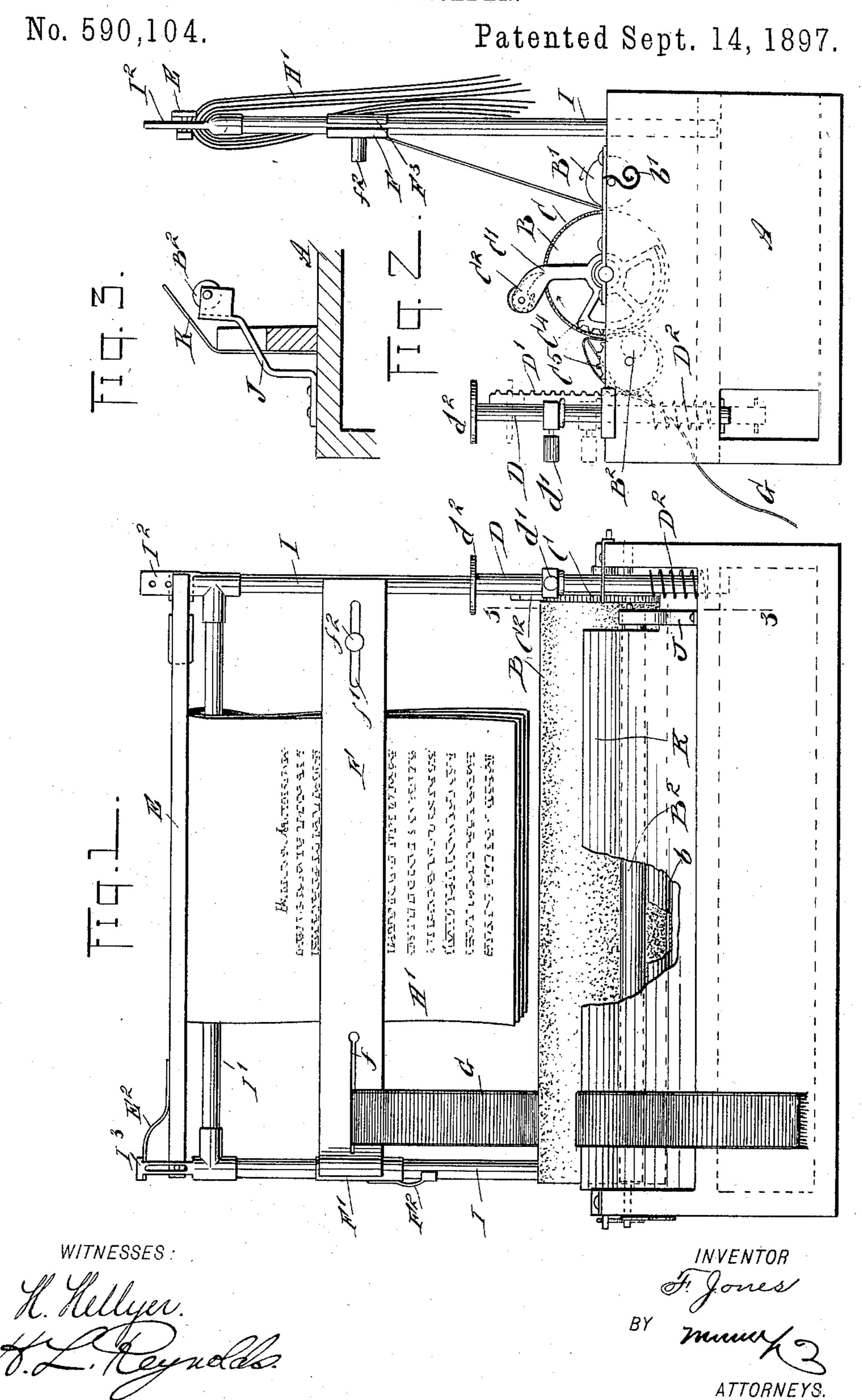
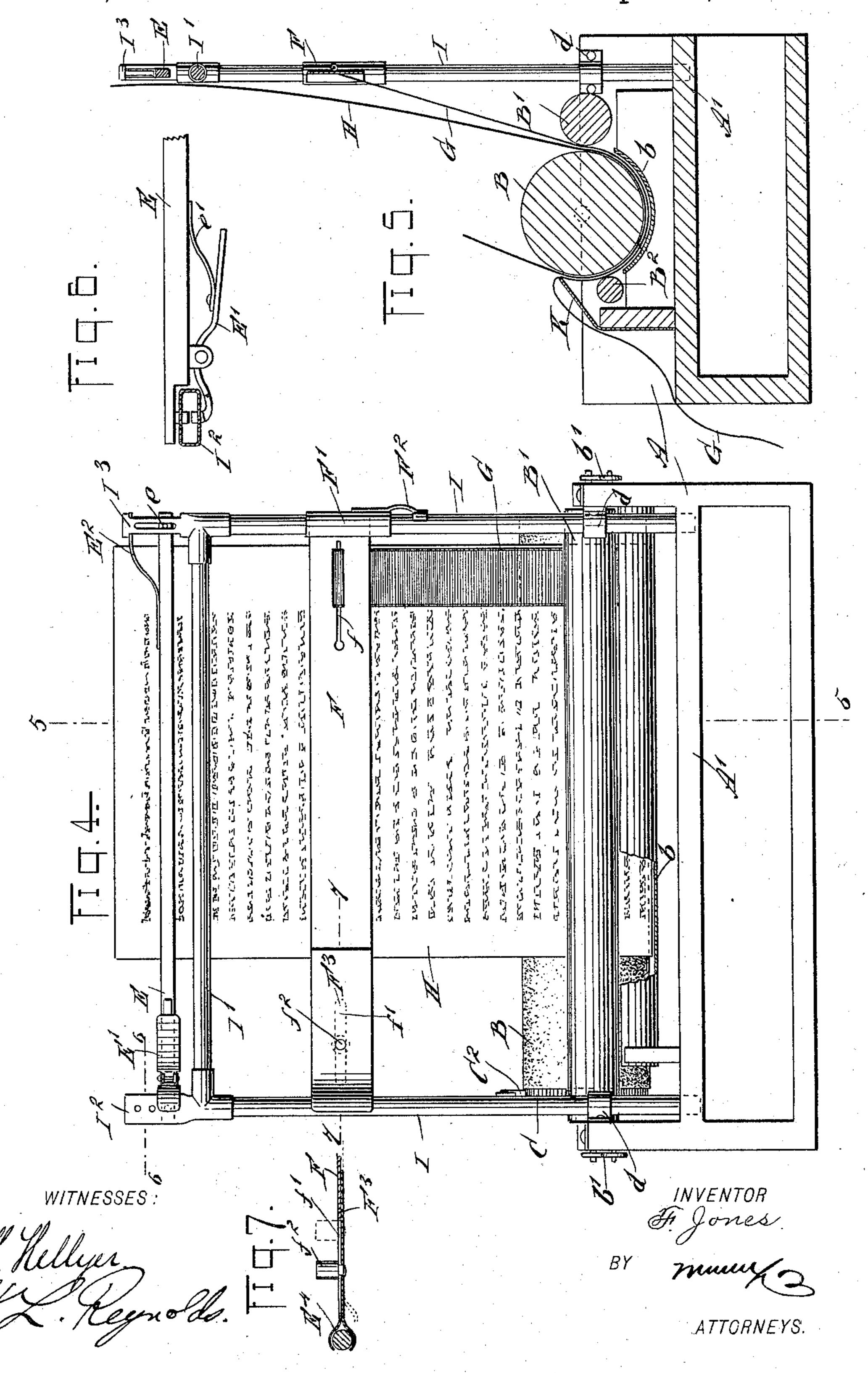
F. JONES.
COPY HOLDER.



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No. 590,104.

Patented Sept. 14, 1897.



United States Patent Office.

FRANK JONES, OF MARION, KANSAS.

COPY-HOLDER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 590,104, dated September 14, 1897.

Application filed March 18, 1897. Serial No. 628,171. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Beit known that I, Frank Jones, of Marion, in the county of Marion and State of Kansas, have invented a new and Improved Copy-Bolder, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

My invention relates to an improved mechanism designed for holding copy of various kinds in position so that the line being copied no may be quickly and certainly found without skipping any parts or making mistakes.

It is designed to be used in connection with loose sheets of copy of any size and also with books or sheets of copy which are fastened together. This device comprises, broadly, a set of feed-rollers which are adapted to receive between them the sheet or copy when the same is a single sheet, or when the copy is a book or set of sheets fastened together they will receive between them a tape or band which is connected to a guide or rule movable over the surface of the copy. The feed-rollers are given a step-by-step advancing movement by means of a ratchet driving connection from a spring-returned rod, which is provided with a key and depressed by hand.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, in which similar characters of reference indicate cate corresponding parts in all the figures.

Figure 1 is a front elevation of my device shown as in use for copying from a book or set of sheets which are bound or fastened together. Fig. 2 is an end elevation of the same.

Fig. 3 is a detail section on the line 3 3 in Fig. 1, showing the method of supporting one end of one of the guide-rollers. Fig. 4 is a rear elevation of my device. Fig. 5 is a section taken upon the line 5 5 of Fig. 4. Fig. 6 is a detail section on the line 6 6 in Fig. 4, showing the connection of one end of the clamping-bar E; and Fig. 7 is a detail section on the line 7 7 of Fig. 4, showing the construction of the outer or free end of the movable slide or guide bar F.

My invention is designed to be used for copying of all kinds, such as manuscript, deeds and other legal documents, newspaper-clippings, stenographers' books, and in fact all kinds of writing or printed matter, whether in books or sheets.

Upon the base A are mounted three feed-

between the rollers B' and B² and is the feedroller proper, the other two being simply 55 guide-rollers which coact with the roller B to guide and feed the manuscript.

Upon the end of the roller B is placed a ratchet-wheel C, and to the same end is pivoted an arm C', which at its outer end is 60 provided with a pawl C², adapted to engage the teeth of the ratchet-wheel. This arm C' is attached to or formed as a part of the toothed segment C⁴, which latter meshes with a wheel C⁵.

Upon the frame A and placed so that the teeth thereof will engage the teeth of the wheel C^5 is a rack-bar D', carried by a rod D, which is mounted in guides upon the frame A, so that it will move in a vertical direction. 70 The rod D is supported by a spiral spring D^2 , placed about the lower end thereof, and has a key or circular head d^2 upon its upper end adapted to be engaged by hand for depressing the bar.

A movable stop d' is attached to the rod D and may be adjusted upon the rod so as to accurately gage the amount of its motion and the consequent feed of the paper. Stretching across the forward end of the feed-roller B is 80 a plate K, which is used as a guide or rule for gaging the position of the line being copied.

The manuscript when it consists of a single sheet is inserted between the feed-rollers in the position shown by H in Fig. 5, this inser- 85 tion being similar to the insertion of the sheet of paper in a type-writer. The lower portion of the feed-roller B is covered for a slight distance by a shield b.

The paper when inserted in the position 90 above stated may be fed forward equal to the width of a line by simple pressure upon the key d^2 . Fixed in eyes d upon the rear side of the frame are two vertical posts I, the lower ends of which are inserted into holes 95 in the cross bar or plate A' of the frame. These posts are joined at their upper ends by a bar I', over which a book or a number of sheets of manuscript may be hung, so as to expose any sheet desired. The book is 100 clamped down upon the bar I' by the clamping-bar E, which has one end fitting between the two sides of a cap I³, attached to the upper end of one of the posts I.

The bar E is provided with a pin e, which fits in slots in the sides of the cap I3 and prevents endwise movement of the bar E. This end of the bar E is held down by a spring E², 5 which engages the upper end of the cap I³. The other end of the bar E is provided with a pivoted lever E', held outward by a spring e'. The outer end of the lever E' is provided with a pin adapted to enter one of the holes 10 in the cap or extension I^2 of the other post I. The end of the bar E may also be provided with a similar coöperative pin. This device is clearly shown in detail in Fig. 6. By this means the bar E may be held closely down 15 upon the sheets H' of a book from which copying is to be done.

The guide or rule F is provided at one end with a sleeve F', embracing one of the posts I. This sleeve has a spring F² engaging the 20 post so as to create sufficient friction to hold the bar in place wherever left. Near this end of the bar F a narrow slot f is formed, within which is clamped one end of a tape or ribbon G. This tape or ribbon may be fas-25 tened to the bar F by any other suitable means.

When the manuscript being copied is hung upon the bar I', the guide-bar F and the feedstrip of tape G are used, the latter being 30 passed between the rollers, as shown in Figs. 2 and 5.

The outer end of the guide F is provided with a sliding piece F³, embracing the other bar I, but not so near as to create material 35 friction. This piece F³ is clamped to the bar F by means of a slot f' and a screw or bolt f^2 .

In using my device for copying from books or similar manuscript the book is hung over the bar I' and the bar F is placed in front of 40 the sheet from which copying is to be done. The clamp d' is adjusted for the proper feed and the tape or band G passed between the feed-rollers. The bar F is then drawn down the proper degree by depressing the key d^2 . 45 Single sheets may be fastened to the bar I' in the same way instead of passing them directly between the guide-rollers. My device may be used in either of these ways, the feeding mechanism being identical in each case.

50 One end of the guide-roller B2 is supported by means of an arm J, fixed to the table A and carrying a bearing for the guide-roller B² in its upper end. This is only needed because the gear-wheel C⁵ occupies a position 55 which would otherwise be occupied by the journal of the guide-roller B².

The guide-rollers B' and B² are pressed against the feed-roller B by springs b', located upon the outer ends of the frame or base A. 60 My device will be found of great use in transcribing deeds and other official records, as well as for the more obvious use of stenographers and type-writers.

Having thus fully described my invention, I 65 claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent—

1. A copy-holder comprising two upright

posts having means for supporting the copy before the operator, an indicator having frictional sliding contact thereon and extending 70 in front of the copy, feed-rollers mounted upon the same base as the supporting-posts, means for giving them intermittent advancing rotation, and a band engaging the feedroller and connected to the indicator-bar, sub- 75 stantially as described.

2. A copy-holder, comprising two upright posts having two horizontal bars at their upper ends, between which the copy is placed and by which the copy is held, an indicator 80 having frictional sliding contact on said posts and extending across the front of the copy, feed-rollers mounted upon the same base as the supporting-posts, means for giving them intermittent advancing rotation, and a band 85 frictionally engaging the feed-rollers and connected to the indicator-bar, substantially as described.

3. A copy-holder, comprising two upright posts having two horizontal bars extending 90 between said posts at the top, and between which the copy is placed and held, an indicator having frictional sliding contact on said posts and extending across the front of the copy, feed-rollers mounted upon the same 95 base as the supporting-posts, means for giving them intermittent advancing rotation, and a band frictionally engaging the feedrollers and connected to the indicator-bar, substantially as described.

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4. A copy-holder, comprising two upright posts having means for supporting the copy before the operator, an indicator having frictional sliding contact on said posts and extending across the front of the copy, feed- 105 rollers mounted upon the same base as the supporting-posts, a ratchet-wheel attached to one of the feed-rollers, an operating-lever for rotating the same, a depression-key connected to said lever, and a band frictionally engag- 110 ing the feed-rollers and connected to the indicator-bar, substantially as described.

5. A copy-holder, comprising two upright posts having two horizontal bars supported at the top of said posts and adapted to hold the 115 copy between them, an indicator having frictional sliding contact on said posts and extending across the front of the copy, feedrollers mounted upon the same base as the supporting-posts, a ratchet-wheel attached to 120 one of the rollers, a lever engaging said ratchet-wheel to return the same, a depression-key connected to said lever, and a band frictionally engaging the feed-roller and connected to the indicator-bar, substantially as 125 described.

6. A copy-holder, comprising two upright posts having two horizontal spring-held bars connecting their upper ends, between which bars the copy is held, an indicator having 130 frictional sliding contact on said posts and extending across the front of the copy, feedrollers mounted upon the same base as the supporting-posts, means for giving them intermittent advancing rotation, and a band frictionally engaging the feed-roller and connected to the indicator-bar, substantially as described.

7. A copy-holder, comprising two upright posts having means for supporting the copy before the operator, an indicator having frictional sliding contact on said posts and extending in front of the copy, feed-rollers mounted upon the same base as the supporting-posts, a ratchet-wheel fixed to one of the feed-rollers, a pawl-lever actuating the ratchet-wheel and having a toothed segment attached, a rack-bar mounted to reciprocate, and connections between the rack-bar and toothed segment, substantially as described.

S. A copy-holder, comprising two upright posts having two horizontal bars connecting their upper ends and adapted to receive the copy between them, an indicator having a frictional sliding contact on said posts and extending across the front of the copy, feedrollers mounted upon the same base as the supporting-posts, a ratchet-wheel fixed to one of the feed-rollers, a reciprocating bar, means for connecting said bar with the rachet-wheel to give it an intermittent advancing movement, and a band frictionally engaging the feed-roller and connected to the indicator-bar, substantially as described.

9. A copy-holder, comprising two upright posts having means for supporting the copy before the operator, an indicator having a frictional sliding contact on said posts and

extending across the front of the copy, feedrollers mounted upon the same base as the supporting-posts, a ratchet-wheel fixed to one of the feed-rollers, a pawl-lever actuating the ratchet-wheel and having a toothed segment attached, a rack-bar mounted to reciprocate 40 and having a key or handle for engagement by the hand, a spring adapted to return the rack-bar, connections between the rack-bar and toothed segment, and a band frictionally engaging the feed-roller and connected to the 45 indicator-bar, substantially as described.

10. A copy-holder, comprising two upright posts having means for supporting the copy before the operator, an indicator having frictional sliding contact on said posts and ex- 50 tending across the front of the copy, feedrollers mounted upon the same base as the supporting-posts, a ratchet-wheel fixed to one of the feed-rollers, a pawl-lever actuating the ratchet-wheel and having a toothed segment 55 attached, a rack-bar mounted to reciprocate and having a key or handle for engagement by the hand, a spring adapted to return the rack-bar, an adjustable stop for said rackbar, connections between the rack-bar and 60. toothed segment, and a band frictionally engaging the feed-roller and connected to the indicator-bar, substantially as described.

FRANK JONES.

Witnesses:

FRED E. DUNHAM, A. H. OTT.