## (No Model.) H. BORSCH. NOSE PIECE FOR EYEGLASSES. No. 568,294. Patented Sept. 22, 1896.

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## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

## HENRY BORSCH, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

NOSE-PIECE FOR EYEGLASSES.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 568,294, dated September 22, 1896. Application filed November 1, 1895. Serial No. 567,648. (No model.)

## To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HENRY BORSCH, a citizen of the United States, residing at Chicago, in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, 5 have invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Nose-Pieces for Eyeglasses, of which the following is a specification, reference being had to the accompanying drawings.

- This improvement relates more particularly to that class of nose-pieces which are made of two parts, and is designed to provide a nose-piece in which one part thereof is much more yielding than the other, and may also
  be "set off" or out of line with the other; and the invention consists in the peculiar construction, arrangement, and combinations of parts hereinafter more particularly described, and then definitely claimed.
- 20 In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1

In Fig. 3 the spring is set between the 55 clasps and pads of both sections.

In Fig. 4 the arm is riveted to the outside of the clasp and the spring inserted between the pad and clasps.

In Fig. 5 the arm, spring, and clasp of the 60 lower section are all riveted together and the spring inserted loosely in the upper clasp. The spring is shown in this figure as bent over, so as to carry the face of the upper pad farther in than that of the face of the lower 65 one.

It will thus be seen that besides having the upper section more flexible than the lower one said upper section can be set at any desired angle by having the spring made of dif- 70 ferent shapes, so that the oculist may select the spring of the proper shape to suit the shape of the nose.

What I claim as new is—

1. In a nose-piece, the combination with 75 the carrying-arm of two independent sections substantially in line with each other, one of which is rigidly connected to the carryingarm and the other having a yielding connection therewith, substantially as and for the 80 purpose specified. 2. In a nose-piece, the combination with a carrying-arm, of two independent sections comprising pads and clasps for said pads, said independent sections being substantially in 85 line with each other, one of which is firmly secured to said arm and the other having a spring connecting it with the first section by having said spring placed between the pad and its clasp, substantially as and for the 90 purpose specified. 3. The combination in a pair of glasses, of a carrying-arm having two independent sections connected therewith, said sections being substantially in line with each other, and 95 one of them being more yielding or resilient than the other, the resilient one overlapping or projecting beyond the other toward the nose, substantially as and for the purpose specified. 100 In testimony whereof I affix my signature, in the presence of two witnesses, this 28th day of October, 1895.

shows a perspective view, on a large scale, of part of a pair of eyeglasses constructed according to my invention. Fig. 2 shows the nose-piece thereof on a still larger scale.
25 Figs. 3, 4, and 5 show detached nose-pieces of various forms embodying my invention, all on a still larger scale than that shown in Fig. 1.

Referring now to the details of the draw-30 ings by figures, and particularly to Figs. 1 and 2, 1 represents the lenses having the usual spring 2 and clasp 3. To the latter is secured the curved arm 4 by a screw 5 or in any suitable manner. This arm carries the 35 lower section of the nose-piece 6, its lower end being slipped into the space between the pad 7 and the clasp 8. To the latter the lower end of a light spring 9 is secured by riveting, whose upper end has the clasp 10 of 40 the upper section riveted to it also. The upper section is preferably set off or out of line with the lower section. By this arrangement it will be seen that the lower part of the nosepiece is held stationary or practically so, 45 while the upper part is very yielding and is set off at an angle, so as to readily adapt itself to the nose. Thus the nose-piece is very flexible, will accommodate itself to anyshaped nose, and will have a firm hold with-50 out great pressure. I do not limit myself to the exact form here described, as the same principle can be carried out in different ways, and different forms of the invention are shown in Figs. 3, 4, and 5.

HENRY BORSCH.

Witnesses: CHAS. S. WEYHMAN, C. GILKEY.