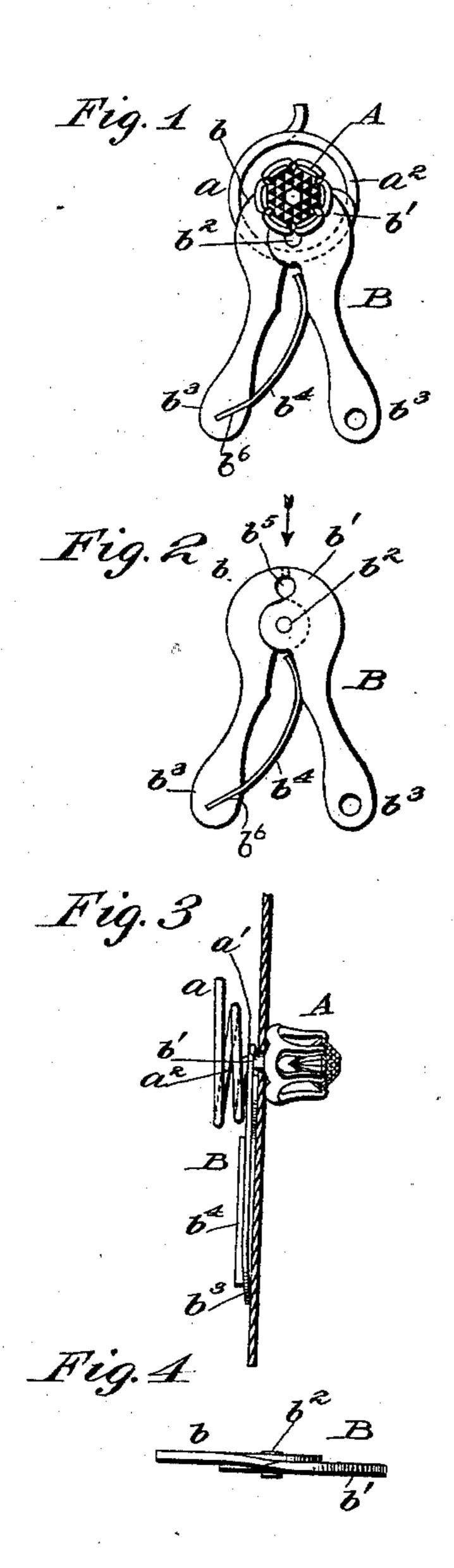
No. 612,793.

Patented Oct. 18, 1898.

J. WEISS. STUD FASTENER.

(No Model.)

(Application filed Nov. 10, 1897.)



Witnesses Jast Collinan Smoth Saylor.

Inventor By his Attorney Julius Heise Richard M. Dyrr

United States Patent Office.

JULIUS WEISS, OF NEW YORK, N. Y., ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO ISIDOR WITMARK, OF SAME PLACE.

STUD-FASTENER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 612,793, dated October 18, 1898.

Application filed November 10, 1897. Serial No. 658,068. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Julius Weiss, a citizen of the United States, residing at New York city, in the county and State of New York, 5 have invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Stud-Fasteners, of which the

following is a specification.

This invention relates generally to devices for securing studs in position in the stud-10 opening of a garment. It is designed for use chiefly in connection with that style of studs known as "spirals" and having, as the name implies, a wire coiled into spiral form, one end of said wire being attached to the stud-15 head. Studs of this type, it has been found, are open to the objection that the spiral wire is unreliable as a securing device, since under the conditions of use this often works loose from the stud-hole, permitting the stud 20 to fall out.

By my invention a fastener is provided which is capable of ready application to any studs of the general type above referred to and which operates to securely hold the stud 25 in the stud-hole of the garment until such fastener has been removed. Such fastener consists, in brief, of a two-part clamp the members of which are pivoted upon each other and actuated by a spring to bring the claws 30 into engagement with each other. Such claws are provided with a recess of such size as to receive the spiral wire of the stud. The extremities of the claws adjacent to the recess are beyeled, so as to lap over each other. Af-35 ter the stud has been screwed into the studhole the fastener is clamped around the wire between the spiral and the stud-head, (on the inside of the material through which the wire has been inserted,) whereby the spiral portion 40 of the wire is securely held and precluded from entering the stud-hole to free the stud until the fastener has been removed.

The invention is illustrated in the accom-

panying drawings, in which--

Figure 1 is an enlarged plan view of a stud with my improved fastener in position thereon. Fig. 2 is an enlarged view of the fastener detached. Fig. 3 is an enlarged view, partly in section and illustrating the stud and fas-

tener in side view, the former having been 50 inserted in the stud-hole of a garment; and Fig. 4 is an end view, on a larger scale than the other views, looking in the direction of the arrow in Fig. 2.

Referring to the drawings, in which simi- 55 lar letters of reference denote corresponding parts, A represents the stud-head, having the wire a secured thereto. This wire, as usual, has the approximately straight portion a' between the spiral a^2 and the head A.

B designates the fastener, consisting, as here shown, of the claws bb', pivoted together by means of the pin b^2 , and provided with the extensions b^3 b^3 . Between the latter and secured, preferably, to one or the other there- 65 of is the spring b^4 . This spring is secured at one end within a slit b^6 in one of the claw extensions, its other end bearing against the other extension and operating to press the extensions apart.

As best shown in Fig. 4, the extreme points of the claws b b' are beveled, so as to overlap each other when in closed position. Within such points is the recess b^5 , of approximately the same diameter as that of the stud-wire. 75

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In operation the spiral portion of the wire is inserted into the stud-hole of the garment in the usual manner. The fastener is then attached to the wire inside the garment by opening the claws by pressure upon the ex-80 tensions and then permitting them to close around the approximately straight portion of the stud-wire between the spiral and the studhead. Under this condition it is impossible to remove the stud until the fastener has been 85 detached. The overlapping of the points of the claws not only conduces to this end, but also aids the spring in retaining such claws in position about the stud-wire. The fastener, moreover, holds the stud-head straight, pre- 90 venting it from sagging down outside the stud-hole.

Having now described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

The combination with a stud having a wire, of a fastener adapted to be attached to said wire and comprising two claws pivoted together and having beveled overlapping points with a recess within said points to receive said wire, said claws being provided with integral extensions b^3 b^3 and a leaf-spring b^4 5 having one end permanently secured within a slit in one of said extensions and with its other end in engagement with the other of said extensions whereby the overlapping

points will be engaged with the wire, substantially as set forth.

This specification signed and witnessed this 22d day of October, 1897.

JULIUS WEISS.

Witnesses:

EUGENE CONRAN, JNO. R. TAYLOR. 10