

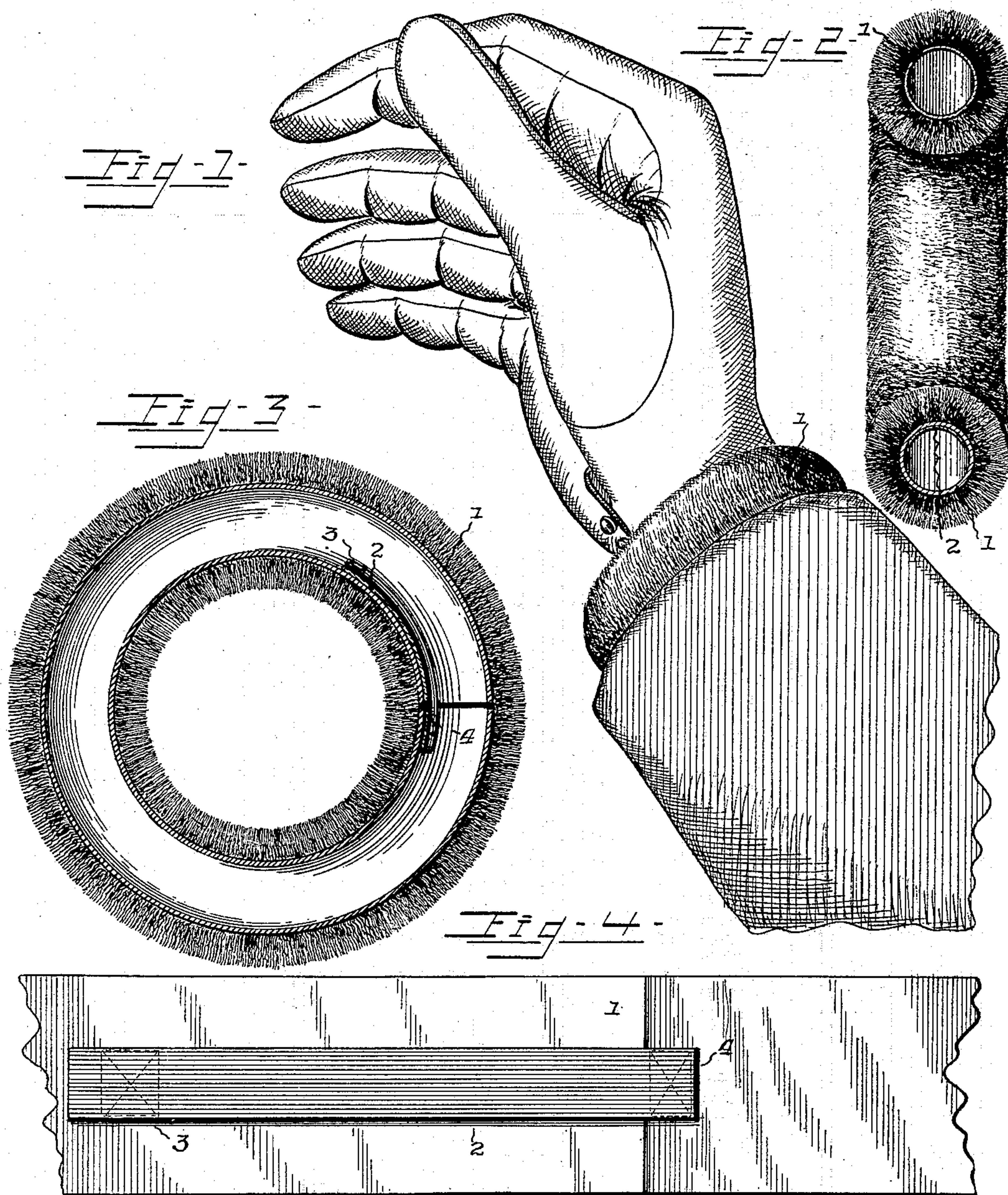
No. 615,389.

C. HEAGLE & J. TOPP.
WRISTLET.

Patented Dec. 6, 1898.

(Application filed Dec. 10, 1897.)

(No Model.)



Witnesses
C. Young
V. B. Hillyard.

Inventors:
Chauncey Heagle and
John Topp
By *their* Attorneys,

C. Snow & Co.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHAUNCEY HEAGLE AND JOHN TOPP, OF JOHNSTOWN, NEW YORK.

WRISTLET.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 615,389, dated December 6, 1898.

Application filed December 10, 1897. Serial No. 661,435. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, CHAUNCEY HEAGLE and JOHN TOPP, citizens of the United States, residing at Johnstown, in the county of Fulton and State of New York, have invented a new and useful Wristlet, of which the following is a specification.

This invention provides an article to be applied to the wrists of a person for adornment and to afford protection according to the material from which it is constructed and the manner of its application. This article not only protects the wrist, but prevents the wind and cold from entering the sleeve of the coat or garment and chilling the arm, and when constructed of fur or other ornamental material and worn exposed upon the wrist it will give a finished appearance to the sleeve or glove.

For a full understanding of the merits and advantages of the invention reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings and the following description.

The improvement is susceptible of various changes in the form, proportion, and the minor details of construction without departing from the principle or sacrificing any of the advantages thereof, and to a full disclosure of the invention an adaptation thereof is shown in the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a hand and forearm, showing the wristlet in position. Fig. 2 is a central sectional view thereof. Fig. 3 is a longitudinal section. Fig. 4 is a detail view of the blank or strip from which the wristlet is formed, showing the elastic applied thereto.

Corresponding and like parts are referred to in the following description and indicated in the several views of the drawings by the same reference characters.

The wristlet is of tubular form in transverse section and of annular construction, so as to encircle the wrist, and will be provided in various sizes and manufactured of different materials, such as fur, woolen and cotton fabrics, and textiles of every variety. The blank or strip from which the wristlet is fashioned is of suitable length and width and is indicated by the numeral 1 in Fig. 4. In shaping the wristlet the longitudinal edges of the blank are brought together and stitched,

forming a tube, and the end portions of the tube are brought together, whereby the device assumes the annular form illustrated most clearly in Fig. 2. The end portions of the tube are held together and the annular form of the wristlet maintained by means of an elastic 2, which is passed through the tube and has its end portions stitched or otherwise secured thereto. This elastic is made fast to the wristlet at its ends, one end being secured thereto about three or four inches from one extremity, as shown at 3, and the opposite end being secured to the other extremity, as indicated at 4. The length of the elastic will depend upon the size of the wristlet, but must be of a size to permit the wristlet to pass readily over the hand.

The elastic may be placed in position in various ways; but it is preferred to stitch or secure it at one extremity to an end portion of the blank 1 some distance from its terminal, as shown at 3, and stitch the opposite end to the other extremity of the blank, as at 4, and subsequently bring the edge portions of the blank together about the elastic and stitch or otherwise fasten them, whereby the device is given an annular and a tubular form. If desired, the elastic may extend the entire length of the tube and have its end portions secured together; but for simplicity and economy of construction the form shown is preferable.

The wristlet when placed upon the wrist and exposed gives a finished appearance to the top of the glove or sleeve of the garment and prevents wind from blowing up the sleeve when driving or riding.

The wristlet can be worn within the sleeve and serve only as a protector.

The elastic admits of the wristlet expanding when passed over the hand and draws the article close about the wrist when in position and prevents slipping and movement thereof.

Having thus described the invention, what is claimed as new is—

1. A wristlet formed of a tube curved between its ends into circular form, and having its end portions abutting and separable, and a retractile connection concealed within the tube and extending across the joint formed between the separable ends thereof and serv-

ing normally to hold said end portions of the
wristlet together and admitting of the ex-
tremities of the wristlet moving apart when
passing over the hand, substantially as set
5 forth.

2. A wristlet formed of a tube curved be-
tween its ends into circular form and having
its end portions abutting and separable, and
an elastic concealed within the tube and se-
10 cured at one terminal to an extremity thereof
and attached at its opposite end to the other
end portion of the wristlet a distance from
its extremity, said elastic admitting of the

abutting terminals of the wristlet separating
and serving normally to hold said ends to- 15
gether, and maintain the tube in circular
form, substantially as specified.

In testimony that we claim the foregoing as
our own we have hereto affixed our signatures
in the presence of two witnesses.

CHAUNCEY HEAGLE.
JOHN TOPP.

Witnesses:

WM. J. FANELL,
EDWIN L. FONDA.