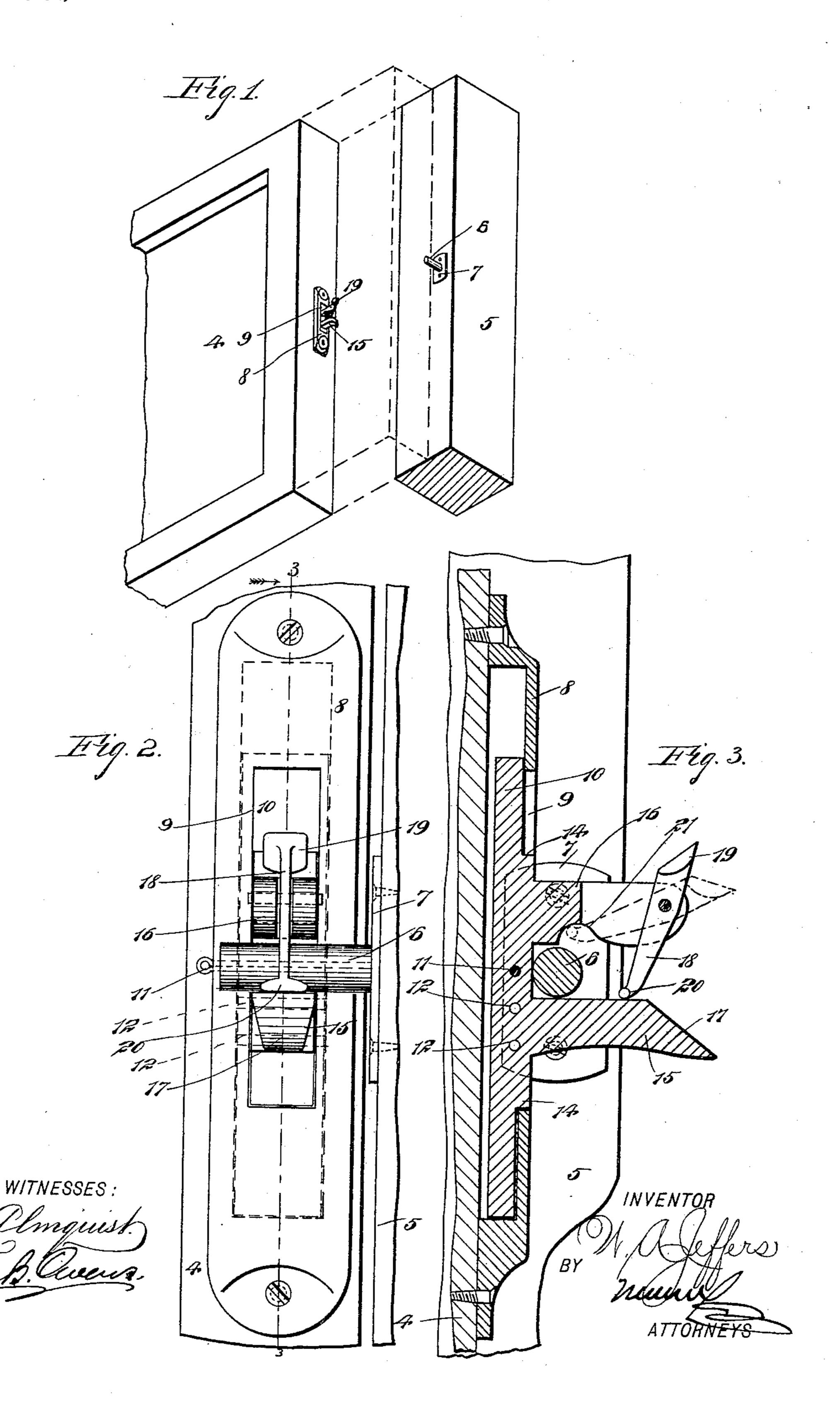
W. A. JEFFERS. GATE LATCH.

(Application filed May 23, 1899.)

(No Model.)



United States Patent Office.

WILLIAM A. JEFFERS, OF MULBERRY, ARKANSAS.

GATE-LATCH.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 633,008, dated September 12, 1899.

Application filed May 23, 1899. Serial No. 717,876. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM A. JEFFERS, of Mulberry, in the county of Crawford and State of Arkansas, have invented new and 5 useful Improvements in Gate-Latches, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

The purpose of this invention is to provide a gate-latch which may be conveniently adro justed to suit the variations in the position of

the gate, thus permitting the latch to be arranged to compensate for the sagging of the gate.

This specification is the disclosure of one 15 form of my invention, while the claims de-

fine the actual scope thereof. Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, in which similar characters of reference indi-

20 cate corresponding parts in all the views. Figure 1 is a perspective view showing the invention applied, the full lines showing the position of the parts when the gate is open and the dotted lines showing the relation of 25 the parts when the gate is closed. Fig. 2 is an enlarged front elevation of the latch, and Fig. 3 is a section on the line 3 3 of Fig. 2.

As shown in Fig. 1, the latch is attached to the gate 4, and the bolt is attached to the 30 post 5. If desired, this arrangement may be reversed.

The bolt consists in a pin or bolt proper, 6, rigidly mounted on a plate 7, fastened in any

suitable manner to the post.

The latch is mounted in a casing 8, which is fastened to the gate, as shown, and which has a slot 9 formed in the front wall thereof. The casing 8 receives the slide 10, which is movable longitudinally in the casing and 40 which is held adjustably in position by means of a pin 11, that may be fitted in either one of the several transverse passages 12 formed in the slide 10. By adjusting the pin 11 in the passages 12 the slide 10 may be held in any desired position within the casing 8, it being understood that the pin 11 is passed through an opening in the rear side of the casing, as indicated by the dotted lines in Fig. 2. The slide 10 has shoulders 14 formed

thereon, which limit the movement of the 50 slide, and between these shoulders two keeperfingers 15 and 16 project from the slide. The finger 15 is provided with an outwardly-beveled outer end 17, and the finger 16 is split to form a fork which receives the pivotally- 55 mounted latch proper or dog 18. The upper end of this dog terminates in a widened finger-piece 19 and the lower end has a crossbar 20. When the latch is in closed position, it bears, as shown in Figs. 2 and 3, with the 60 cross-bar 20, against the finger 15, and when the latch is swung to release or engage the bolt 6 the latch proper is thrown as indicated by the dotted lines in Fig. 3, in which position the cross-bar 20 lies in a recess 21, formed 65 in the inner face of the finger 16.

By means of this construction the gate may be securely held in closed position, and to release the gate it is only necessary to throw down the dog or latch proper, 18, by pressing 70 the finger-piece 19, which places the dog in the position indicated by the dotted lines in Fig. 3 and permits the gate to be moved away from the bolt 6. The gate is locked automatically by a movement of the gate to carry 75 the latch against the bolt 6.

Having thus described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters

Patent—

1. In a latch, the combination of a casing 80 having a slot in the wall thereof, a slide mounted to move in the casing and having shoulders working in the slot to limit the movement of the slide, keeper-fingers projecting outward from the slide, a latch proper 85 mounted on one of the fingers and adapted to swing against the other, and a pin movably mounted in the casing and adapted to engage any one of a series of openings in the slide, whereby to adjustably holds the slide.

2. In a latch, the combination of a casing having a slot in the front wall thereof, a slide mounted to move in the casing, keeper devices attached to the slide and projecting outward through the slot in the casing, and 95 means for locking the slide in various posi-

tions in the casing.

3. In a latch, the combination with means

forming a support, of keeper-fingers projecting from said means, one of the fingers being bifurcated and having a transverse recess in its inner side, and a latch proper pivoted between the arms of the bifurcated finger and having a cross-bar at its lower end, the latch being capable of swinging up to open posi-

tion, and the cross-bar entering the recess in the finger to permit the bolt to move inward of the latch proper.

WILLIAM A. JEFFERS.

Witnesses:

W. B. DUGAN, LULU MARKERT.