### (No Model.)

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## No. 568,241.

Fig:1.

## E. FACKNER. BALL CASTER.

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# Patented Sept. 22, 1896.



Fig: 2.

Fig: 6



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#### ATTORNEYS.

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#### THE NORRIS PETERS CO, PHOTO-LITHO, WASHINGTON, D. C.

# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

EDWARD FACKNER, OF BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

**BALL-CASTER.** 

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 568,241, dated September 22, 1896.

Application filed June 22, 1895. Serial No. 553,666. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern: ball B and with its base abutting against the Be it known that I, EDWARD FACKNER, of under side of the concave disk G. 55 Brooklyn, in the county of Kings and State Now it will be seen that by the arrangement of New York, have invented a new and Imdescribed the pin or head H is conveniently 5 proved Ball-Caster, of which the following is mounted in the spring-disks G and F, so that a full, clear, and exact description. a heavy load bearing on the caster will cause The object of the invention is to provide a the said spring-disk and pin to yield and per- 60 new and improved ball-caster, more especially mit the ball B to move upward in the casing designed for use on heavy articles, such as A, so that the ball will readily turn, no mat-10 safes, pianos, furniture, &c., and arranged to ter how heavy the load, whenever the article permit the ball to turn readily in the direcis pushed in any direction. tion in which the article is pushed. It is understood that the apex of the conical 65 The invention consists of certain parts and pin or head H is slightly rounded off, so that details and combinations of the same, as will the ball B will readily turn without danger 15 befully described hereinafter, and then pointof the pin cutting into the ball when a heavy ed out in the claims. load is supported on the ball and pin. It Reference is to be had to the accompanying will further be seen that the device is ex- 70 drawings, forming a part of this specification, tremely simple and durable in construction, in which similar characters of reference indican be cheaply manufactured, and readily 20 cate corresponding parts in all the figures. applied. Figure 1 is a sectional side elevation of the Having thus fully described my invention, improvement as applied. Fig. 2 is an inverted I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters 75 sectional plan view of the same on the line Patent-2 2 of Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a perspective view of 1. A ball-caster, comprising a casing having its lower end contracted, a cap for the casing of the flat disk. Fig. 5 is a similar view of provided with a screw projecting from its upthe concave disk. Fig. 6 is a perspective view persurface, a flat apertured disk in the casing, 80 of the top of the casing, and Fig. 7 is a like a bearing in the casing above the disk and view of the casing. against which the disk rests, an apertured The improved caster is provided with a tuconcave disk of less diameter than the flat bular casing A, adapted to contain a ball B, disk and resting on the underside of the same, the said casing being slightly contracted at a ball in the casing, and a pin having a head 85 its lower end to engage the ball below its midengaging the ball and provided with a shank dle, to securely hold the ball in position in projecting through the apertures of the said disks, substantially as described. free revolution of the ball within the casing. 2. A ball-caster, consisting of a cap having The upper end of the casing A is attached to a screw-threaded flange and provided with a 90 a top C, provided with a depending annular screw projecting from its upper surface for screw-threaded flange C', on which screws the securing it to the article on which the caster is to be used, a casing having its lower end A, as is plainly illustrated in Fig. 1. From contracted and screwing on the flange of the this top or cap C extends à screw or pin D said cap, a ball in the casing, a flat apertured 95 to engage a leg or other article E, on which disk resting on the annular flange of the cap, the caster is to be applied. (See Fig. 1.) an apertured concave spring-disk of less di-Against the under side of the threaded ameter than the flat disk resting on the under 45 flange C' rests a flat spring-disk F, on the unside of the same, and a pin having a conical der side of which rests the edge of a concave head engaging the ball and provided with a 100 disk G, made of steel or other springy mateshank projecting through the apertures of rial, and formed in its center with an openthe said disks, substantially as described. 50 ing registering with a corresponding opening EDWARD FACKNER. in the disk F, the said openings receiving the Witnesses: shank H' of a conically-shaped pin or head H, THEO. G. HOSTER, adapted to rest with its apex on the top of the C. SEDGWICK.

- 25 the pin or post. Fig. 4 is a perspective view
- 30 35 the casing, and at the same time permit of a 40 interiorly-threaded upper end of the casing