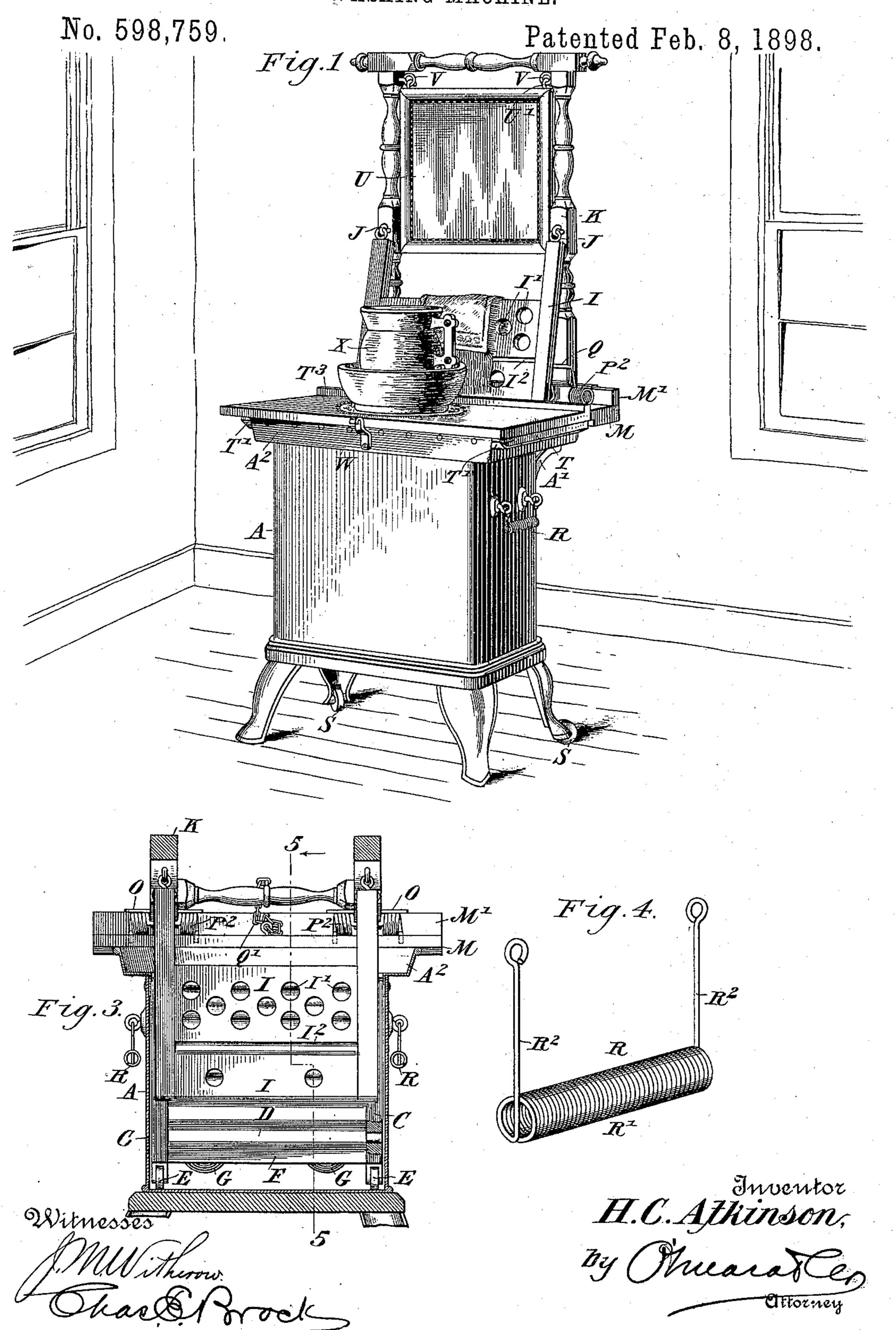
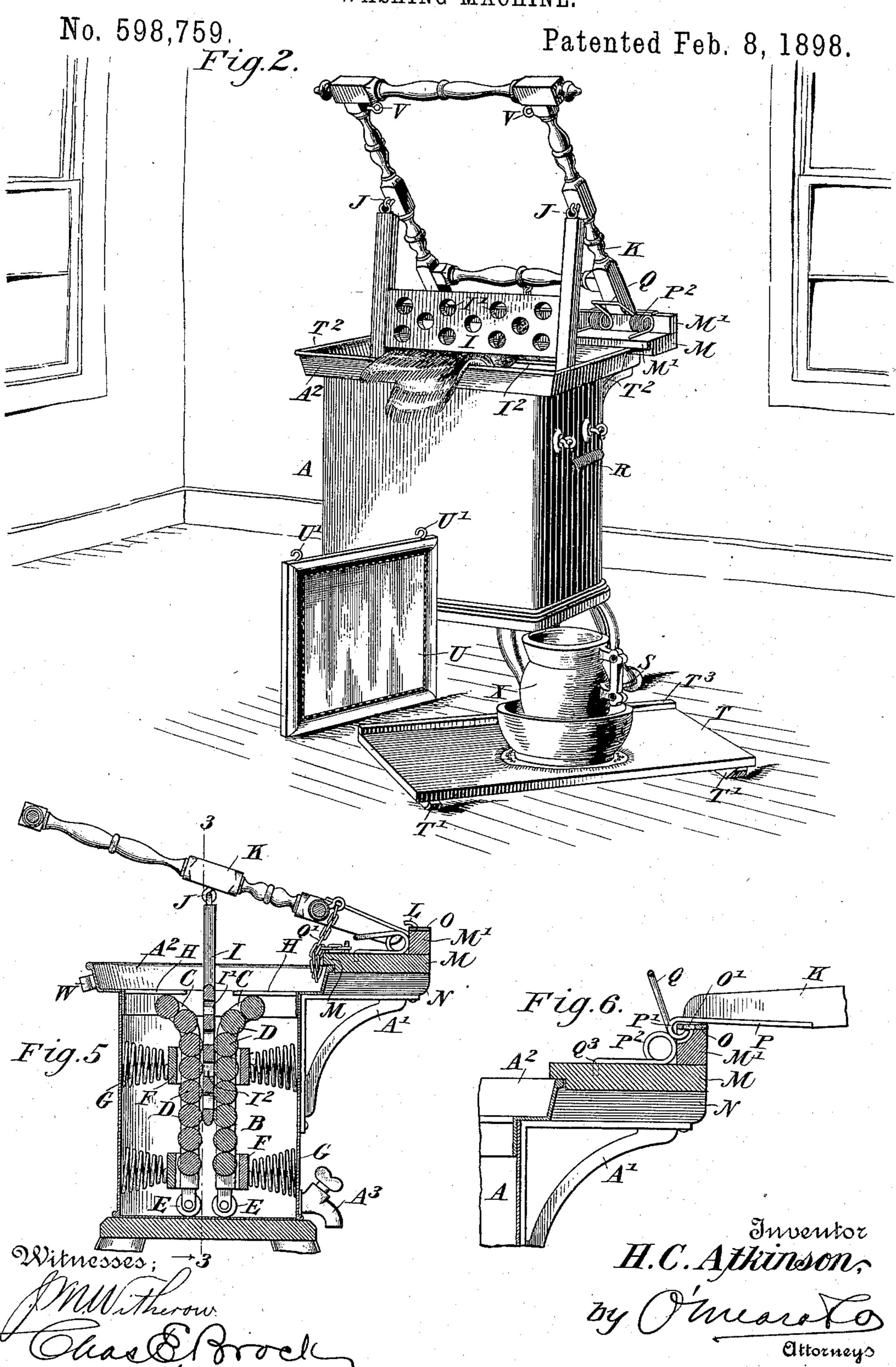
H. C. ATKINSON. WASHING MACHINE.





United States Patent Office.

HENRY C. ATKINSON, OF LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY, ASSIGNOR TO THE HAMMOCK OIL CAN COMPANY, OF SAME PLACE.

WASHING-MACHINE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 598,759, dated February 8, 1898.

Application filed February 23, 1897. Serial No. 624,626. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HENRY C. ATKINSON, residing at Louisville, in the county of Jefferson and State of Kentucky, have invented a 5 new and useful Washing-Machine, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates more particularly to washing-machines; but it is designed to be converted into a washstand and dresser when

10 not in use as a washing-machine.

The object of my invention is to produce a washing-machine that will effectually wash clothes with little labor, and I accomplish this object by my improved form of washboard 15 and clothing sash or pounder.

My invention consists of certain details of construction that will be hereinafter described, and specifically pointed out in the

claims.

In order that my invention may be fully understood, I will proceed to describe the same with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a perspective view of my im-25 proved washing-machine converted for use as a washstand and dresser. Fig. 2 is a perspective view showing the device for use as a washing-machine. Fig. 3 is a vertical sectional view taken on the line 33 of Fig. 5. 30 Fig. 4 is a detail perspective view of the bail or handle attached to the washing-receptacle. Fig. 5 is a sectional view taken on the line 55 of Fig. 3. Fig. 6 is a detail sectional view showing the manner of removing the hinged | 35 frame for operating the clothes sash or pounder.

In the said drawings, A represents a suitable receptacle of any desired construction and material. It is formed with the flaring 40 upper portion A² and provided with the cock

A³, by which water is drawn off.

Two washboards B are provided, and each its upper end, as shown, and of the cylin-45 ders D, the reduced ends of which fit in the frame C.

E represents rollers or casters placed at the lower end of the frame to allow the sections to adjust themselves according to the thick-50 ness of the clothes. This is also permitted at the upper end by reason of the curved end |

bearing against the flanges H, formed on the receptacle. These flanges also tend to keep the sections from coming out during the washing operation.

F represents wooden plates secured to the frame C, against which the springs G bear, so as to produce as much friction as possible

in washing.

I represents a clothes sash or pounder, which 60 is hinged at J to the operating-frame K, removably hinged at L, as hereinafter described. The clothes-sash I is provided with a series of small openings I' and an elongated opening I2, in which different articles of cloth- 65 ing are placed, so that they will be thoroughly cleaned and rubbed between the two sections of washboard as the sash is moved up and down.

A' represents brackets secured to the rear 70 side of the receptacle A for supporting the table M through the medium of the blocks N. The table M is fitted to the flaring portion A² and is provided with a flange M' at one edge, and located at each end thereof is a metal 75 plate O, provided with an opening O'.

P represents a plate secured to the frame K, and it is provided with the open hook P'. which engages the plate O. The object of such a hinge is that when the device is to be 80 packed the frame K is turned to the position shown in Fig. 6, and by simply pressing upon it the hook P' is detached from the plate O and the frame can be packed separately.

P² represents springs having the square 85 loops Q, against which the arms of the frame K bear, (see Fig. 2,) and the ends Q⁸, which are embedded in the table M. The object of these springs is to assist in raising the clothessash when it is depressed during the washing 90 operation.

Q' represents a chain secured at one end to the frame K and at its other end to the table is composed of a suitable frame C, curved at | to prevent the frame being moved too far back when the device is to be used as a washstand 95 and dresser, as shown in Fig. 1.

R represents a bail or handle adapted to be secured to the receptacle A, as shown in Fig. 1. This bail or handle is preferably formed from a single piece of wire and is composed 100 of a coil R', forming a handle, and the arms R², extending from the ends of the coil, by

which it is secured to the receptacle. It will be understood that I do not limit myself to this particular form of bail or handle, as it is obvious that any form can be used in connection with this device.

S represents casters located on the two rear supports of the receptacle, which are for convenience in moving the device from place to

place.

In Fig. 1 I have shown the device converted into use as a washstand and dresser. This is accomplished by providing a table or cover T for the receptacle A, having a flange T', which engages with the flanges T² on the flaring part of the receptacle A and raising the frame K to the position shown in this figure. The frame is supported by the clothes-sash bearing against the flange T³ of the table T, and it serves as a towel-rack, and the table is prevented from being pushed out by the turnstop W.

U represents a mirror suspended from the eyes U', carried by the frame T, by means of the hooks V, and X a bowl and pitcher sup-

25 ported on the table T.

In Fig. 2 I have shown the table T and washstand removed, as also the mirror, and the device ready for use as a washing-machine.

It will thus be seen that I provide an exceedingly cheap, simple, and efficient construction of washing-machine, which can be

kept in a bed-room, if so desired, for washing linens and the like, inasmuch as it can be quickly and easily transformed into an ornamental washstand when not in use.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters

Patent, is—

1. In a washing-machine, the combination of a suitable receptacle, a washboard located 40 therein, a table M connected with the receptacle, and a slotted plate carried by said table, a clothes-sash adapted to be operated on said washboard, a frame carrying said sash, a plate secured to said sash and having an 45 open eye adapted to engage said slotted plate, substantially as shown and described.

2. In a washing-machine, the combination with a receptacle having a table at its rear side and provided with a flanged cover, of a 5° frame hinged at one end to the table, a clothes-sash hinged to the frame and engaging the flange of the cover to hold the frame in a vertical position when the machine is not in use, and a chain secured to the frame 55 and table, substantially as shown and de-

scribed.

HENRY C. ATKINSON.

Witnesses:
WILLIAM MILLER,
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