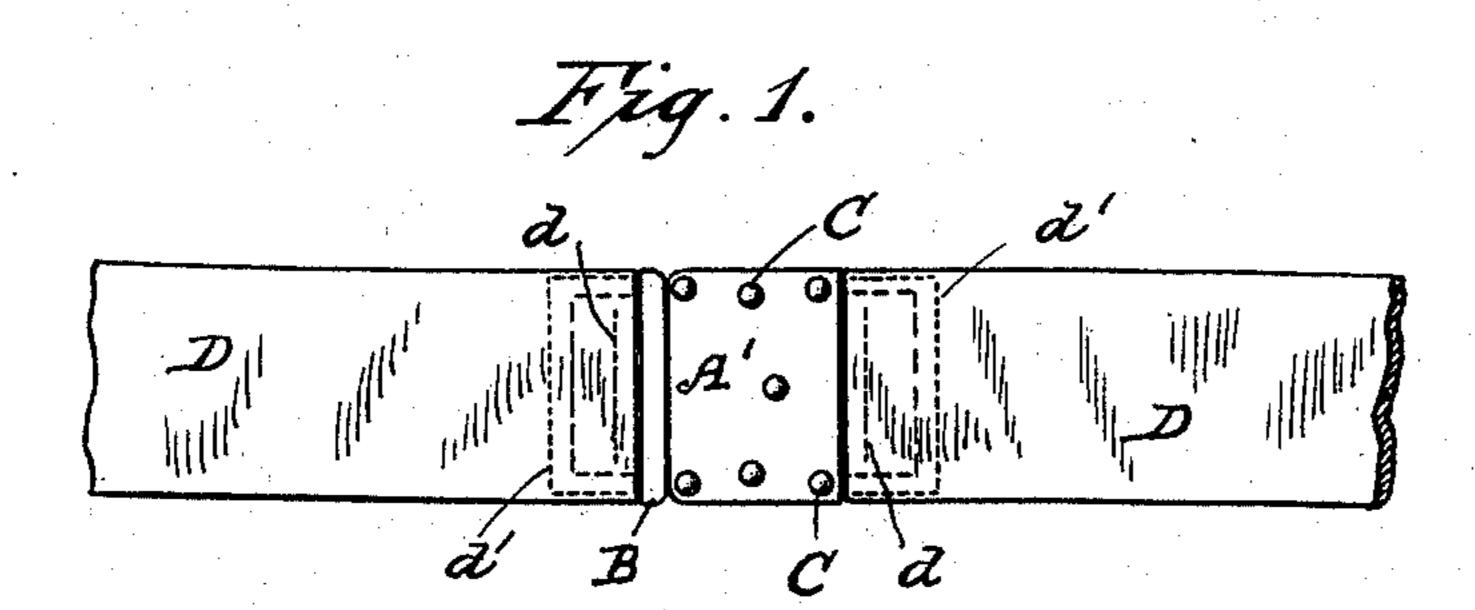
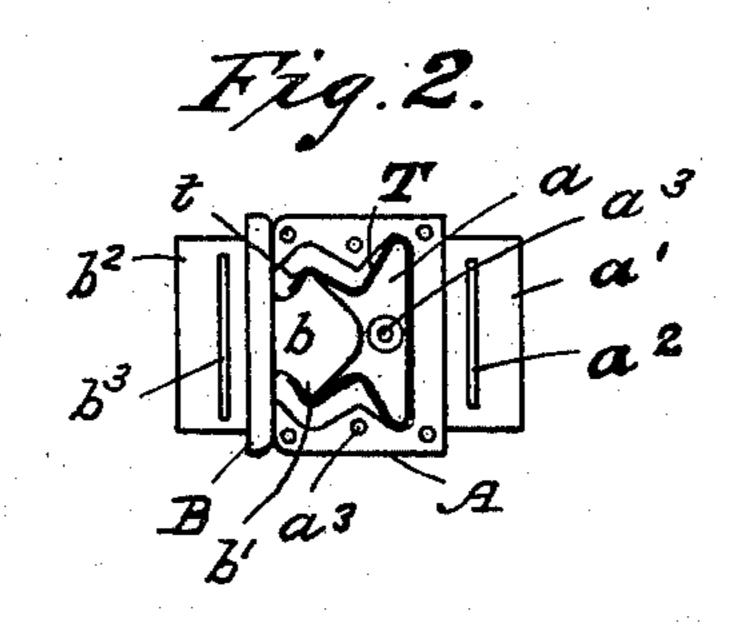
(No Model.)

O. BAGLEY. REIN FASTENING.

No. 589,997.

Patented Sept. 14, 1897.





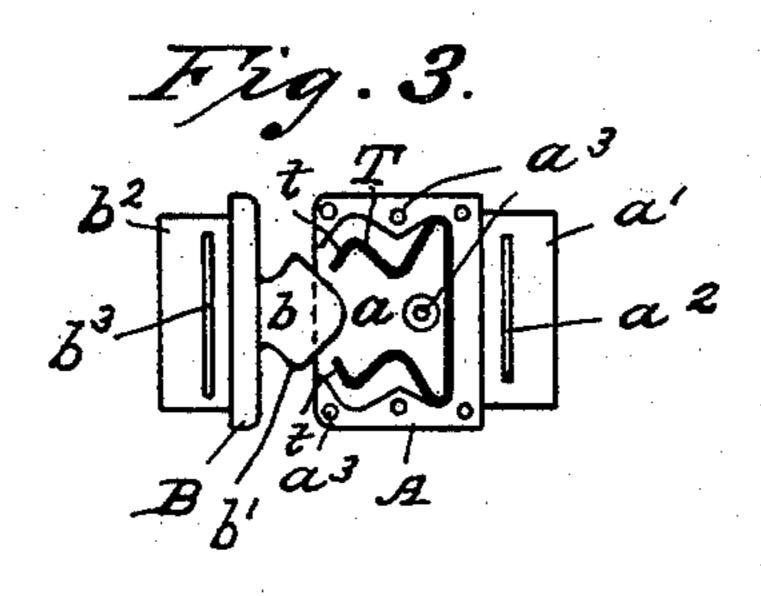


Fig. 4.

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Witnesses

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Inventor

By his Attorney Ishurater

THE NURRIS PETERS CO., PHOTO-LITHO., WASHINGTON, D. C.

United States Patent Office.

ORIN BAGLEY, OF SUTTON, NEW HAMPSHIRE.

REIN-FASTENING.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 589,997, dated September 14, 1897.

Application filed February 12, 1896. Renewed February 17, 1897. Serial No. 623,900. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

of the United States, residing at North Sutton, in the county of Merrimac and State of 5 New Hampshire, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Rein-Fastenings; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled 10 in the art to which it appertains to make and

use the same.

This invention relates to driving-reins which extend from the bits to the carriage as one continuous piece on each side and there 15 united by a buckle. Such reins are usually provided at that end which attaches to the bits with a metallic lining or stiffening, which renders them more or less difficult to detach from the bits, and hence the other ends are 20 generally disconnected when unharnessing and lapped through the bit-rings several times before removing the bridle with which they are put away; but the buckle used at the ends of the reins after short use becomes in-25 effective as a fastening and at certain times such, for instance, as on a dark night in winter when the weather is cold—it is not always an easy matter to attach one to the other.

The object of my invention is to provide 30 an effective substitute for connecting the ends of reins and at the same time to make such

device separable by a sudden jerk.

The invention consists of a spring-clasp of the novel construction described in the fol-35 lowing specification and claim and clearly illustrated in the accompanying drawings, forming a part of the same, of which—

Figure 1 is a broken elevation showing the ends of a pair of reins provided with my im-40 proved fastening. Fig. 2 is an elevation showing my device in detail, as when disconnected, and having the outer cap of the socket member removed. Fig. 3 is a similar view showing the two parts, as when separated, Fig. 4 45 being a longitudinal section of both members

of my improved fastening, as when discon-

nected.

Similar reference-letters denote correspond-

ing parts.

A represents a plate having in one side a depression a, substantially of the form shown, and provided with a tongue a', which has a

narrow transverse opening a^2 , for a purpose Be it known that I, Orin Bagley, a citizen | to be hereinafter explained. A cap A' is provided for the plate A, both being provided 55 with perforations a^3 , through which to pass. rivets C, by which the plate and cap are firmly secured together. A spring T, of suitable form to be retained in the socket or depression a of the plate A, is formed with bent 60 ends t, turning inward or toward each other, their angle conforming to that of the edges of the projections b' of the tongue b, attached to or forming a part of the member B of my improved fastening, with which projections 65 the bent ends t of said spring will engage when the members AB, forming my improved fastening, are united. The end of the tongue b is formed either convex or somewhat resembling an obtuse wedge, by which means 70 said tongue may be readily forced between the bent ends t of the spring T and expand the same until they reach and snap over the projections b' of said tongue b, where their tension is sufficient to withstand any ordi- 75 nary strain which they would be likely to encounter in use, but not so strong as to prevent their being separated by a quick jerk when unharnessing. The plate B is also provided with a tongue b^2 , having a transverse open- 80 ing b^3 , as shown. These tongues a' and b^2 , respectively, of the members A B are let into the ends of the reins D, and their openings, respectively, $a^2 b^3$ are provided for the purpose of stitching in the tongues, as shown at 85 dd, Fig. 1, and a row of stitching d' may be added as a finish.

Having described my invention, what I claim is—

A rein-shackle comprising two metal plates, 90 one being provided with a socket the interior of which is wider on two sides than is its mouth, the other having a tongue provided with projections on opposite sides, and a spring in said socket having its ends bent 95 slightly in a direction toward each other to engage the opposite projections of said tongue.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature

in presence of two witnesses.

ORIN BAGLEY.

Witnesses:

J. B. THURSTON, GEO. H. WARREN.