## (No Model.)

No. 568,023.

H. L. GAMBLE. CASTER.

Patented Sept. 22, 1896.

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# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

### HARRY L. GAMBLE, OF PERRY, IOWA.

CASTER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 568,023, dated September 22, 1896.

Application filed September 23, 1895. Serial No. 563, 326. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HARRY L. GAMBLE, a citizen of the United States of America, and a resident of Perry, in the county of Dallas and 5 State of Iowa, have invented a new and useful Caster, of which the following is a specification.

The object of my invention is to provide means for preventing the accidental withto drawal of a caster from its socket, and to provide such a fastening means as that the caster may readily be removed manually when desired.

My invention consists in the combination the said stem is rotated into such a position 15 of a socket having locking-pawls inwardly that the pawls will not engage the cams. extending therefrom, a caster having a stem When it is desired to insert the caster, the mounted in said socket, a head formed on stem is introduced into the socket and moved said stem and engaged by said pawls to prevent the withdrawal of said stem from said the pawls, the said pawls receding to permit 20 socket, and cams on said stem designed to of the passage of the head and cams into the engage said pawls and depress the same to positions shown, at which time the stem is permit said stem to be withdrawn. free to rotate in the socket. My invention consists, further, in the con-When it is desired to remove the caster 75 struction, arrangement, and combination of from the socket, the stem is rotated, if neces-25 parts hereinafter set forth, pointed out in sary, until the cams are out of alinement my claims, and illustrated by the accompanywith the ends of the pawls, then withdrawn ing drawings, in which until said pawls engage the shoulders of the Figure 1 is an elevation, partly in section, of my device, showing it mounted as required the spring-pawls flush with the margin of the 30 for practical use. Fig. 2 is a sectional elevahead, the apex of each cam engaging a pawl tion of the device, the caster-stem being at and holding the same so as to permit of the right angles to the position shown in Fig. 1. passage of the head outwardly beyond the Fig. 3 is a sectional plan of the device as pawls. shown in Fig. 1. Fig. 4 is a side elevation of What I claim is— 35 the complete device detached from the fur-1. A caster comprising a socket provided niture-leg. Fig. 5 is a sectional plan of the with inwardly-extending pawls having their device as shown in Fig. 2. Fig. 6 is a deinner ends at a distance from the top of said tail sectional elevation of the upper portion of the device, showing the cams in engage-16 on said stem, which head is of a height 40 ment with the pawls as required to withmaterially less than the distance between the draw the stem from the socket. pawls and the upper end of the socket, a re-In the construction and application of the duced neck on said stem below the head, cams device as shown the numeral 10 designates a furniture-leg having a vertical bore in its and the head and projecting laterally diamet-45 lower end to admit a socket 11, which socket rically opposite each other to the perimeter of preferably is made of sheet-steel by stampthe head, the transverse diameter of said ing and forming. Sections of the socket 11 cams coinciding with the diameter of the reare stamped or cut and turned inwardly at their upper ends near the upper end of said dimension corresponding to the difference 50 socket, thereby forming pawls 12 13 on diabetween the vertical dimension of the head metrically opposite sides of the socket. The and the space between the pawls and upper caster is formed with a stem 14 and wheel 15 end of the socket, the said cams and head

in the common manner, the stem being designed for positioning in the socket.

The stem 14 is formed with a semispherical 55 head 16 on its upper end and laterally-projecting diametrically opposite cams or lugs 17 immediately below the head.

The extremities of the cams form shoulders which engage the pawls 12 13 and prevent, 60 at times, the accidental withdrawal of the stem from the socket.

The portions of the head 16 between the cams form shoulders which engage the pawls and prevent the withdrawal of the stem when 65

forward until the head and cams pass beyond 70

head, then rotated until the cams compress 80 85

socket, a caster-stem, a semispherical head co 17, 17 formed integrally on said reduced neck 95 duced neck, the said cams having a vertical 100

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being relatively so shaped as to form shoulders at the extremities of the cams and between the same, which shoulders are of different altitudes, as shown and described.

5 2. In a pintle-retaining caster, a pintle or stem 14 having a semispherical head 16 on its upper end and cam-shaped shoulders 17, 17 below said head and projecting in diametrically opposite directions to the perimeter

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of said head, in combination with a socket 10 having pawls to engage said shoulders and to be engaged by said shoulders to release said head from the socket.

### HARRY L. GAMBLE.

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Witnesses:

L. D. GAMBLE, T. R. PHILLIPS.

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