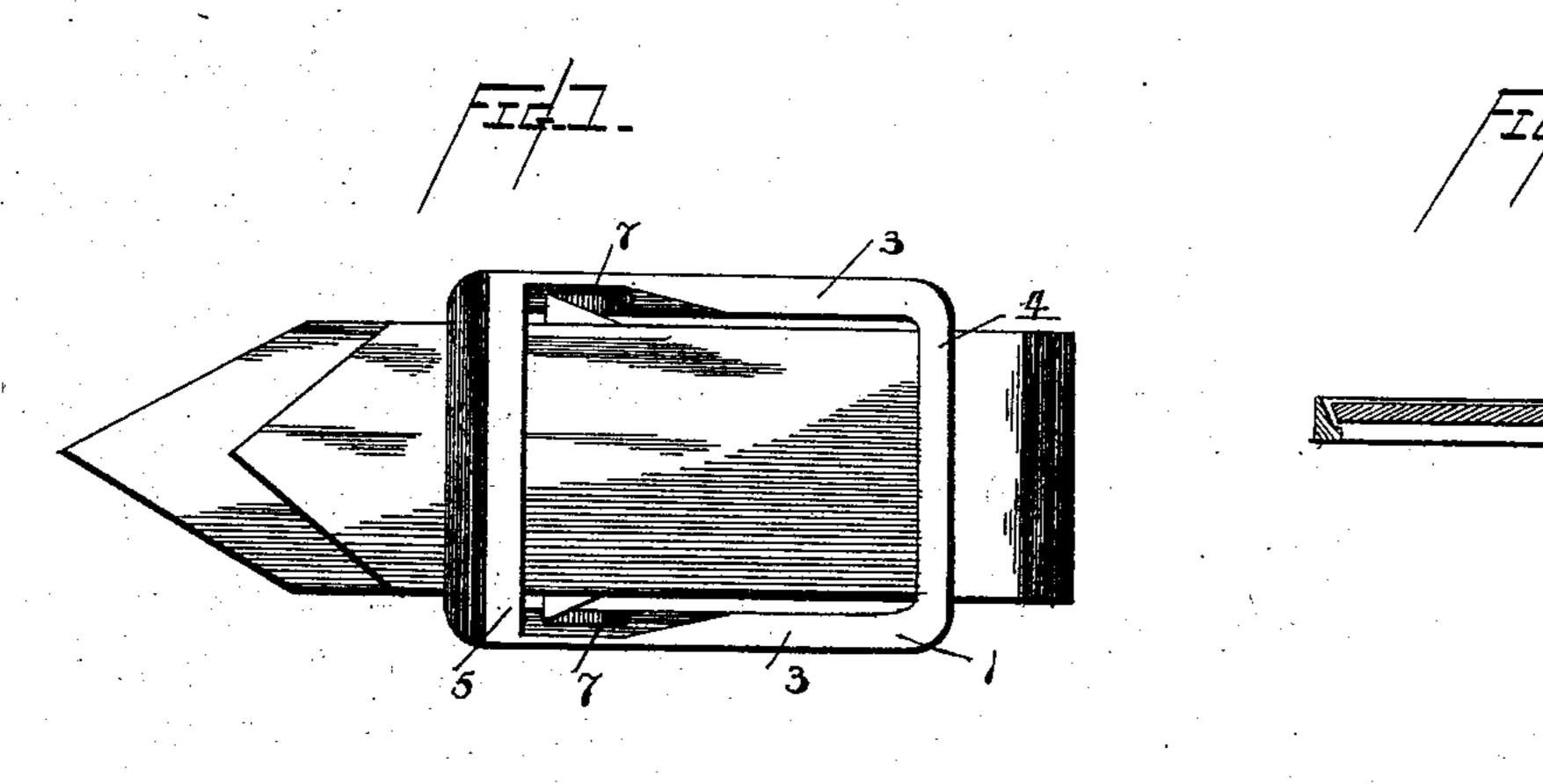
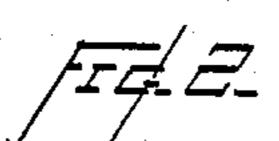
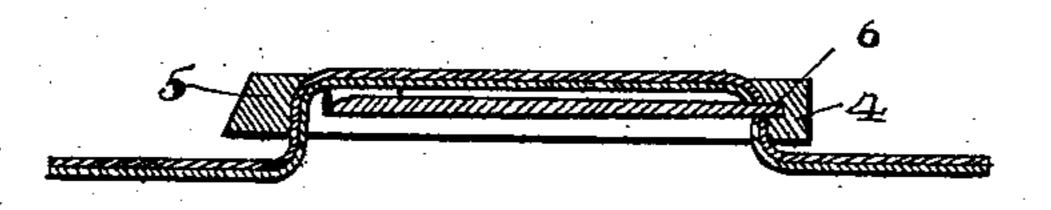
W. A. MITCHELL. BUCKLE.

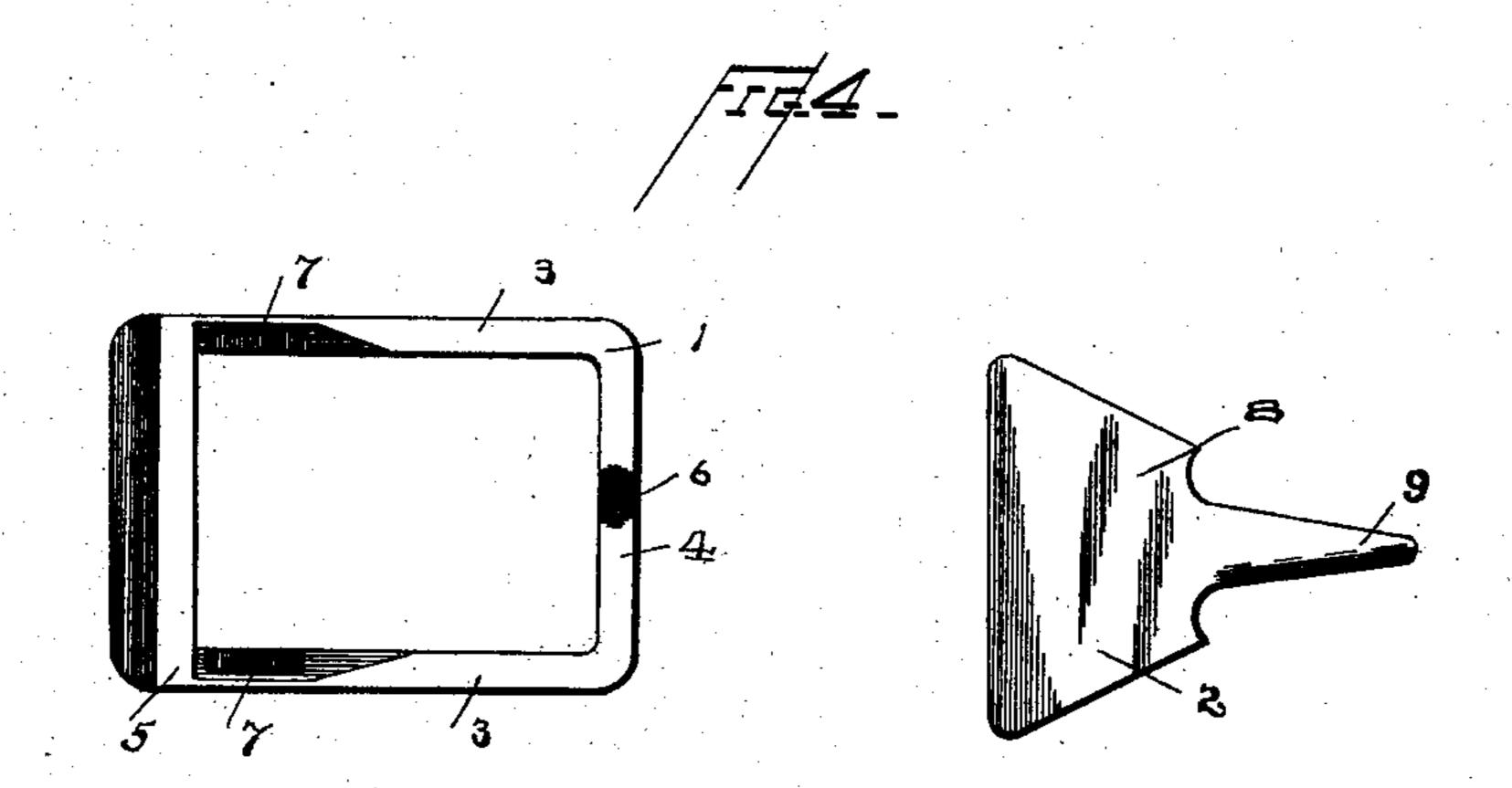
No. 605,114.

Patented June 7, 1898.









Witnesses Wester J. Evans Juventor William A. Mitchell. 34 John Medderburn Ottorney

United States Patent Office.

WILLIAM A. MITCHELL, OF WEAVERVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA.

BUCKLE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 605,114, dated June 7, 1898.

Application filed July 8, 1897. Serial No. 643,872. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM A. MITCHELL, of Weaverville, in the county of Buncombe and State of North Carolina, have invented 5 certain new and useful Improvements in Buckles; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to 10 make and use the same.

The object of this invention is to provide a simple, cheap, and effective buckle or device for connecting the ends of a strap, and is especially adapted for connecting the ends of a 15 strap that may have become broken or extend the length of a strap by adding a section

thereto.

To these ends and to such others as the invention may pertain, the same consists in a 20 buckle comprising a rectangular frame having a recess in the inner side of one of the cross-bars and recesses in the upper part of the side bars adjoining the opposite cross-bar, in combination with an independent plate 25 comprising a cross-bar and a tongue extending therefrom, the latter engaging the recess in the cross-bar of the rectangular frame, while the cross-bar of the plate is adapted to be seated within the recesses of the side bars.

In the following specification I have entered into a detail description of the invention, reference being had to the accompanying drawings and to numerals thereon, which designate the different parts, and what I consider 35 to be the novel features of construction are

specifically set forth in the claim.

In the drawings forming part of this specification, Figure 1 is a view showing the application of my invention. Fig. 2 is a longi-40 tudinal sectional view through Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a transverse sectional view. Fig. 4 is a view with the parts of the buckle detached.

Referring to the drawings by numerals, 1 designates the rectangular frame or main 45 part of the buckle, and 2 the attachment or part which engages the rectangular frame and holds the straps in engagement therewith. The rectangular frame of the buckle consists of the side bars 3 3 and end cross-50 bars 4 and 5, the cross-bar 4 being provided

centrally with a recess 6, located at the inner

are provided with recesses 77 on one side adjoining the cross-bar 3, and the said cross-bar is preferably disposed at an angle with re- 55 spect to the other part of the frame, as shown.

In connection with a frame constructed as hereinbefore described I provide a plate 2 independent therefrom and consisting of the cross-bar 8, adapted to extend across the frame 60 and fit within the recesses 77 in the side bars thereof, a tongue projecting from the central portion of the bar 8 of a length to engage the recess 6 of the cross-bar 4 of the rectangular frame when the plate is placed in engage- 65

ment therewith.

In the application of my invention the ends of the straps are passed upward through the frame, and the tongue 9 of the plate 2 is passed through apertures therein to engage the re- 70 cess 6 of the cross-bar 4, after which the straps are passed over the cross-bar and down through the frame. Then by pulling upon the strap the plate will be brought into the recesses 7 and hold the tongue in positive en- 75 gagement with the recess 6. This provides a buckle very similar to one of ordinary construction, with the exception that the plate is separable from the rectangular frame and the latter recessed to receive the same. One of 80 the advantages of a buckle of this construction is that the tongue is held in positive engagement with the rectangular frame and being passed through the strap will hold the same securely, there being no chance of the 85 end of the tongue slipping out of the perforations in the straps. Therefore the particular construction of the buckle provides one that is especially adapted for connecting straps to each other without liability of their slipping 90 after being applied to the buckle. When the plate is in engagement with the rectangular frame, rearward movement of the same is limited by the end wall of the slot, which will prevent the tongue being moved out of en- 95 gagement with its recess by a sliding movement of the plate. It will also be noted that the cross-bar is inclined so as not to present a sharp bend in the strap.

Having thus described my invention, what 100 I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters

Patent, is—

A buckle for the purpose set forth, consistside thereof. The side bars 3 3 of the frame | ing of a rectangular frame having a recess in 605,114

the inner side of one of the end cross-bars and recesses in the side bars near the opposite cross-bar, the latter being disposed at an inclination with respect to the frame, as shown; together with an independent plate presenting a cross-bar which engages the recesses in the side bars of the frame and a central tongue which engages the recess in the end cross-bar, the parts being placed in engagement with

the straps, substantially as herein shown and rodescribed.

In testimony whereof I have signed this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

WILLIAM A. MITCHELL.

Witnesses:

ED. F. VANDIVER, H. B. VANDIVER.