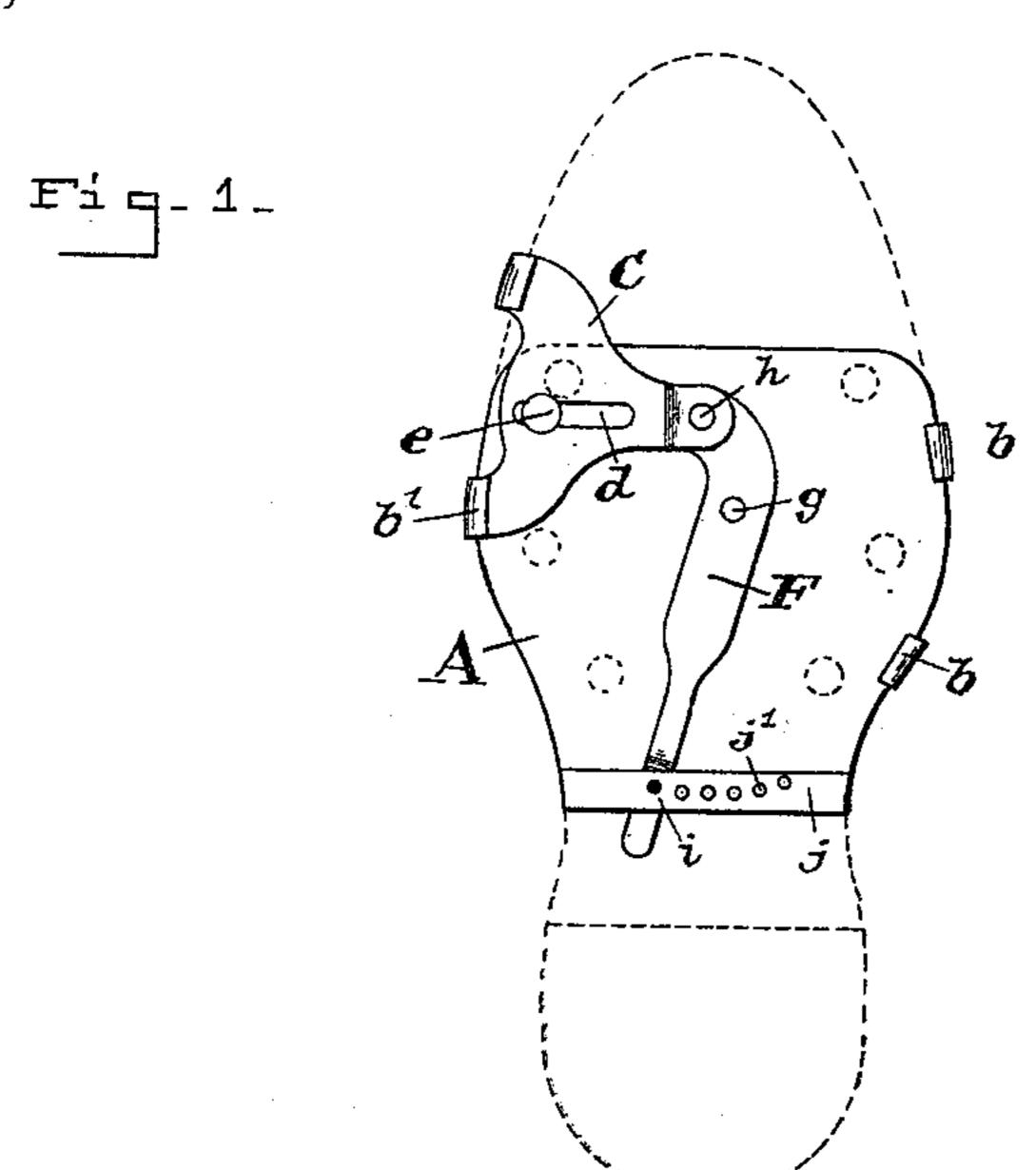
No. 613,200.

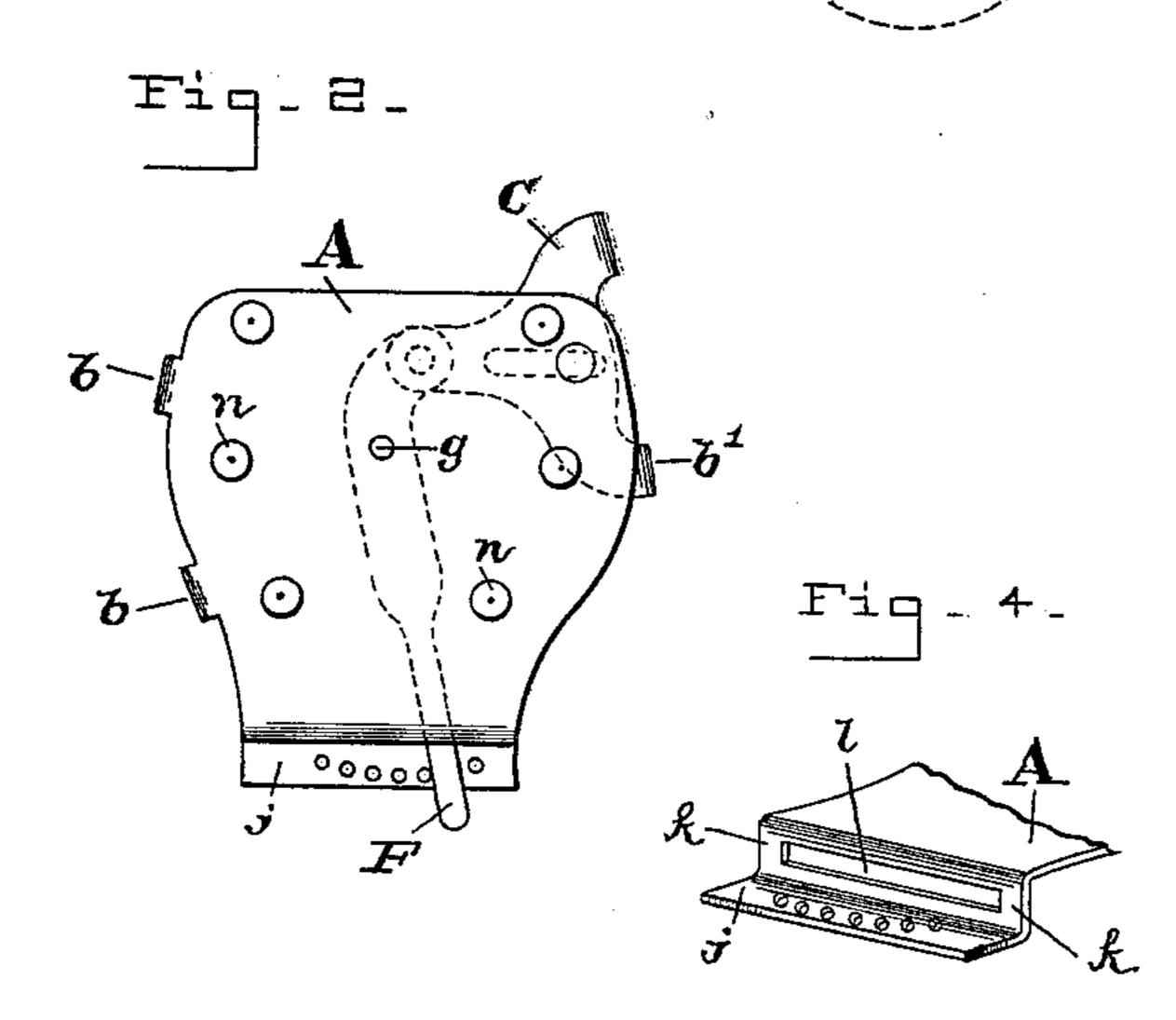
Patented Oct. 25, 1898.

A. HELLER. ICE CREEPER.

(Application filed Oct. 9, 1897.)

(No Model.)





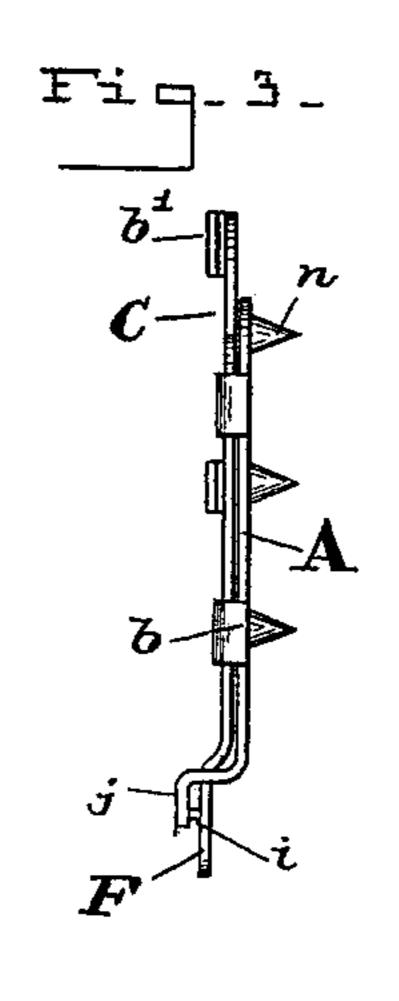
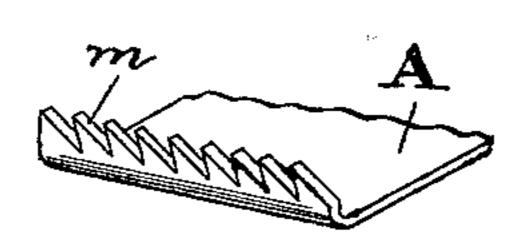


Fig. 5.



WITNESSES_

Charles B. Mann Jr. Chapin A. Ferguson ラン門フィロ別ー

Adam Heller By Chas B. Mann

ATTORQNEY_

United States Patent Office.

ADAM HELLER, OF BALTIMORE, MARYLAND, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO JOHN P. B. SADTLER, OF SAME PLACE.

ICE-CREEPER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 613,200, dated October 25, 1898.

Application filed October 9, 1897. Serial No. 654,657. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ADAM HELLER, a citizen of the United States, residing at Baltimore, in the State of Maryland, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Ice-Creepers, of which the following is a specification. This invention relates to an ice-creeper for

ready attachment to the bottom of a shoe.

The object of the invention is to provide a simple device that may be put on the shoe and taken off and when off carried in the

pocket.

The invention is illustrated in the accom-

panying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a top view of the ice-creeper and an outline in broken lines indicating the bottom of the shoe. Fig. 2 is a reverse or bottom view of the ice-creeper. Fig. 3 is an edge view of same. Fig. 4 is a perspective view of end of tread-plate, showing the transverse bar and lever-slot. Fig. 5 shows a modification in the transverse bar.

The letter A designates the sole-plate or tread-plate, made of suitable material. At-25 tached at one edge of this plate are two upturned hooks b. A sliding clamp-plate C has a slot d, into which the upper end of a suitable pin e projects, this pin having its lower end riveted fast into the tread-plate. Thus 30 the clamp-plate C may slide crosswise of the tread-plate by virtue of the slot and pin. The clamp-plate has on its outer edge two upturned hooks b'. It will be seen the two hooks b on the tread-plate A will press against one 35 edge of the shoe-sole, and the two hooks b' on the clamp-plate C will press against the opposite edge of the shoe-sole, and by compressing or binding these hooks the device will be clamped onto the sole.

The clamp-plate C is moved by a lever F, which is secured to the tread-plate by a pivot g. One end of the lever is jointed to the

clamp-plate by a pivot-pin h, and the free end of the lever carries a pin i and is secured in any desired position by the said pin engaging holes j' in transverse bar j, attached to the tread-plate. This transverse bar j is seen in perspective in Fig. 4, and it is supported in a higher plane than the plate by two posts k, one at each end. A slot l is thus formed between the top of the tread-plate and the transverse bar. The pin i in the lever may be entered in either one of the holes j'.

In Fig. 5 is shown a modified form of transverse bar to hold the lever to the clamped position. In this figure the lever will be held by serrated teeth m instead of the holes. The teeth here shown point upward, but it is obvious such a transverse bar as that shown in Fig. 4 may have teeth like those shown in Fig. 605, pointing downward.

On the lower side of the tread-plate A are the prongs n, which prevent slipping.

The device and its operation will be readily understood from this description.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim is—

The combination of the tread-plate, A, having at one edge upturned hooks and on the bottom, projecting creeper-prongs; a clamp- 70 plate, C, provided with hooks and having a crosswise slot sliding on a pin fixed on the tread-plate; a lever, F, pivoted to the tread-plate and having one end jointed to the clamp-plate by a pin, h; and a transverse bar at- 75 tached to the tread-plate to hold the free end of the lever to the clamped position.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in the presence of two witnesses.

ADAM HELLER.

Witnesses:
CHAPIN A. FERGUSON,
CHARLES B. MANN, Jr.