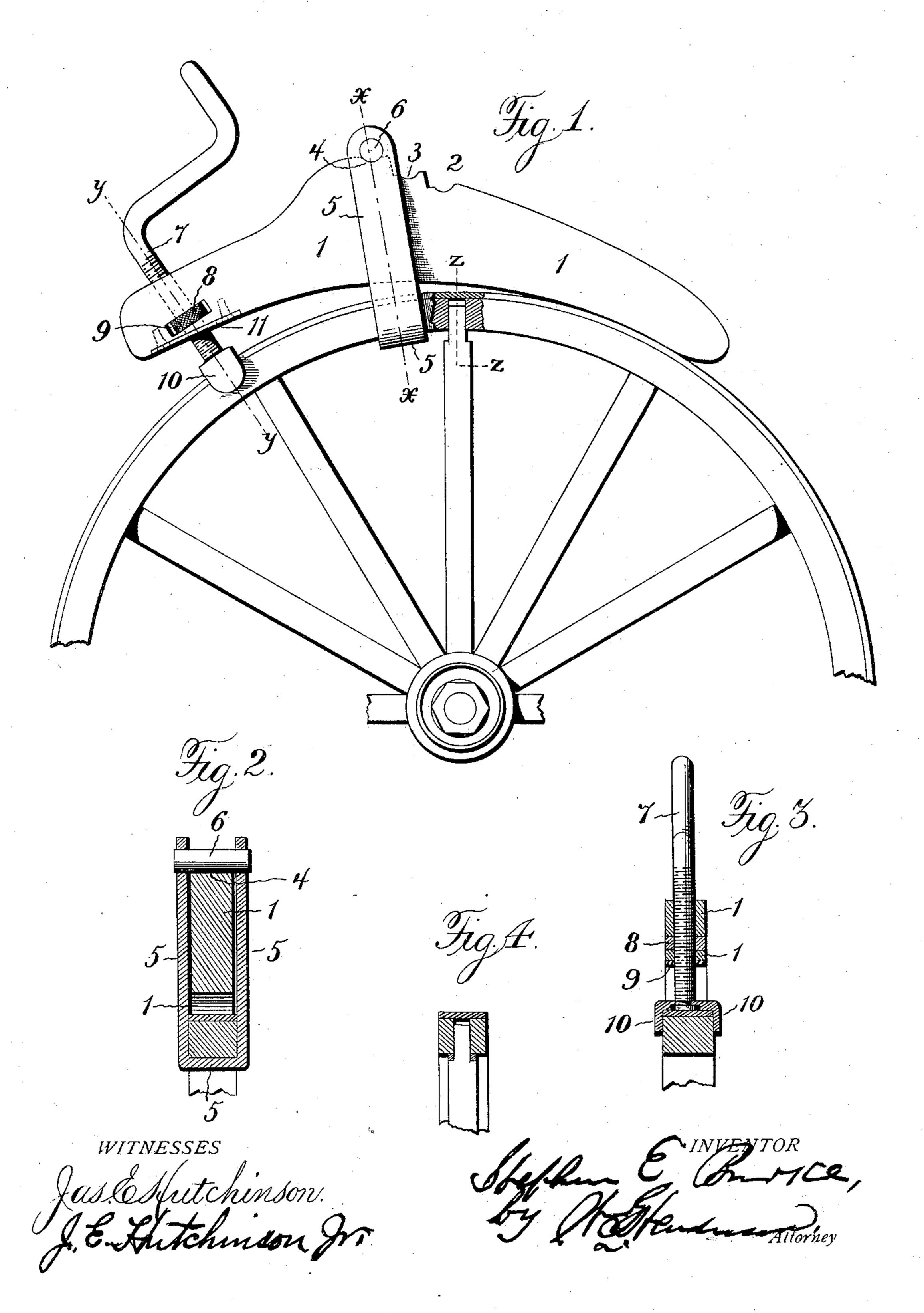
## S. E. BURKE. TIRE TIGHTENER.

(Application filed Oct. 30, 1897.)

(No Model.)



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

STEPHEN E. BURKE, OF EDON, OHIO.

## TIRE-TIGHTENER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 610,958, dated September 20, 1898.

Application filed October 30, 1897. Serial No. 656,868. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Stephen E. Burke, a citizen of the United States, residing at Edon, in the county of Williams and State of Ohio, 5 have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Tire-Tighteners; and I do declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it ap-10 pertains to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to the figures of reference marked thereon, which form a part of this specification.

My invention relates to tire-tighteners, and 15 has for its object to provide a tightener which will possess great leverage; also, a tightener in which the weight to be lifted or the point at which the tightener will exert its force on the felly will be brought nearer to or farther 20 from the fulcrum of the lever, according as the felly may be heavy or light or conditions otherwise be such as to require greater or less power in lifting the felly.

It has also for its object to provide a tight-25 ener in which the fulcrum end of the lever will rest upon the tire and the power end of the lever will be at an opposite point above the tire, so as to enable the tightener to be quickly applied and detached and to be sup-30 ported without detachment to either the hub or to the spokes.

To the accomplishment of the foregoing and such other objects as may hereinafter appear, the invention consists in the construction and 35 in the combination of parts hereinafter particularly described and then sought to be specifically defined by the claims, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part hereof, and in which—

Figure 1 is a side view of the tightener applied to a wheel. Fig. 2 is a cross-section on the line x x of Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a section on the line y y of Fig. 1, and Fig. 4 is a section on the line zz of Fig. 1.

In the drawings the numeral 1 designates a lever of any suitable material and which is preferably made concave or curved on its under face and which between its ends at or about its central portion and on its top face 50 is provided with a series of steps or seats (indicated by the numerals 2, 3, and 4) and of as to adjust a clevis or yoke 4 to be used in connection with the lever to accommodate the yoke to the thickness of the felly around 55 which the yoke will pass and on which it will exert the force of the lever so as to lift the felly, in order that one or more washers may be placed around the spoke or spokes and next to the under side of the felly, so as 60 to take up the space made in tightening the tire.

It will be observed that the distance between the top and the bottom faces of the lever 1 is less at the point where the step or seat 2 is 65 located than at the point where the other steps or seats are located. This is for the purpose of enabling the clevis or yoke 4 to be placed at the point where the lever is the narrowest for instance, at the step or seat 2—so that 70 there may be more space between the bottom of the clevis or yoke and the under face of the lever at such point, thus adjusting the clevis or yoke to the thickness of the felly, assuming the step or seat 2 to be located at 75 a point to accommodate a felly of the greatest thickness ordinarily used. This also enables the power to be applied at a point nearest to the fulcrum of the lever 1—that is, the point where the rear end of the lever rests upon the 80 tire—and thus enables me to get increased leverage for the fellies of the greatest thickness, so that the same may be more easily lifted by the lever. The clevis or yoke 4 has its two upper ends connected by the trans- 85 verse pin 5, which is adapted to fit removably in suitable holes made in the opposite members of the clevis, which pin, when the device is in operation, rests upon one of the steps or seats and against which pin the lever pulls 90 when power is applied to lift the felly. This pin, being removable, admits of the clevis being inserted beneath the felly and its opposite sides brought upward on opposite sides of the lever, after which the pin is inserted 95 in place and the lever is ready to be operated.

The lever is operated by means of a screw 6, which passes through the forward end of the lever 1, and its threads engage the threads of a bur or nut 7, which is fitted into a socket 100 or recess 8, formed in the forward end of the lever 1, said bur or nut fitting against angular sides of the recess in which it is placed, which there may be any desired number, so | so that it will not turn, thus enabling the

screw when turned to force up or down the lever, so as to exert its force upon the clevis and yoke and through it upon the felly. The lower end of this screw is connected with a 5 plate 9, adapted to fit over the tire and on opposite sides thereof, so as to hold the lever and screw against side movement. The lower end of the screw is preferably swiveled to this plate, so that the two parts will not bero come separated. It is preferred to insert the bur or nut 7 in place through the side of the lever into the cavity 8; but it may be otherwise placed in position.

I prefer to attach a metallic plate 10 to the 15 under side of the lever at the point where the screw is applied, so as to protect the under side of the lever against unnecessary wear if

it be made of wood.

The screw 6 is operated by means of a crank 20 11, which I have illustrated as made integral with the screw, as that is the preferred form; but it may be otherwise connected to the screw.

It will be observed that under the form of 25 the device described the lever has its fulcrum upon the tire and the power is applied at the opposite end so as to bear upon the tire, thus enabling the lever to be applied to the outside of the felly or tire. It will also be observed 30 that the clevis or yoke is adjustable lengthwise of the lever, so as to vary the leverage to suit different conditions and also so as to enable the clevis to fit fellies of different thick-

nesses. So far as I am aware I am the first to devise a tire-tightener of such construction as will admit of its application in the manner described, the tire-tighteners heretofore made, so far as I have knowledge of the same, being 40 so constructed that a portion of the same will bear either upon the hub of the wheel or else be attached to one of the spokes of the wheel. Under my construction the tightener is easier

to apply and to adjust to different positions 45 on the felly, and the leverage is at such points so as to do no injury to either the hub or to the spokes. It also enables me to get a greater leverage than would be obtained by other constructions of which I have knowledge and

50 also admits of varying the leverage by shifting the point of connection between the clevis or yoke and the lever, so that when the device is applied to the heavier fellies increased leverage can be obtained.

I have illustrated and described with particularity what I consider to be the preferred details of construction; but changes can be made therein without departing from the essential features of the invention.

Having described my invention and set forth it merits what I claim is—

1. In a tire-tightener, a lever adapted to extend lengthwise of the tire and to have its fulcrum on the tire to one side of the weight or

65 member to be lifted and the power end of the lever at the opposite side of said point, means to pass beneath the felly and connect the le-

ver thereto, and means connected with the lever and pressing against the tire for lifting the power end of the lever, substantially as 70

and for the purposes described.

2. In a tire-tightener, the combination of a lever extending lengthwise of the tire and having its fulcrum to one side of the weight or member to be lifted, means applied to the 75 opposite end of the lever for lifting the same and adapted to bear against the tire, and a yoke or clevis adapted to pass beneath the felly and having a part thereof resting on top of the lever, substantially as and for the pur- 80 poses described.

3. In a tire-tightener, the combination of a lever adapted to bear at one point against the tire, power-applying means connected to the opposite end of the lever and adapted to press 85 against the tire, and a yoke or clevis adjustable lengthwise of the lever and adapted to pass beneath the felly, substantially as and

for the purposes described.

4. In a tire-tightener, the combination of a 90 lever of varying thicknesses between its ends adapted to bear at one point against the tire, power-applying means connected to the opposite end of the lever and adapted to press against the tire, and a clevis or yoke adjust- 95 able lengthwise of the lever and adapted to pass beneath the felly, substantially as and

for the purposes described.

5. In a tire-tightener, the combination of a lever adapted to bear at one point against the 100 tire and formed on its upper side with stepped seats, power-applying means connected to one end of the lever and adapted to press against the tire, and a yoke or clevis adapted to pass beneath the felly and at its upper end pro- 105 vided with means to fit in the different seats, substantially as and for the purposes described.

6. In a tire-tightener, the combination with a lever, of a yoke or clevis fitted to the lever 110 between its opposite ends and adapted to pass beneath the felly, means applied to one end of the lever to one side of the clevis for applying the power, and means to prevent that end of the lever slipping sidewise, substan- 115 tially as and for the purposes described.

7. In a tire-tightener, the combination with a lever, of a yoke or clevis fitted thereto and adapted to pass beneath the felly, and an operating-screw applied to one end of the lever 120 and adapted to bear upon the tire to adjust the lever, substantially as and for the pur-

poses described.

8. In a tire-tightener, the combination with a lever, of a yoke or clevis fitted thereto and 125 adapted to pass beneath the felly, a bur or nut connected to one end of the lever, and an adjusting-screw working in said bur or nut and adapted to bear upon the tire to adjust the lever, substantially as and for the pur- 130 poses described.

9. In a tire-tightener, the combination with a lever, of a yoke or clevis fitted thereto and adapted to pass beneath the felly, an adjust-

ing-screw applied to one end of the lever, and a plate at the lower end of the screw and adapted to fit upon the tire and lap the sides thereof, substantially as and for the purposes 5 described.

10. A tire-tightener, comprising a lever adapted to extend lengthwise of the tire and having at its top stepped seats, a yoke or clevis adapted to pass beneath the felly and provided at its upper end with a pin to fit in the stepped seats, a bur or nut applied at the

power end of the lever, and an adjustingscrew operating in said bur and adapted to bear upon the tire to operate the lever, substantially as and for the purposes described. 15

In testimony whereof I affix my signature

in presence of two witnesses.

STEPHEN E. BURKE.

Witnesses:

I. N. KINTNER, JOHN MARK.