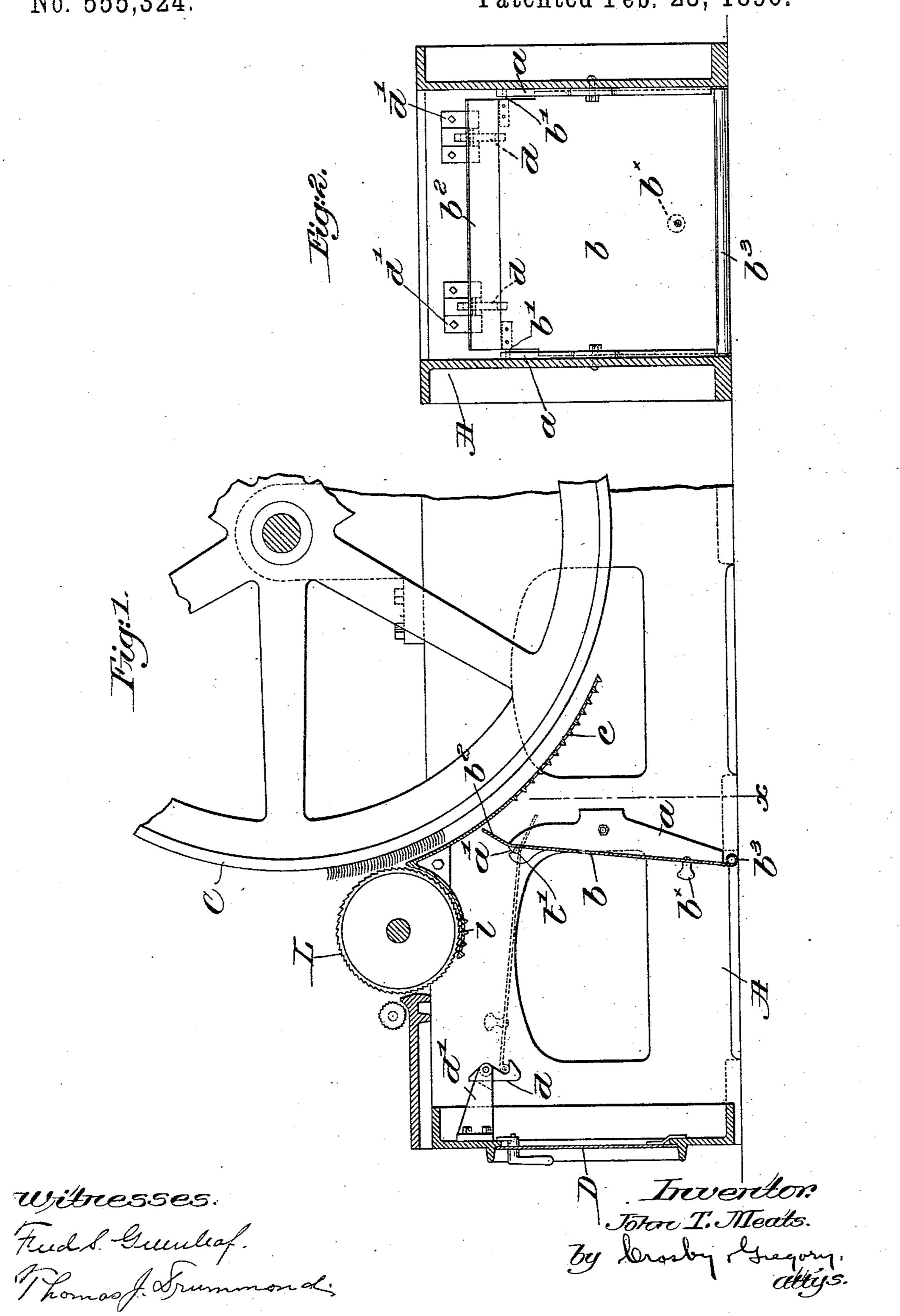
J. T. MEATS. CARDING ENGINE.

No. 555,324.

Patented Feb. 25, 1896.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN T. MEATS, OF TAUNTON, MASSACHUSETTS, ASSIGNOR TO THE MASON MACHINE WORKS, OF SAME PLACE.

CARDING-ENGINE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 555,324, dated February 25, 1896.

Application filed November 18, 1895. Serial No. 569,272. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Beitknown that I, JOHN T. MEATS, of Taunton, county of Bristol, State of Massachusetts, have invented an Improvement in Carding-5 Engines, of which the following description, in connection with the accompanying drawings, is a specification, like letters on the drawings representing like parts.

This invention relates to carding-engines, 10 and has for its object the production of simple and readily-operated means whereby the waste from the licker-in roll, having but little value, can be maintained separate from the card-cylinder waste, which is valuable enough

15 to save and use.

Figure 1 is a partial longitudinal section of the feed end of a sufficient portion of a carding-engine to be understood, with my invention applied thereto; and Fig. 2 is a trans-20 verse section thereof on the line x, looking

toward the left, Fig. 1.

The frame A, having suitable bearings for the card-cylinder C and licker-in roll L, the grids c and l therefor, respectively, and the 25 door or closure D at the feed end of the frame may be and are all as usual and well known in carding-engines. The waste from the licker-in drops through the grid l into the bottom of the frame and usually so mixes in with 30 the card-cylinder waste, which passes through the grid c, that it is not worth while to attempt to utilize it, as the licker-in waste is of such very poor quality as to possess little or no value. On the other hand, the cylinder-35 waste, if uncontaminated, is of value, as it may be used for other purposes, and by my invention I provide for separating the two kinds of waste, so that one may be removed independently of the other.

On the inner side of the frame, below and between the grids c and l, I secure stands a, having notches or recesses a' at their upper ends for the journals b' of a separator b, shown as a light door or gate hinged near its upper 45 edge and bent rearwardly at b^2 to extend al-

most up to the grid c.

Normally the separator rests in full-line position, Fig. 1, against the preferably inclined edges of the stands a and extending from 50 one side of the frame to the other, as shown in Fig. 2, dividing the space below the lickerin and cylinder C into two compartments or chambers.

If desired, the lower edge of the gate b may be rolled as at b^3 to effectually close the bot- 55 tom of the opening between the two compartments.

Referring now to Fig. 1 it will be seen that when the separator or gate is closed the lickerin waste will be collected in the chamber at 65 the left, from which it may be removed from time to time through the door D.

The cylinder-waste will be collected in the chamber at the right of the gate, and is separated thereby from the licker-in waste. 65 When it is desired to remove this waste the licker-in waste is first cleaned out from its compartment, and by a suitable handle b^{\times} the separator b is swung on its pivots up into dotted-line position, Fig. 1, its lower edge be- 70 ing caught by pivoted gravity-catches d and retained in lifted position. The cylinderwaste can then be removed from its compartment through the doorway at the end of the frame.

Brackets d' bolted to the end of the frame inside support the catches d, which are hooked as shown to engage the gate edge. By pulling the catches toward the end of the frame the gate b is released and falls back into opera- 80 tive position, forming a movable partition between the two compartments. When the partition or gate is lifted the catches automatically engage and hold it up.

Having fully described my invention, what 85 I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Pat-

ent, is—

1. In a carding-engine, the main frame, the licker-in roll and card-cylinder mounted thereon, and a movably-mounted separator 90 within the frame, to separate the licker-in waste from the cylinder-waste, movement of said separator into inoperative position enabling the cylinder-waste to be removed, substantially as described.

2. In a carding-engine, the main frame, the licker-in roll and card-cylinder mounted thereon, grids therefor, a pivotally-mounted separator within the frame to normally divide it into a licker-in-waste compartment and a 100 cylinder-waste compartment, below the respective grids, and a catch to engage the separator when turned to open communication between said compartments, substantially as described.

3. In a carding-engine, the main frame, the licker-in roll and card-cylinder, a separator pivotally mounted near its upper edge in the frame below and between them, to separate the cylinder-waste from the licker-in waste, said separator extending from one to the other side of the frame, and a catch to engage said

separator when lifted to effect communication between the waste-compartments normally separated thereby, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of 15 two subscribing witnesses.

JOHN T. MEATS.

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Witnesses:

GEO. W. GREGORY, EMMA J. BENNETT.