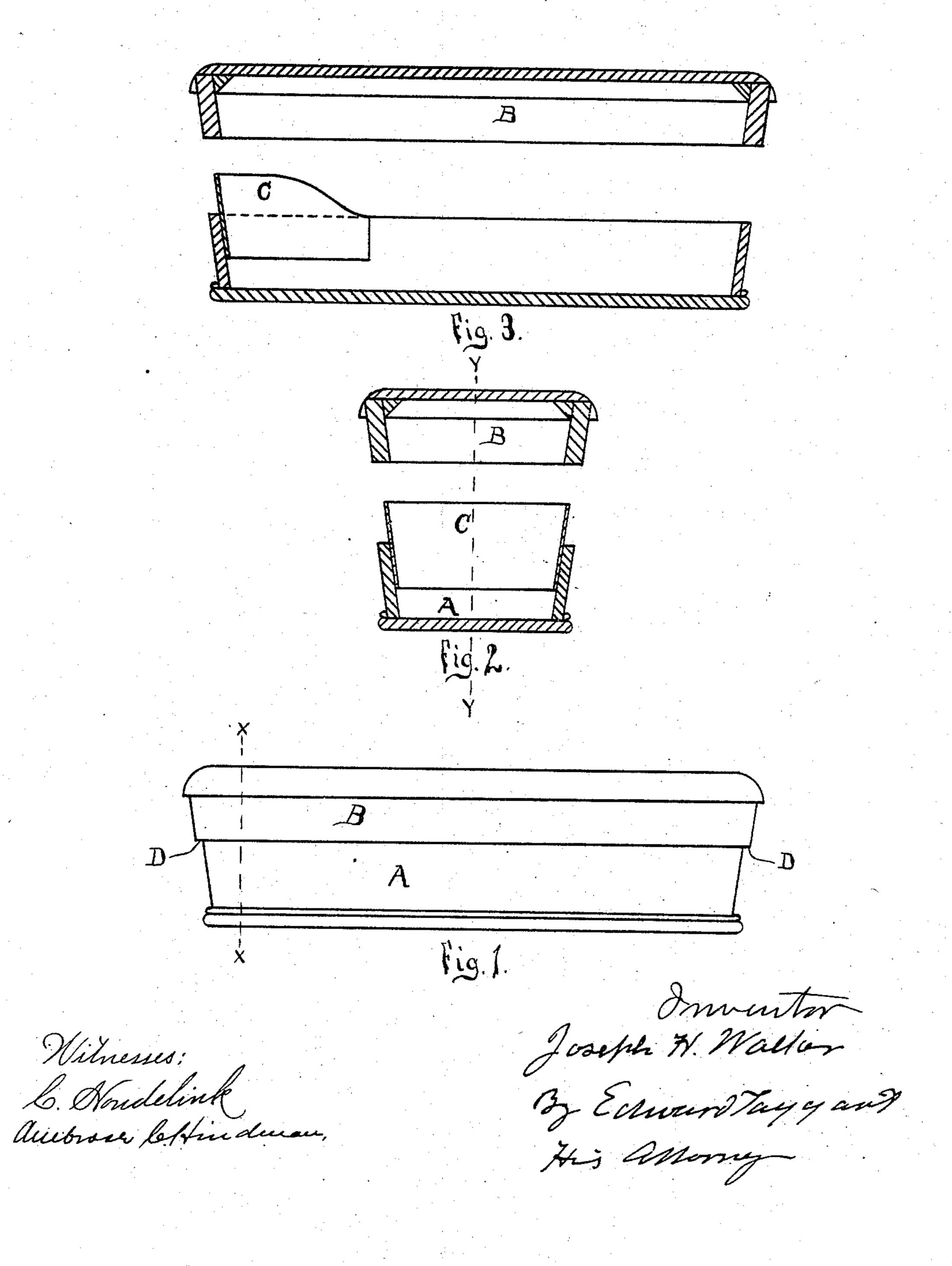
## J. H. WALKER. CASKET.

No. 570,356.

Patented Oct. 27, 1896.



## United States Patent Office.

JOSEPH H. WALKER, OF GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN.

## CASKET.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 570,356, dated October 27, 1896.

Application filed March 12, 1896. Serial No. 582, 937. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Joseph H. Walker, a citizen of the United States, residing at the city of Grand Rapids, in the county of Kent 5 and State of Michigan, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Caskets, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to certain new and useful improvements in caskets, and more ro particularly to that class of caskets which are known as "couch-caskets," or caskets which are adapted to expose more or less of the corpse when the lid or upper portion is removed.

The object of my invention is to provide a new and improved casket of the character. referred to; and to this end it consists in the combination of a lower part or body having substantially a horizontal upper surface, a 20 shell or case at the head of the casket and within the body thereof, projecting above the body and adapted to retain the head-cushion, and a lid or cover adapted to fit over the said head-piece and to make a close-fitted joint 25 with the body.

The invention is illustrated by the accom-

panying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 shows a side elevation of a casket constructed in accordance with my invention, 30 with the lid closed. Fig. 2 shows a cross-section on line X X of Fig. 1, and Fig. 3 shows a longitudinal vertical section on line Y Y of Fig. 2.

Similar letters refer to similar parts through-

35 out the several views.

In order to enable those skilled in the art to make and use my invention I will now describe the same in detail, referring to the drawings, wherein—

The letter A indicates the body or lower

part of the casket.

B represents the upper part or lid, which in the example of my invention shown in the drawings is a little less in vertical depth than 45 the base or body A, and which is a little longer and wider, so as to extend over the body A at the point of contact, and as the caskets are usually covered with cloth the point where the lid and body are joined will not be 50 visible.

It will be noticed that B, although referred

to as a lid, is properly a portion of the body, but serves as a lid in that it can be separated temporarily from the lower part A, and being slightly larger it fits over the body A, so as 55 to form a projection at the point of meeting with the lower part A. This is shown fully

in Fig. 1.

C represents a case or shell placed within the lower or body part A, and which in the 60 example of my invention shown in the drawings does not extend to the bottom of the said lower part A; but it may be constructed so as to extend to the bottom, if desired. The part C projects above the body A a sufficient 65 distance to allow the head and shoulders of the occupant to be raised by the cushion, which is retained within the casing C. This portion C is also, as shown in Fig. 2, adapted to slip into the upper part B, so that the cas- 70 ing C is entirely inclosed when the upper part B is placed in position. By this construction the body lying in the lower part A, with the head and shoulders raised by means of cushions held in position by C, is exposed a part 75 or the whole length of the figure, and by placing the upper portion B upon the lower portion A the whole is inclosed without disturbing in any manner the occupant of the casket.

The portion A is upholstered, as is the rest 80 of the casket, in the ordinary manner, and furnishes a support for the occupant, so that when the body lies in the lower portion A, and the upper part is removed, the face and a considerable portion of the body will be ex- 85 posed to view. The lid or upper part B is adapted to fit over so as to entirely conceal the raised portion C, as above described.

By forming the top portion B thicker or longer and wider than the body portion A an 90 overhang or offset is formed. It is the usual practice to cover the caskets with cloth, and the joint is entirely concealed by the described overhang or offset, the casket appearing to have no removable cover. It also serves to 95 cover entirely the metallic head-case and gives to the casket a rich and heavy appearance.

While I prefer to construct the raised portion of metal, it may be constructed of any 100 suitable material, and the general form or shape of the casket may be varied without

departing from the spirit of my invention so long as it contains the general structure above described and hereinafter claimed.

Having thus described my invention, what 5 I claim to have invented, and desire to secure

by Letters Patent, is—

In a casket, the combination of the lower part or body having substantially a horizontal upper surface, a shell or case at the head of the casket and within the body thereof, projecting above the body and adapted to retain

the head-cushion substantially as described, a lid or cover adapted to fit over the said head-piece and to make a close-fitting joint with the body, substantially as and for the 15 purpose described.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal in the presence of two witnesses.

JOSEPH H. WALKER. [L. s.]

Witnesses:

EDWARD TAGGART, CHRISTOPHER HONDELINK.