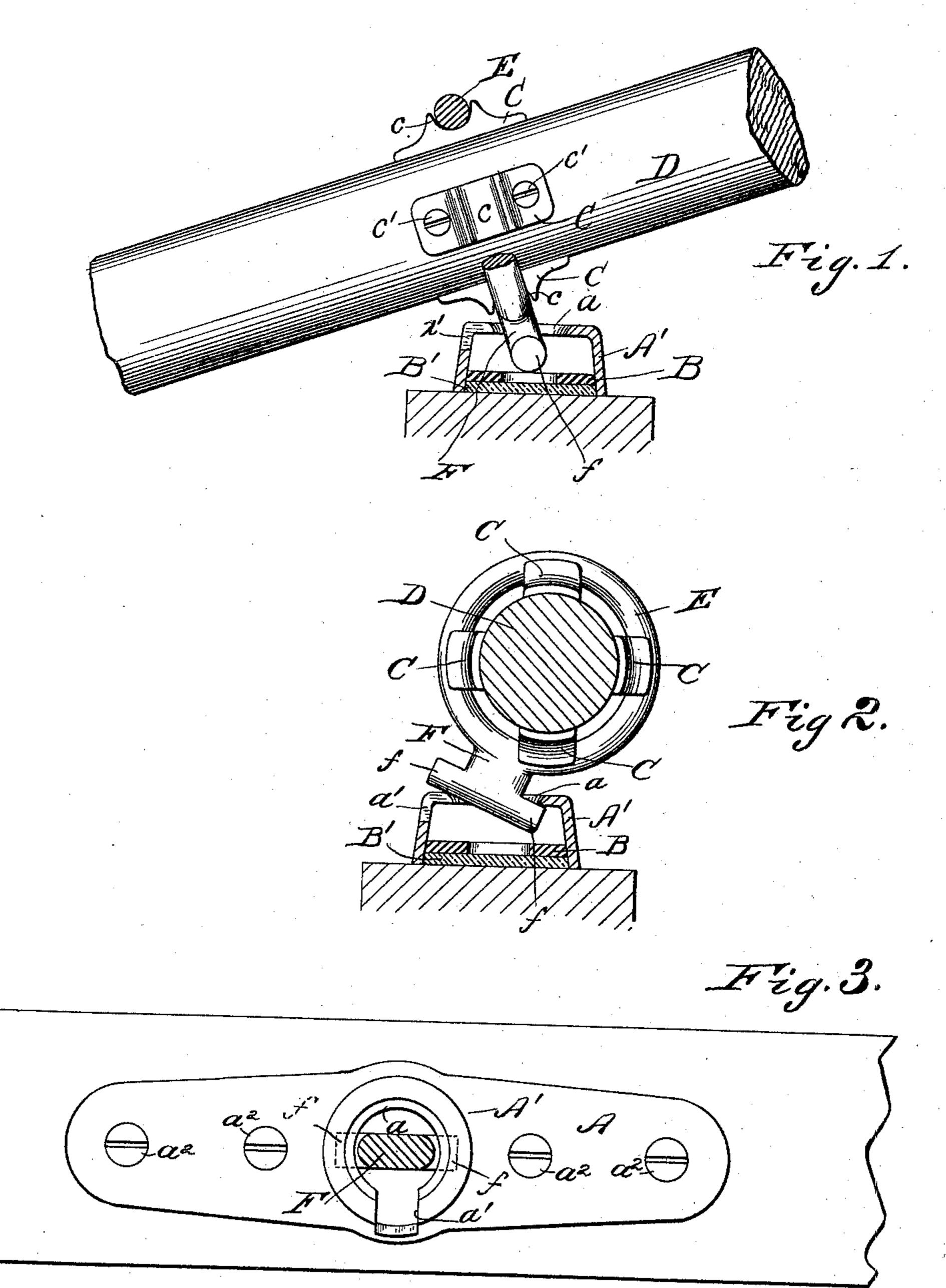
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J. DEAN. OAR LOCK.

(No Model.)

(Application filed Apr. 24, 1897.)



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OAR-LOCK.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 612,488, dated October 18, 1898.

Application filed April 24, 1897. Serial No. 633,825. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John Dean, a citizen of the United States, residing at Racine, county of Racine, State of Wisconsin, have invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Oar-Locks; and I declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it pertains to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, which form a part of this specification.

My invention relates to new and useful improvements in the construction of oar-locks; and it consists in the matter hereinafter described, and pointed out in the appended claims.

The object of my invention is to provide an improved form of oar-lock which shall be of simple, strong, and durable construction, capable of permitting all of the desired movements of the oars in the operation of rowing, and, furthermore, capable of permitting the oars to be readily unshipped or detached when desired.

In the accompanying drawings, illustrating my invention, Figure 1 is a view, partly in elevation and partly in section, of an oar-lock constructed in accordance with my invention.

30 Fig. 2 is a view of the same, partly in elevation and partly in section, illustrating the movements of the parts in detaching or unshipping the oars. Fig. 3 is a top plan view of the socket-plate which is secured to the gunwale of the boat.

Referring by letters to said drawings, A designates the socket-plate, provided with an upwardly-extending hollow socket or housing A', having a central aperture a in its upper wall and a slot a' communicating with said aperture and extending part way down one side of the socket or housing, as shown.

In the bottom of the socket or housing is conveniently provided a metallic washer or plate B, beneath which is conveniently placed a second washer or disk B', of leather or other suitable yielding material.

A suitable number of wearing-plates C C are secured upon the surface of the oar D oand are conveniently arranged at equidistant points of a circle drawn around the oar, as shown more particularly in Figs. 1 and 2.

Each of these wearing-plates C C is provided with a central raised portion, having in its outer side a transverse groove c for the re- 55 ception of a ring E, which encircles the oar in the manner illustrated in Figs. 1 and 2. Upon one side of the ring E is provided a shank F, having lateral studs or projections ff arranged to rest at right angles to the length of the 60 oar and adapted for engagement with the interior of the socket or housing in the manner shown. The studs or projections are made cylindrical, so that the ring may oscillate freely with the movements of the oar, the 65 T-shaped end of the shank F simply having a rolling engagement with the metallic plate or washer B.

In assembling the parts together for use plate A is secured to the upper side of the 70 gunwale of the boat by bolts or screws $a^2 a^2$, as in Fig. 3, the metallic washer or plate B and the disk or washer B' having been previously arranged in position within the socket or housing A'. The wearing-plates C C are 75 secured in position upon the oar D with the ring E in engagement with the grooves c c, and said wearing-plates are conveniently held in position upon the oar by suitable screws c'c'. It follows from the foregoing that so long 80 as the plates C C are all held in engagement with the surface of the oar the ring E will be retained in permanent, though rotatable, engagement with said plates, and thus with the oar, and in order to allow the free rotation of 85 the oar within the ring the inside diameter of said ring is such that, while it embraces more or less closely the grooved plates C C, it will permit the oar, together with said plates, to be freely rotated within the ring. In order 90 to operatively engage the oar with the gunwale of the boat, the oar is brought into position parallel with the gunwale and the Tshaped end of the shank F of the ring thereby brought into line with the slot a' in the 95 socket or housing A'. The ring is then tipped into the position shown in Fig. 2, and one of the studs or projections ff is inserted in the socket beneath the peripheral flange thereof, when the other stud or arm f may be passed 100 down into the socket through the slot a' in an obvious manner. Then when the shank F has been brought into a vertical position the oar may be swung upon the shank F as an

axis and brought into a proper position for rowing, in which position the studs or projections f will be out of line with the slot a' in the socket A', and in this condition of the parts the oar will be incapable of detachment from the gunwale.

It will be observed that by the peculiar construction of the several parts of my improved device the oar is perfectly free and capable of endwise oscillation and at the same time is capable of free rotation within the ring E. In this manner all of the desired movements of

the oar for rowing are insured.

In case of wear upon the ring E or plates C C such wear may be taken up by loosening one or more of said plates C C and slipping beneath the same a thin strip of leather, paper, or other suitable material. Similarly if the washer B or the T-shaped end of the shank 20 F should become worn, so as to cause looseness of the parts, such wear may also be taken up by simply loosening the plate A and slipping beneath the washer or plate B an additional or thicker washer or a disk B'.

In unshipping or detaching the oars the oars are first brought to a position substantially parallel with the gunwale, when by pulling or drawing the oar inwardly the ring E will be caused to tip into the position indicated in Fig. 2, so as to free one of the projections or studs f upon engagement with the socket and permit the same to be raised through the slot a', thereby freeing the oar.

By my improved construction I am enabled to provide a strong, durable, and satisfactory oar-lock which, while permitting all of the desired movements of the oars, is not liable to wear to any extent or to get out of order and which may, in case of the parts becoming 40 worn by long continued use, be readily adjusted, so as to take up all such wear.

By reason of the described construction of the T-shaped end of the shank F and the rolling engagement of the same within the 45 housing the movements of the ring and the

oar are rendered free and all liability of the parts binding is obviated, the T-shaped end being always at right angles with the oar.

My improved device is, furthermore, very simple in construction and cheap to manu- 50 facture, the parts being of such form as to reduce the work of finishing and fitting said parts to a minimum.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters 55

Patent of the United States, is—

1. An oar-lock, comprising a ring adapted to encircle an oar and provided with an arm or shank terminating in laterally-projecting cylindrical studs, a suitable chambered hous- 60 ing for detachable engagement with said studs, and a plurality of wearing-plates adapted to be interposed between the oar and said ring and provided with transverse grooves in their outer surfaces for the reception of said 65 ring.

2. An oar-lock comprising a plate attachable to a support and provided with a chambered housing, centrally apertured, at its top, and having a slot communicating with one 70 side of said aperture; a ring adapted to encircle an oar, a shank upon said ring and lateral cylindrical studs upon said shank adapted for rotatable and detachable engagement with the interior of said chambered housing. 75

3. An oar-lock comprising the plate A, provided with the housing A' having the central aperture a and slot a', the ring E adapted to encircle an oar and having the shank F and lateral cylindrical studs f for engagement 80 with the housing and suitable wearing-plates adapted to be secured to the oar and to engage with the inner periphery of said ring.

In testimony whereof I sign this specification in the presence of two witnesses.

JOHN DEAN.

Witnesses:

JOHN E. WILES, A. GOETZMANN.