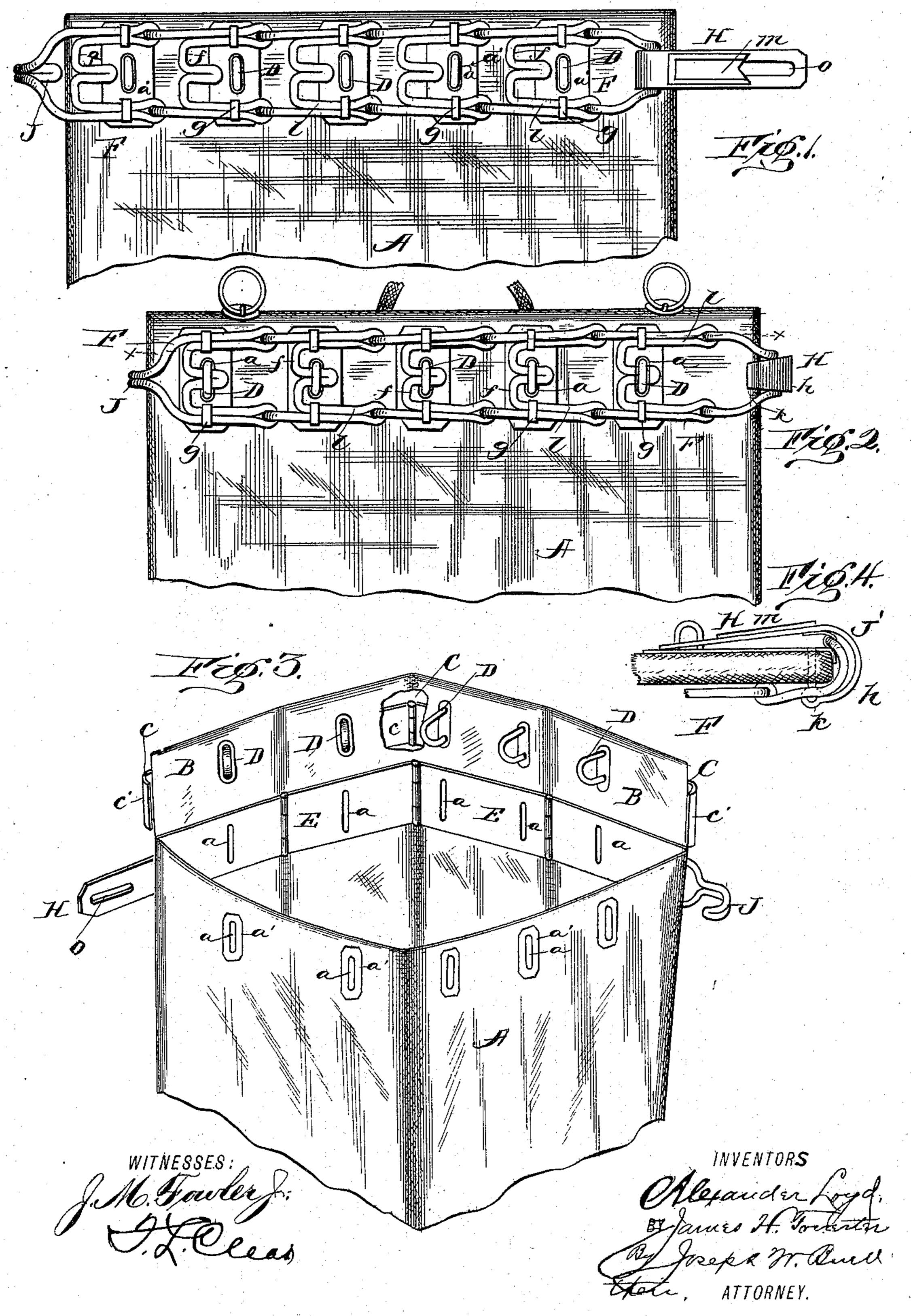
(No Model.)

A. LOYD & J. H. FORRESTER. LOCKING DEVICE FOR MAIL BAGS.

No. 565,550.

Patented Aug. 11, 1896.



THE NORRIS PETERS CO., PHOTO-LITHO., WASHINGTON, D. C.

United States Patent Office.

ALEXANDER LOYD AND JAMES H. FORRESTER, OF JACKSBOROUGH, TENNESSEE.

LOCKING DEVICE FOR MAIL-BAGS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 565,550, dated August 11, 1896.

Application filed April 20, 1896. Serial No. 588,241. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Beitknown that we, ALEXANDER LOYD and JAMES HOLLINGSWORTH FORRESTER, citizens of the United States, residing at Jacksbor-5 ough, in the county of Campbell and State of Tennessee, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Locking Devices for Mail-Pouches; and we do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact de-10 scription of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

This invention relates to that class of mail bags or pouches in which the mouth at the 15 top of the bag is closed by a flap-cover carrying upon its inner face a series of lockingstaples that are adapted to pass through the usual apertures provided in the upper part of the bag; and our invention consists, prima-20 rily, in the combination, with such a type of mail-pouch, of a novel sliding locking-strap that is provided with a series of lockingtongues arranged in alinement over a like number of apertures formed in the top part 25 of the bag, and which are adapted to move synchronously into and out of engagement with locking-staples that project through said apertures, by means of a longitudinal thrust

In the accompanying drawings the construction of our improved locking-strap and the manner of its application are fully illustrated.

Figure 1 is a front elevation of the outer 35 end of a mail-pouch, showing the pouch in a closed position with the improved lockingstrap thrown endwise out of locking engagement with the staples. Fig. 2 is a like view of the same, showing the locking - strap 40 brought into engagement with the lockingstaples. Fig. 3 represents the mouth of the bag in open position with the flap-cover elevated. Fig. 4 is a top plan view of an end portion of the bag, on line XX, showing the 45 retaining and locking devices.

Like letters of reference indicate like parts

in the several figures.

mechanism.

In the drawings, A represents a mail-pouch of ordinary construction, having a mouth at 50 the top that is closed by a flap-cover B, secured to said pouch at the upper edge in a

suitable manner. To the outer side of the flap B is secured a flat strip of metal C, composed, preferably, of hinged sections cc, which strip is provided at each end with curved lips 55 c' c', that are adapted to partly inclose the ends of the pouch thereat when the flap is in a closed position. The inner face of the flap is provided with a series of locking-staples D D D, that project therefrom, and that are 60 retained thereon by riveting to the strap C. Both sides of the mouth of the bag are provided with a series of apertures a a a, each of which is adapted to register with like apertures on the opposite side of the bag 65 when the mouth is closed, and they are so located that when the flap is folded over the mouth of the bag the staples projecting therefrom can be readily passed through the coinciding apertures on both sides of the bag to 70 afford a means for locking the bag. The apertures are shown as being reinforced with metal face-pieces a' a' a', which are properly secured to the bag and which serve to maintain the integrity and shape of the apertures. 75

E represents a flat metal strap composed of hinged pieces E E E, that are provided with apertures coinciding with those formed in the bag and face-pieces above referred to. This strap forms a flexible strap the width of the 80 bag, and provides a framework at the mouth of said bag that permits the mouth to be expanded and maintained thus extended when desired.

F represents a locking-strap made, prefer- 85 ably, of wire rods shaped so as to form a plurality of connecting-links lll, that are hinged so as to lie flatwise against the bag and break joints with the strap-pieces E E E, located on the interior face thereof. These links are 90 formed, preferably, of brass or steel wire material, and are so constructed each of a continuous strand folded in such a manner as to present rectangular-shaped pieces of suitable length. Each link member comprises paral- 95 lel side pieces with terminating eyes that are formed, respectively, by doubling a strand back upon itself at each end of a length of wire to a determinate point and in such a manner as to form a continuous loop connec- 100 tion between the side pieces thus formed. This loop is made into a tie-bar by being

565,550

folded into a pair of return-bends that lie in the same plane, while the adjacent wire sections thereof are pressed closely together in parallelism to provide locking-tongues i i i, 5 that extend in right-angular relation to the folds f f, that form a part of the tie-bar. When connected together, these links form a skeleton strap that is light, strong, and flexible. The strap is then fastened to the bag 10 by staples g g, that are riveted to the facepieces a' a' a', and which prevent the movement of said strap except in a longitudinal direction.

H indicates a hinged lever, which serves as 15 a handle for shifting the sliding lock-strap in either direction, and that provides a means for locking the strap against longitudinal displacement when the tongues i i i have been thrown into engagement with the locking-20 staples D D. This lever consists of a flat rectangular bar having elongated opening o near one end thereof, while its other end is shaped to form a hook or yoke of a size adapted to fit and clamp one side end of the 25 closed pouch when the lever is swung into a locking position. The lever is attached to the bag so as to fulcrum at k to freely allow the yoke extremity thereof to swing into and out of engagement with the side edge of the 30 bag when locking or unlocking the pouch, as well as to allow the flat portion of the lever carrying the elongated opening to be swung into locking position with the fastening means on the lock on the other side of the bag. 35 The locking-strap is secured to the lever H by a hooked connecting-link that is also adapted to fit and clamp about the edge of the pouch when the lever is swung into a locking position. Said connecting-link is se-40 cured to the lever at N. This flat portion of the lever is also adapted to carry the labelholder m. The opposite end of the strap is provided with a hook J, that is formed of the free ends of the link thereat, and which is 45 adapted to fit the side edge of the bag as a clamp.

Having described our invention, what we desire to claim as new and useful is—

1. In a mail bag or pouch the combination 50 with the mouth of the bag provided with transversely-alining apertures, and a flapcover carrying projecting locking-staples that are adapted to pass through said apertures, of a flexible locking-strap slidingly mounted 55 on the locking-face of said bag said strap comprising a series of link-pieces having

tongues extending in a general direction, and terminating hooked links adapted to clamp about the respective edges of said pouch, and means for synchronously throwing the strap- 60 tongues into and out of engagement with the projecting staples and the hooked links into and out of engagement with the edges of the

pouch, substantially as described.

2. In a mail bag or pouch, the combination 65 with the mouth of the bag provided with transversely-alining apertures, and a flapcover carrying projecting locking-staples that are adapted to pass through said apertures, of a flexible strap slidingly mounted on one 70 side of said bag and comprising a plurality of links hinged together, which are provided with locking-tongues ranged in alinement over said apertures, and an end link that is provided with a hook adapted to embrace the 75 adjacent side edge of the bag; and a lever means for throwing said tongues and hook into and out of engagement with the projecting staples and side edge, respectively,

substantially as described.

3. In a mail bag or pouch, the combination with the mouth of the bag provided with transversely - alining apertures, and a flapcover carrying projecting locking-staples that are adapted to pass through said apertures, 85 of a flexible strap slidingly mounted on one side of said bag and comprising a plurality of links hinged together, which are provided with locking - tongues ranged in alinement over said apertures, and which terminate at 90 either end of the strap in hooked projections that are adapted to close about the edges of the pouch; and a lever means for synchronously throwing said tongues into engagement with the projecting staples, and the hooked 95 projections into clamping engagement with the edges of the bag, said lever being so shaped and fulcrumed at one end as to be adapted to swing into engagement with fastening means on the opposite side of the bag, 100 thereby forming a protecting side-edge clamp over the connecting hook projection of the lock-strap secured thereto, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof we affix our signa- 105 tures in presence of two witnesses.

> ALEXANDER LOYD. JAMES H. FORRESTER.

Witnesses:

JOHN JENNINGS, A. D. RUTHERFORD.

.