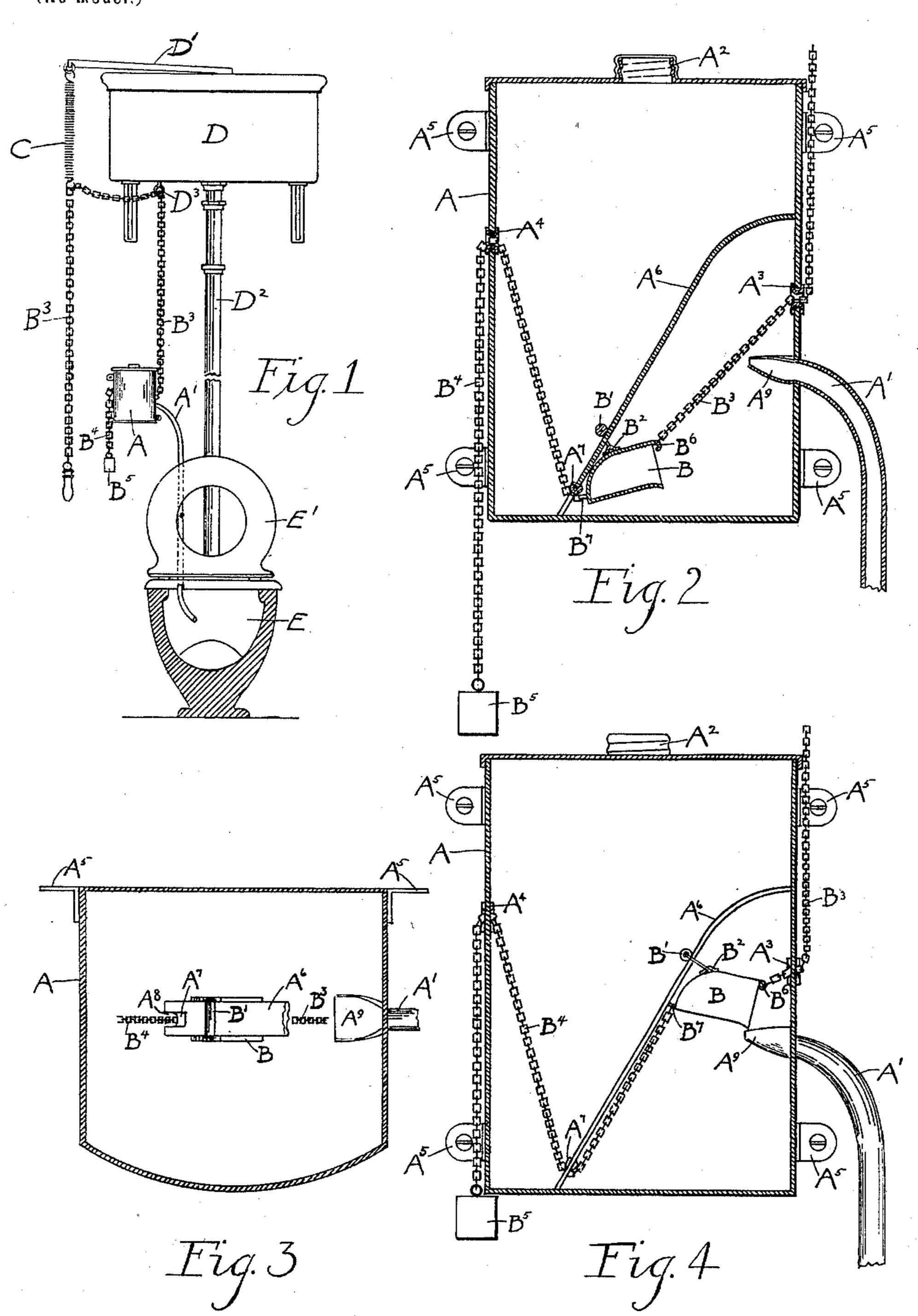
J. MICHEL.

AUTOMATIC DISINFECTING DEVICE.

(Application filed Dec. 14, 1898.)

(No Model.)



Slevence Coffman

BY HIS ATTORNEY THE

JOSEPH MICHEL HOLDHauch

United States Patent Office.

JOSEPH MICHEL, OF DENVER, COLORADO.

AUTOMATIC DISINFECTING DEVICE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 626,242, dated June 6, 1899.

Application filed December 14, 1898. Serial No. 699, 293. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Joseph Michel, a citizen of the United States, residing at Denver, in the county of Arapahoe and State of Colo-5 rado, have invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Automatic Disinfecting Devices, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, in which similar letters of reference indicate corresponding parts in all the figures.

My invention relates to a class of automatic disinfecting devices that are designed to be attached to a water-closet bowl and from which the disinfecting fluid is discharged automatically with the flushing of the closet. 20 This obviates the necessity of a separate arrangement designed only to discharge the disinfecting fluid, as is the case with most devices formerly invented for the same purpose.

The objects of my invention are to provide a device that is perfectly efficient for the purposes for which it is designed, yet a simple and durable article that can be constructed at a very low cost.

I refer now to the drawings in further explaining the nature and objects of my invention, in which—

Figure 1 is an elevation of my invention with the bowl shown in central section. Fig. 35 2 is a vertical central cross-section of the disinfecting-chamber, showing the interior mechanism with the cup in its lower or normal position. Fig. 3 is a horizontal cross-section of the disinfecting-chamber, taken on a line 40 above the discharge-pipe. Fig. 4 is a vertical central cross-section similar to Fig. 2, but having the cup in its upper position, as it is when discharging its contents into the discharge-pipe.

A is the can or box designed to contain the mechanism and hold the fluid. It can be constructed of tin, platinum, or any metal or material and in any shape or form desired. It is provided with a circular aperture in the top 50 as a means for inserting the disinfecting fluid. This aperture is provided with a screw-cap

box A are holes provided with circular flanged eyelets A^3 and \bar{A}^4 . The can or box is provided with four lugs A⁵, by means of which the de- 55 vice is secured to the wall or some other substantial structure adjacent to the closet. Inside of the box is an inclined metallic strip A⁶, having an elongated aperture A⁸ in the lower end, provided with a flanged rounded 60 piece A7. The end of the discharge-pipe which extends into the can or box is spoon or bowl shaped, as at A⁹.

B is a cup made of tin, platinum, or other material, the bottom being contoured and the 65 sides flat. Secured to the short side from which the contour begins is a hinge B2, to which is attached the roller B', by means of which the cup is conveyed up the inclined strip A⁶. The upper portion of the cup is 70 provided with a small hook B6, to which is attached the chain B³. The lower end of the cup has extending therefrom an eye B7, to which is secured the chain B4. The chain B4 is passed through the elongated aperture A⁸, 75 thence upward through the circular flanged eyelet A4, and thence downward, and attached to the end thereof is the weight B⁵. Instead of the flanged eyelets rollers can be used, if so desired.

D is the water-tank of the closet-flushing mechanism.

D' is the valve-lever. Attached to this lever is the coil-spring C, which is a requisite to the successful operation of my invention. 85 D² is the discharge-pipe, connected with

the water-tank D.

E is the closet-bowl, and E' the seat therefor.

It is now obvious that when my automatic 90 disinfecting device has been secured to the wall or some other substantial fixture near the closet-bowl the connection and operation of the invention will be as follows: The chain ${\rm B^3}$ is attached to the hook ${\rm B^6}$ at the upper end 95 of the cup. Thence the chain is passed out through the eyelet A3, and thence upward to the water-tank D, where it is passed through a screw-eye or small pulley device D3. It is then attached to the lower end of the coil-spring C. 100 The spring is arranged with strength sufficient. for the purpose. The chain is then allowed to hang loose from the spring down, as shown closing device A2. In the sides of the can or | in Fig. 1. The chain B4 is attached to the eye

at the lower end of the cup and is then passed through the elongated aperture A⁸, thence upward and through the eyelet A4, and is then allowed to hang downward, as shown in the 5 different figures. Attached to the end thereof is the weight B5. The discharge-pipe A' extends out and downward from the can or box A and extends into the closet-bowl E. The device is operated by means of the chain 10 B3. (Fully illustrated in Fig. 1.) It can be easily comprehended that by pulling downward on the chain B3 the coil-spring Clengthens, which pulls the other end of the chain upward through the screw-eye or pulley D3. 15 This also pulls the cup B up the inclined strip A⁶ from the position it occupies in the fluid, which is below the line of the discharge-pipe A'in Fig. 2, to the position it occupies in Fig. 4. When the cup is drawn upward to a point op-20 posite the eyelet or aperture A⁸, the hinged roller B' is directly opposite instead of below the eyelet or aperture, which, in connection with the tension of the chain B⁸, causes the cup to tilt, as shown in Fig. 4, when the fluid 25 which the cup contains is emptied into the spoon or cup shaped end of the discharge-pipe A9, which extends into the can or box, and then passes downward through the dischargepipe A' into the closet-bowl E. When the 30 chain B3 is released, the cup B is pulled down into the liquid by means of the chain B4 and weight B5, so that the device is ready for use immediately and works automatically through-

35 ures.

Having thus described the nature and objects of my invention, with the manner of con-

out, as fully illustrated in the different fig-

structing and applying the same, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. The combination, an automatic disinfecting device of the class described, consisting of the can or box A, having the discharge-pipe A', the spoon or cup shaped end A', extending into the can, the inclined metallic 45 strip A's secured therein, and swung upon the metallic strip the cup B, hinged to the roller B', by the hinge B', substantially as specified.

2. The combination, an automatic disinfecting device of the class described, consisting of the can or box having the discharge-pipe, the spoon or cup shaped end extending into the can, the inclined metallic strip, and swung upon the metallic strip the cup; having attached to the upper end of the cup the chain B³, and attached to the lower end of the cup the cup the chain B⁴, and the weight B⁵, as and for the uses and purposes herein specified.

3. The combination, an automatic disinfecting device of the class described, consist-60 ing of the can or box having the discharge-pipe, the spoon or cup shaped end extending into the can, the inclined metallic strip, and swung upon the metallic strip, the cup, the chain and weight, and the coil-spring C, sub-65 stantially as and for the purposes herein specified and set forth.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my own I hereunto subscribe my name in the presence of two witnesses.

JOSEPH MICHEL.

Witnesses:

RAY PELTON, FLORENCE COFFMAN.