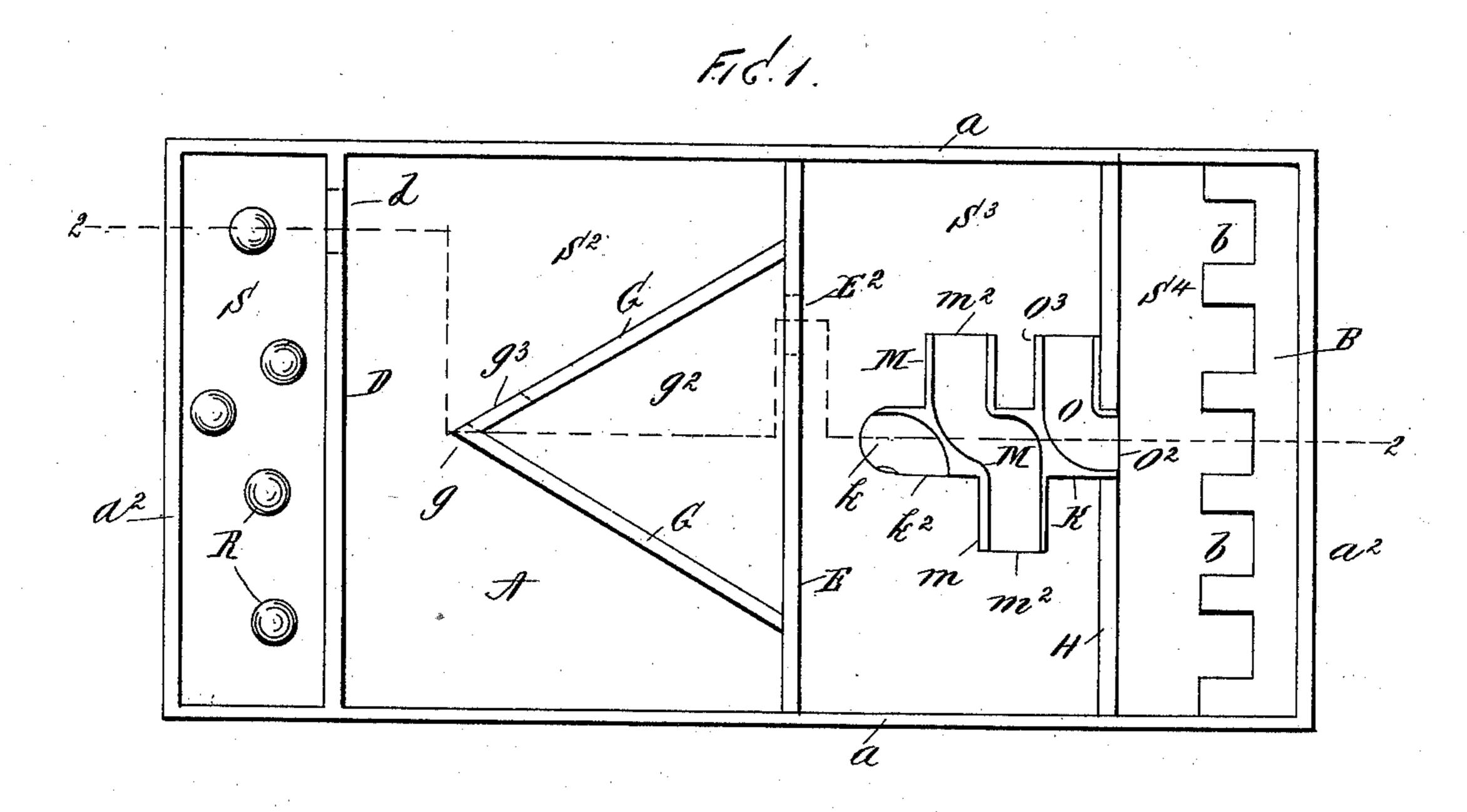
(No Model.)

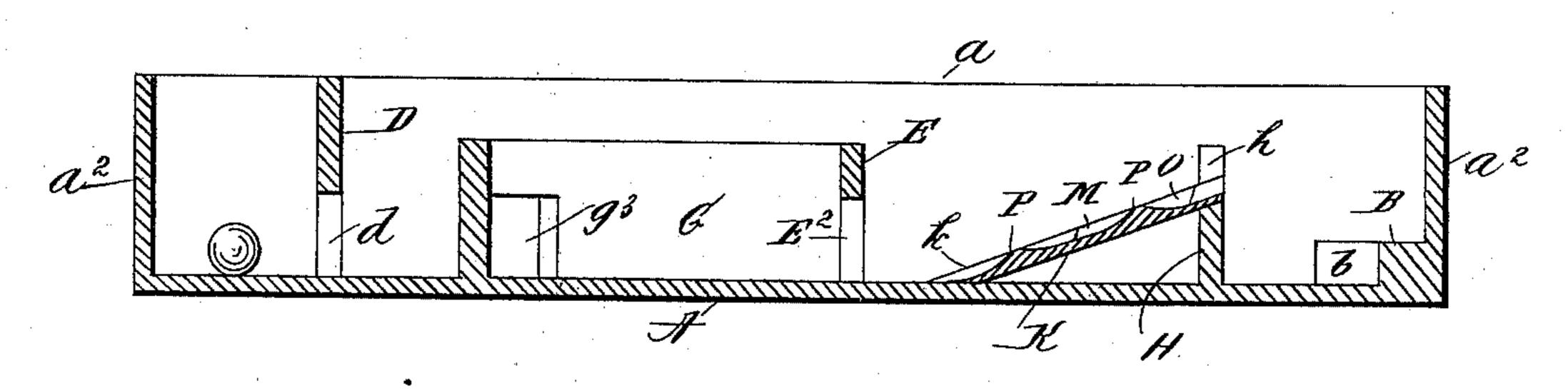
J. F. BRITTINGHAM. PUZZLE.

No. 567,804.

Patented Sept. 15, 1896.



FICA



WITNESSES

John Buckler, Gerst INVENTOR
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United States Patent Office.

JAMES F. BRITTINGHAM, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

PUZZLE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 567,804, dated September 15, 1896.

Application filed June 27, 1896. Serial No. 597,134. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, James F. Brittingham, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of New York, in the county of New York and 5 State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Puzzles, of which the following is a specification, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part thereof, in which similar letters of reference indicate corresponding parts, wherever found, throughout both the views.

This invention relates to puzzles; and the object thereof is to provide an improved device of this class which is simple in construction but difficult of solution, but the solution of which may be accomplished by the exercise of care, skill, and ingenuity in the manipulation thereof

nipulation thereof.

The invention is fully disclosed in the following specification, of which the accompanying drawings form a part, in which—

Figure 1 is a plan view of my improved puzzle, and Fig. 2 a section on the line 2 2 thereof.

In the practice of my invention I provide 25 an oblong box or casing comprising a bottom A, sides a, and ends a^2 , and this box or casing is provided at one end with a transverse bottom piece B, in which are formed a plurality of chambers or recesses b, which are 30 preferably five in number, as shown in the drawings. Near the end of the box or casing opposite the end B is a partition D, in the bottom of which, and near one end thereof, is a passage d, and centrally of the box or cas-35 ing is a similar partition E, having in one side thereof, and at the bottom, a passage E2, and connected therewith and projecting in the direction of the partition D are two inclined plates or walls G, which are brought 40 together at g, so as to form a triangular chamber g^2 , in which and near the point g is a side opening or passage g^3 .

Adjacent to the end of the box or casing in which the end piece B is placed is a partition H, which is provided centrally of its top with an angular notch or recess h, and I also provide a block or plate K, one end of which rests in said notch or recess h and the other on the bottom A, at a short distance from the

50 partition E.

The lower end of the block or plate K is provided in its upper side with a curved

groove or passage k, which opens at one side, as shown at k^2 , and transversely thereof is another curved passage or groove M, and 55 said block or plate is provided with side extensions m, through which the groove or passage M extends, and said groove or passage is open at both ends, as shown at m^2 , and in the upper end of the block or plate K is another 60 groove or passage O, one end of which opens through the upper end of the block or plate, as shown at O^2 , and the other end thereof extends outwardly through an arm or the extension O^3 , as clearly shown in Fig. 1.

The transverse walls between the grooves or passages k, M, and O are gradually inclined along the dotted line 2, as shown at P in Fig. 2, and I also provide a plurality of balls or spherical bodies R, which equal in num- 70 ber the chambers or recesses b, and these balls or bodies are preferably placed in the chamber S, formed by the partition D. As thus constructed the box or casing is divided into four principal chambers S, S², S³, 75 and S⁴, and the chamber S² is provided with the supplemental triangular chamber g^2 , and the solution of the puzzle consists in passing the balls R from the chamber S, along the dotted line 2, into the chamber S⁴ and locating 80 one of said balls or bodies in each of the chambers or recesses b. This solution is exceedingly difficult by reason of the difficulty experienced in passing the balls or bodies up over the inclined plate or block K, 85 along the dotted line 2 2, without allowing either of said balls or bodies to pass out through the ends of the grooves or passages k, M, and O; but it may be accomplished by the exercise of care, skill, and ingenuity of 90 the device, and in practice I also prefer to designate the separate chambers or recesses b by a number, letter, or color, and to similarly designate the balls or bodies R, and in this event the solution of the puzzle will 95 also involve a location of each ball or body in the chamber or recess which is similarly designated.

It is evident that changes in and modifications of the construction herein described noomay be made without departing from the spirit of my invention or sacrificing its advantages, and I reserve the right to make all such changes in and modifications of the

construction herein described as fairly come within the scope of the invention.

The partition E and the supplemental chamber g^2 may be omitted, if desired.

Having fully described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent—

1. A puzzle comprising an oblong box or casing, having a plurality of chambers or re-10 cesses formed in one end thereof, a transverse chamber near the opposite end, having an opening or passage therein, a similar partition near the end in which the chambers or recesses are formed, and an inclined plate or 15 block one end of which is placed in a notch or recess formed in the top of said last-named partition, and the other end of which rests upon the bottom of the box or casing, said block or plate being provided at its lower end 20 with a groove or passage, which opens outwardly, and also at one side thereof, and with a transverse groove or passage which is open at both ends, and at its upper end with another groove or passage, which opens at the 25 end of the block or plate, and at one side thereof, and the transverse walls between said grooves or passages being gradually inclined, substantially as shown and described.

2. A puzzle comprising an oblong box or casing, having a plurality of chambers or recesses formed in one end thereof, a transverse chamber near the opposite end, having an opening or passage therein, a similar par-

tition near the end in which the chambers or recesses are formed, and an inclined plate or 35 block one end of which is placed in a notch or recess formed in the top of said last-named partition, and the other end of which rests upon the bottom of the box or casing, said block or plate being provided at its lower end 40 with a groove or passage, which opens outwardly, and also at one side thereof, and with a transverse groove or passage which is open at both ends, and at its upper end with another groove or passage, which opens at the 45 end of the block or plate, and at one side thereof, and the transverse walls between said grooves or passages being gradually inclined, said box or casing being also provided centrally with another partition in 50 which is formed a passage or opening, and with inclined plates or walls which connect therewith, and which project in the direction of the end opposite to that in which the chambers or recesses are formed, and which 55 are brought together to form a triangular chamber having a passage or opening thereinto, substantially as shown and described.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my invention I have signed my name, in presence of the subscribing witnesses, this 26th day of June, 1896.

JAMES F. BRITTINGHAM.

Witnesses:

W. W. HILL, CHARLES S. ROGERS.