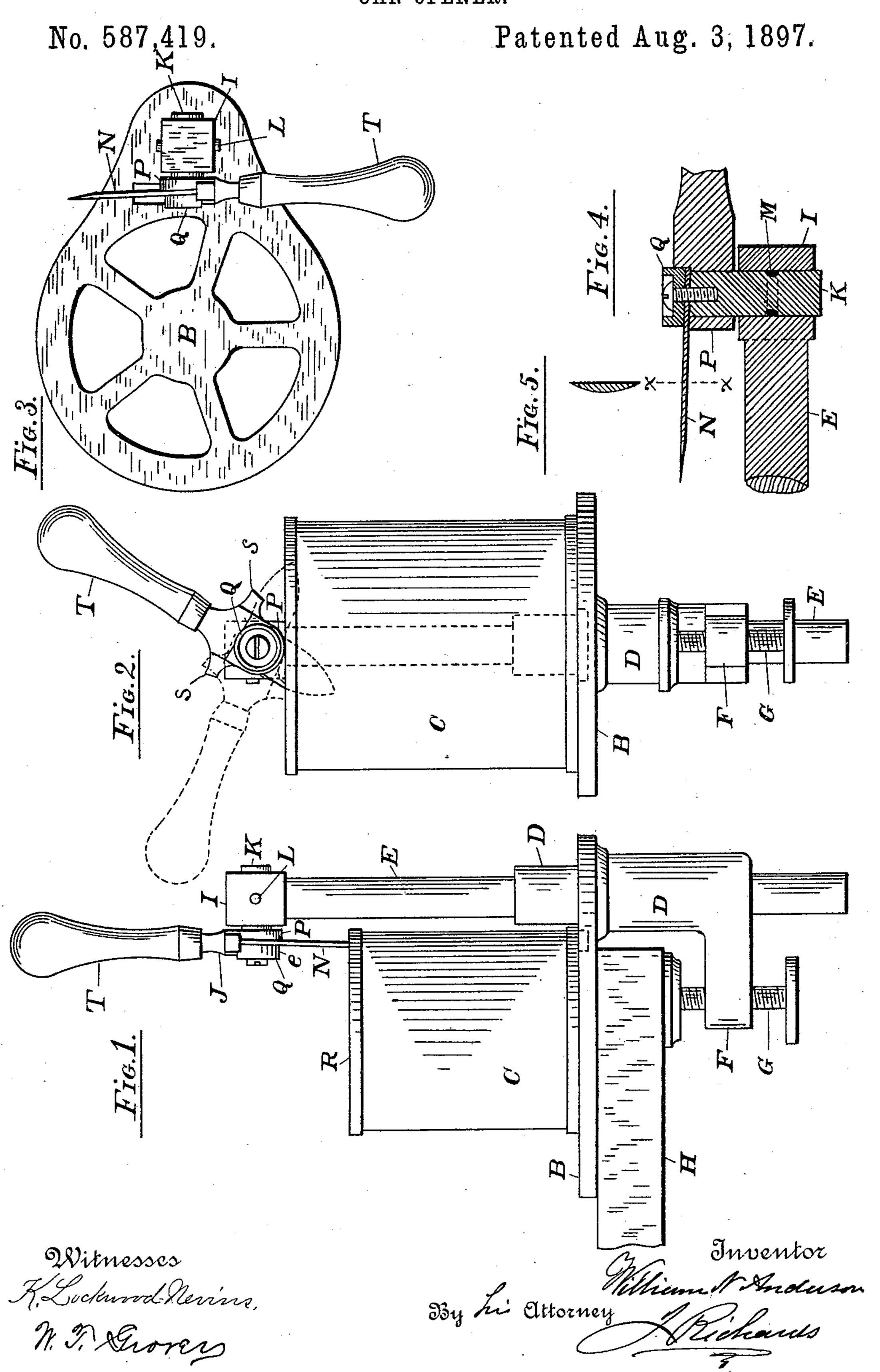
W. N. ANDERSON.
CAN OPENER.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILLIAM N. ANDERSON, OF SAN RAFAEL, CALIFORNIA.

CAN-OPENER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 587,419, dated August 3, 1897.

Application filed August 25, 1896. Serial No. 603,833. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM N. ANDERSON, a citizen of the United States, residing at San Rafael, in the county of Marin and State of 5 California, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Can-Openers; and I hereby declare the following specification and the drawings therewith to be a full, clear, and exact description of my invention.

My invention relates to devices for opening metallic cans, such as are employed to preserve food and other substances; and it consists, essentially, in a sliding and revoluble stem that guides and sustains the cutting-15 knife, holds down the cans, and is instantly adjustable for cans of different size, whether round or angular in form.

The various novel features of my invention will be pointed out in connection with the 20 drawings herewith, forming a part of this specification.

opening devices, showing the position of the can and other parts at the commencement of 25 the operation. Fig. 2 is a front view of the same with the knife in a cutting position operating on a can of larger size. Fig. 3 is a plan view of the same devices with the can removed and the cutting implement in a hori-30 zontal position. Fig. 4 is a section through the fulcrum of the cutting implement, and Fig. 5 a section across the knife in the line xx.

Similar letters of reference apply to like

parts throughout.

A machine or apparatus to embody my improvements comprises the following elements, hereinafter designated by letters of reference: a main frame or support for the parts, a sliding and revoluble fulcrum-stem, a pivoted 40 cutting implement, a knife of peculiar form, and clamping devices to fasten the apparatus to a table or shelf. The main frame is made with a horizontal extension B, on which the can C rests, and a sleeve D, through which 45 slides a cylindrical stem E.

On the bottom of the sleeve D is a projecting arm F to receive a clamping-screw G, by means of which the whole is fastened to a

table or shelf H, as seen in Fig. 1.

At the top of the stem E, on a squared extension I of the same, is pivoted the cutting implement J by means of the axis K, which

is loose and turns freely in the extension I and is retained by a pin L, fitting in the groove M, as seen in Fig. 4.

The function of the stem E is to provide a fulcrum for the cutting implement J, which is thus pivoted in two planes, also permits adjustment vertically for cans of different length, and holds the cans down when the 60

ends are being cut out.

Referring to Fig. 1, this illustrates the method of starting. The can C is set on the plate B, the cutting implement is then set vertically, and the point of the knife N forced 65 downward through the cover or end R of the can C until the knife N penetrates far enough for the curved member P to rest on the rim of the can C. Then by moving the handle Teither way, as is most convenient, and turn- 70 ing the can C by hand between the strokes the end is cut out clean close up to the sides, leaving no fin or edge. The range of the Figure 1 is a side view of one of my can- | handle T is arrested each way by the projections S S, that stop on the rim of the can C 75 before the point of the knife N comes out of or up through the top of the can C. It will be observed that the knife N is made flat on the inner side next to the can and curved on the other or outer side, as seen in Fig. 5. 80 This by a wedging action against the edge of the severed head causes the knife N to follow closely against the inside of the cans, and, as before explained, cuts out the heads completely, leaving the interior smooth. The 85 functions of the revoluble and sliding stem E in this operation are important. They relieve and protect the operator's hand, furnish a compound pivotal fulcrum for the cutting implement J, and adapt the apparatus 90 without any change whatever to cans of any size or form, whether round or square.

> The knife N is clamped and held by a washer or plate Q, rounded on its anterior face, the curve at e being a little smaller or 95 shorter than the curve at P, as shown in Fig. 1, so as to permit the severed edge of the cantop to rise or turn over as the cuts are made.

Having thus described the nature and objects of my invention and the manner of con- 100 structing and operating the same, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. In a can-opener having a fixed support,

the sliding and revoluble stem E in combination with a lever fulcrumed thereon and having a cutting-blade at its lower end and operating in the manner and for the purposes

5 substantially as described.
2. In a can-opener, the can-support B pro-

vided with the sleeve D, the sliding and revoluble stem E fitting loosely therein and a lever fulcrumed on the said sliding stem, and having a cutting-blade at its lower end, substan-

tially as described.

3. In a can-opener, the combination of the can-supporting plate B provided with a fas-

tening-clamp and sleeve D, the sliding and revoluble stem E, and a cutting implement 15 pivoted on this stem and adjustable vertically to clamp and hold the can while being opened, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto affixed my signature in the presence of two 20

witnesses.

WILLIAM N. ANDERSON.

Witnesses:

K. Lockwood-Nevins, W. T. Grover.