No. 610.452.

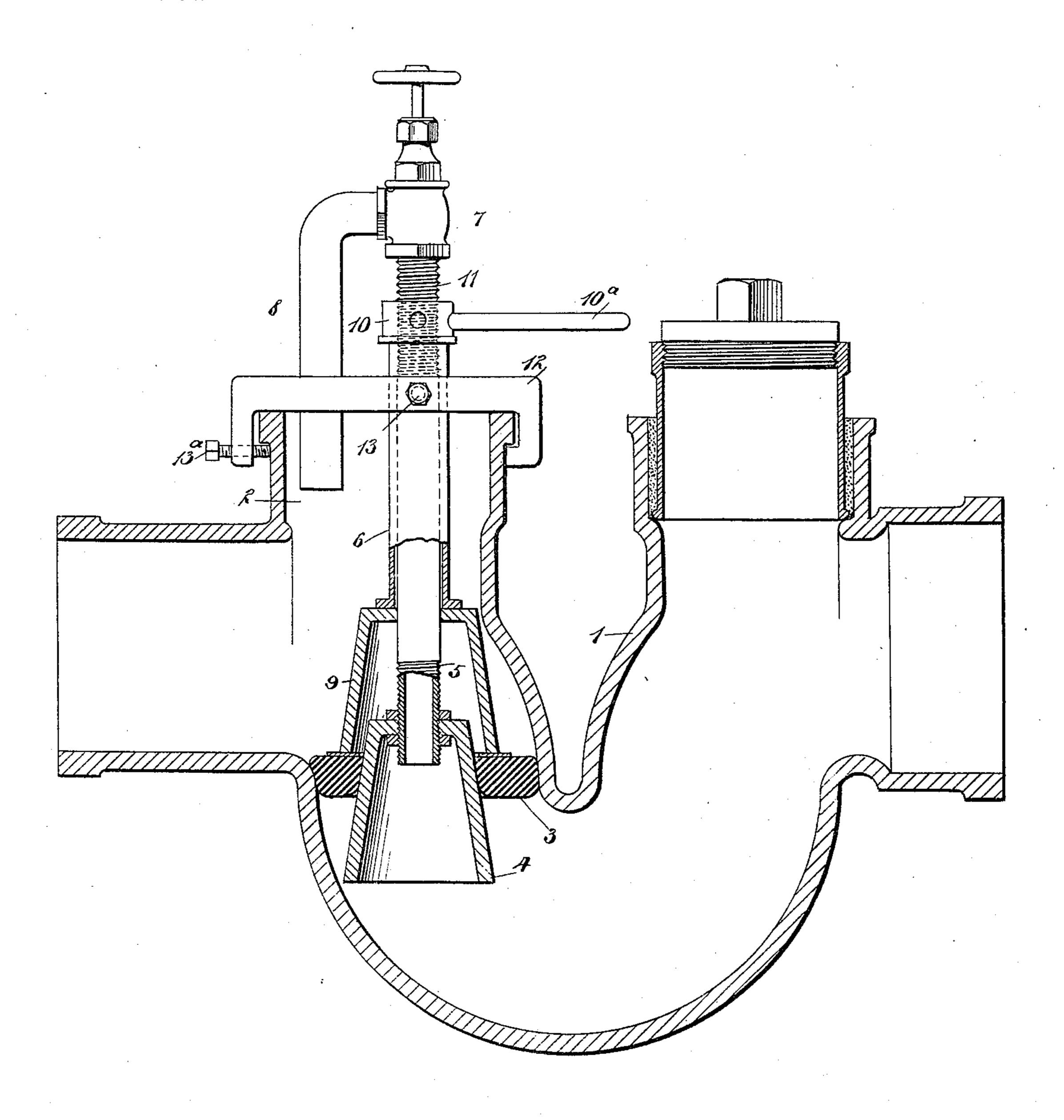
Patented Sept. 6, 1898.

## G. E. LOEBLE & F. KATZENBERGER.

TESTING VALVE.

(Application filed Feb. 21, 1898.)

(No Model.)



WITNESSES: Walker Krynson

E. E. Laeble.
BY Chatzenberger.

MILIOENEYS

## United States Patent Office.

GOTTLOB E. LOEBLE AND FREDRICK KATZENBERGER, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

## TESTING-VALVE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 610,452, dated September 6, 1898.

Application filed February 21, 1898. Serial No. 671,136. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

and FREDRICK KATZENBERGER, of the city of New York, borough of Manhattan, in the 5 county of New York and State of New York, have invented a new and Improved Testing-Valve, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

This invention relates to improvements in ro valves for testing sewer-pipes; and the object is to provide a comparatively simple valve which may be inserted through a small handhole—that is, a four-inch hand-hole—and stop a five-inch or larger pipe.

A further object is to provide a valve that is not liable to get out of order or break, as often happens to inflated bags usually employed for stopping pipes.

We will describe a valve embodying our 20 invention and then point out the novel fea-

tures in the appended claims.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying | drawing, forming a part of this specification, which is a sectional elevation of a testing-

25 valve embodying our invention.

Referring to the drawing, 1 designates a pipe-trap of the usual construction and having a hand-hole 2, through which the testingvalve may be inserted. The valve comprises 30 an expansion-ring 3, of rubber or like material, mounted on an expanding-block 4, which is made in the form of a frustum of a cone, and for the sake of lightness we preferably make it hollow; but it is obvious that 35 it may be made solid. When the block is hollow, however, it may serve as a portion of the testing-pipe. The testing-pipe 5 forms the shank of the expanding-block. This pipe 5 communicates with the interior of the ex-40 panding-block and extends upward through a tube 6, and a valve 7 controls the communication between the tube 5 and an outlet-pipe 8, which extends downward to discharge water through the hand-hole 2 into the outlet of the trap. On the lower end of the tube 6 is a hollow pressure-block 9, which engages against the upper side of the expanding ring, and on the upper end of the tube is a nut 10, engaging with a thread 11, formed on the testing-pipe, 50 the nut having a series of apertures to receive a suitable handle 10<sup>a</sup>. The device may be held in its proper position by means of a clamp 12, engaged with the outer wall of the hand-hole and beneath a flange or rib on the

upper end of the hand-hole, having an open- 55 Be it known that we, Gottlob E. Loeble | ing through which the tube 6 passes, the clamp being held in place on the hand-hole by a set-screw 13<sup>a</sup> and on the tube 6 by a setbolt 13.

> In operation after placing the valve in the 60 trap, as indicated in the drawing, it is obvious that by turning the nut 10 the pressureblock 9 will be forced downward and the block 4 will be drawn upward and expand the ring 3 to a tight connection against the wall 65 of the trap. Then by tightening the set-bolt 13 against the tube 6 the valve will be held in place. By opening the valve 7 the watertest may be made.

> Having thus described our invention, we 70 claim as new and desire to secure by Letters

Patent—

1. A testing-valve for pipes, comprising an expansion-ring, an expanding-block therein, a pressure-block, engaging with the upper 75 side of the ring, a test-pipe forming a stem for the expanding-block, means engaging with the test-pipe for drawing the expandingblock into the ring, and a valve-controlled pipe leading from the test-pipe and arranged 80 to discharge into the pipe being tested, substantially as specified.

2. A testing-valve for pipe-traps, comprising an expansion-ring, a conical expansionblock in the ring, a test-pipe extended from 85 said block and forming the stem thereof, a valve at the outer end of the test-pipe, a pressure-block for engaging with the upper side of the expansion-ring, a tube extended upward from the pressure-block and sur- 90 rounding the test-pipe, and a nut on the upper end of said tube engaging with a thread on the test-pipe, substantially as specified.

3. A testing-valve for pipe-traps, comprising an expansion-ring, an expansion-block 95 therein, a tubular stem for the block and having a downwardly-extended valve-controlled outlet, a tube through which the stem passes, a pressure-block on the lower end of the tube, and a nut on the outer end of the 100 tube engaging with a screw-thread on the stem, substantially as specified.

> GOTTLOB E. LOEBLE. FREDRICK KATZENBERGER.

Witnesses:

JNO. M. RITTER, F. W. HANAFORD.