

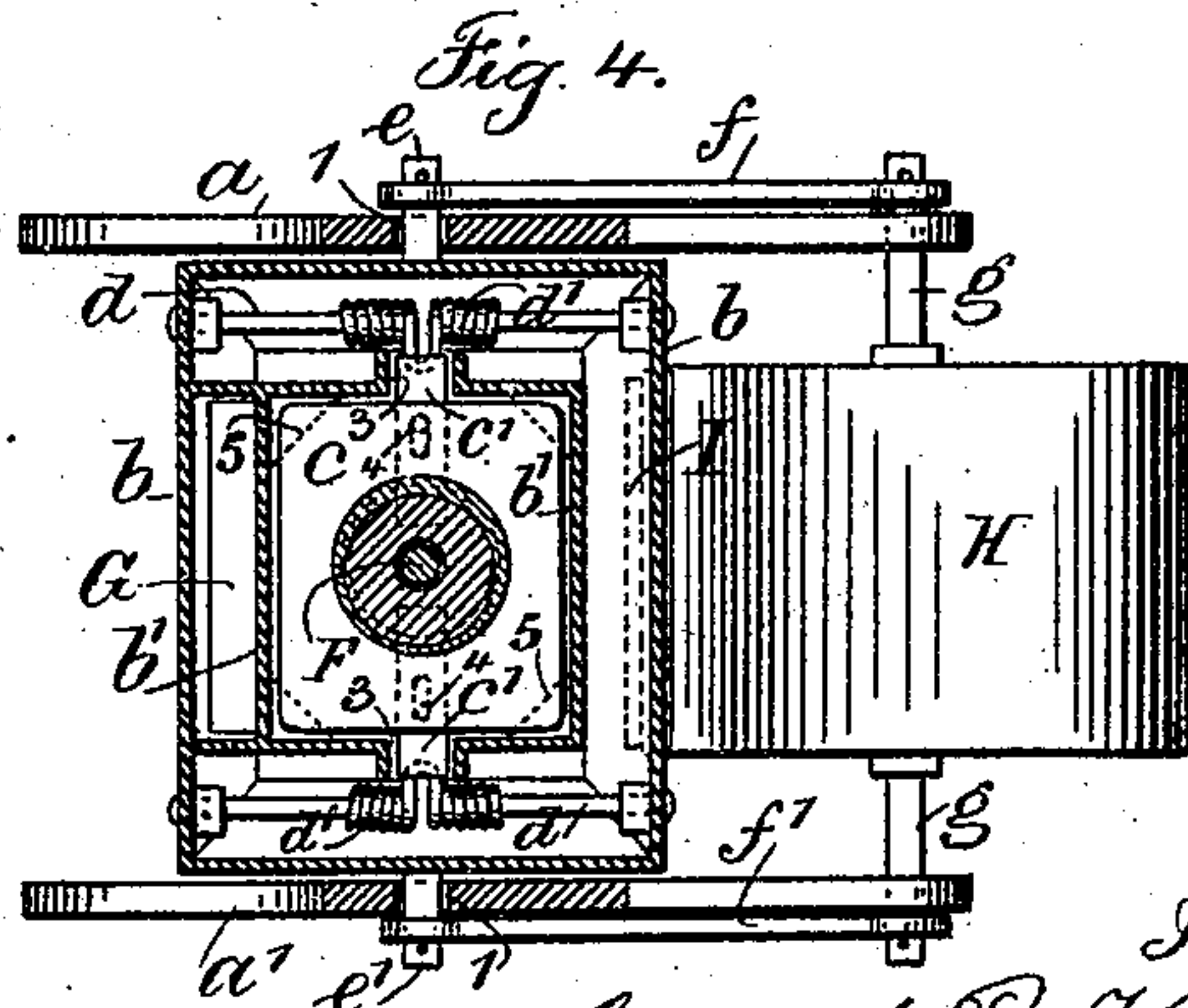
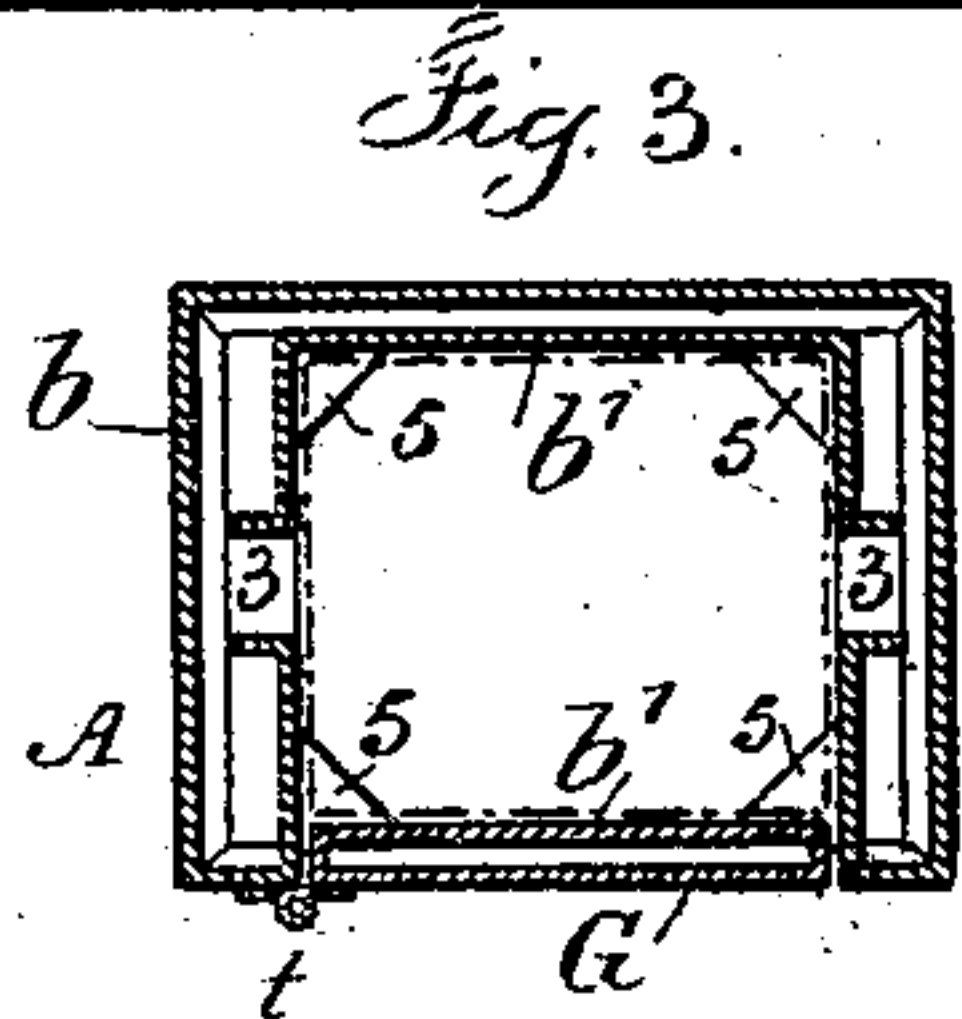
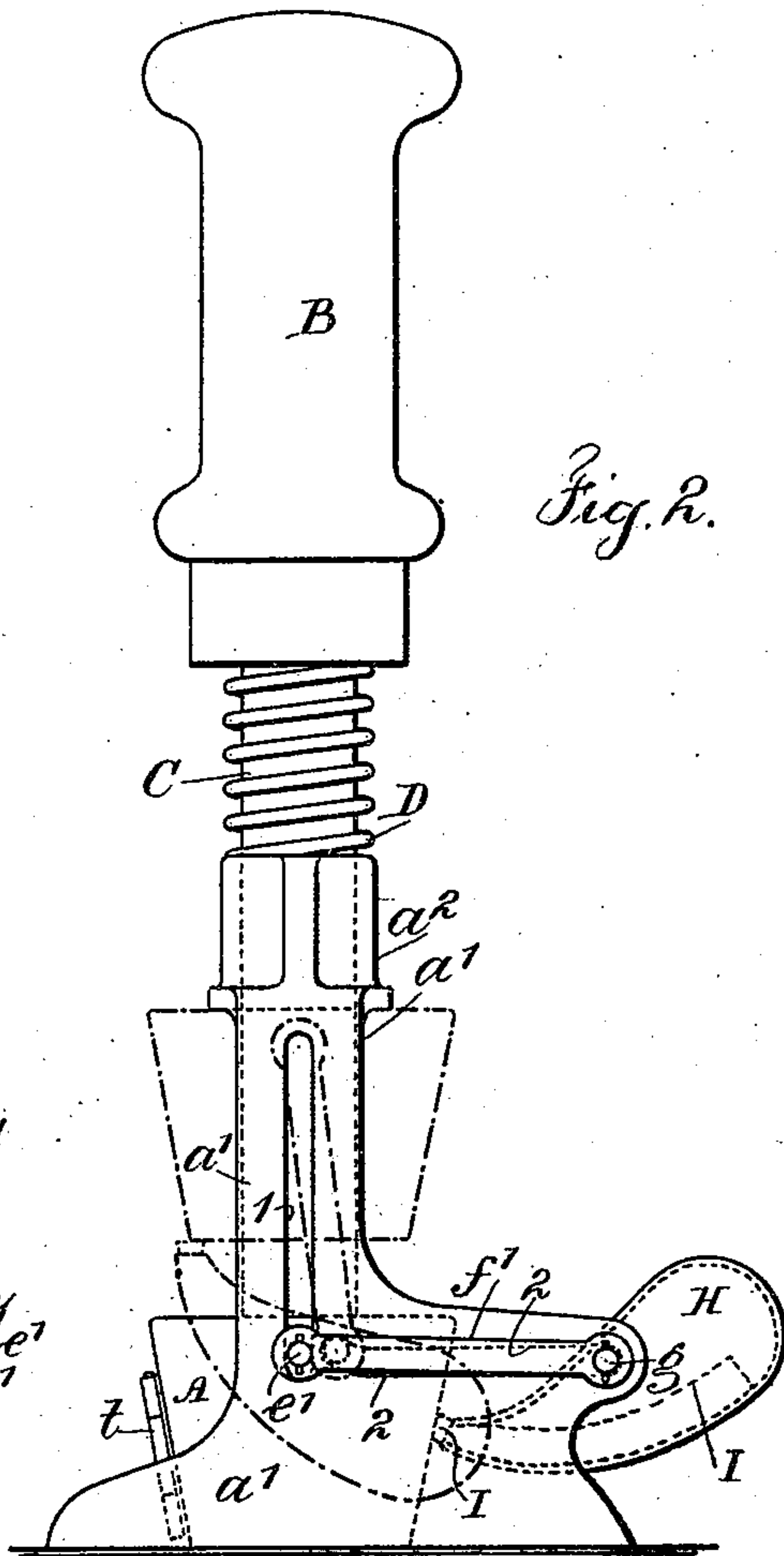
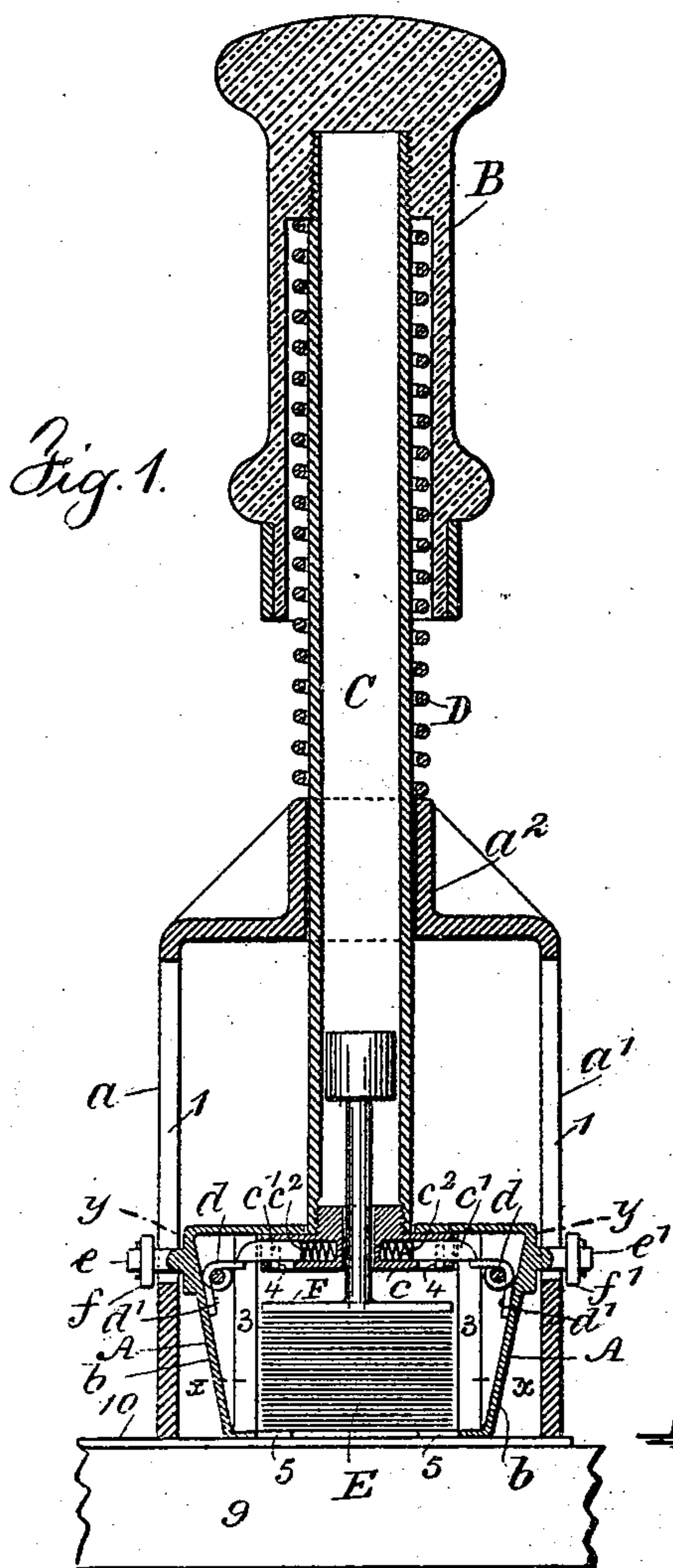
(No Model.)

2 Sheets—Sheet 1.

A. R. KOLB.
APPARATUS FOR AFFIXING STAMPS.

No. 553,714.

Patented Jan. 28, 1896.



Witnesses
Charles Smith
& Staib

Inventor
August R. Kolb
per Lemuel W. Lorrill

(No Model.)

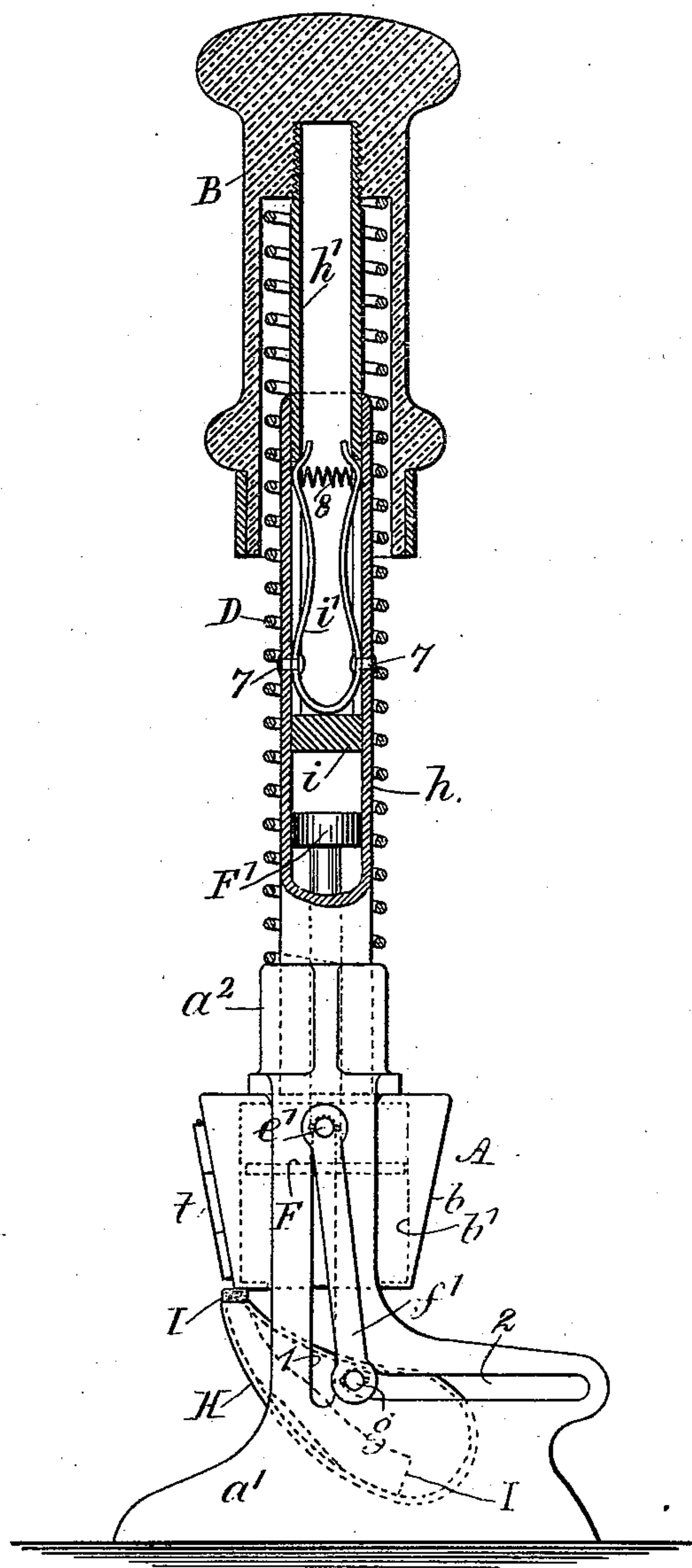
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Fig. 5.



Witnesses

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

AUGUST R. KOLB, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

APPARATUS FOR AFFIXING STAMPS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 553,714, dated January 28, 1896.

Application filed May 25, 1894. Renewed June 27, 1895. Serial No. 554,267. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, AUGUST R. KOLB, a citizen of the United States, residing at the city, county, and State of New York, have invented
5 a new and useful Improvement in Apparatus for Affixing Stamps, &c., of which the following is a specification.

In the business of addressing and mailing large numbers of letters or circulars the affixing of stamps to the envelopes is tedious and disagreeable.

The object of my invention is to overcome this difficulty by constructing an apparatus which will hold a quantity of stamps or small
15 gummed labels, and which with each action of the apparatus will moisten the lowest stamp and deliver it from the machine and affix it to an envelope or other article.

In carrying out my invention I employ a
20 box or receptacle for the superposed stamps, a moistening-pad, means for moving the box with stamps vertically, means for moving the moistening-pad across the lowest stamp as the box of stamps is depressed, and means
25 after the box of stamps is depressed for imparting a blow upon the superposed stamps to compel the firm adherence of the lowest stamp to the envelope and its delivery from the box of stamps.

30 I prefer to employ a plate and weighted stem or equivalent device, such as a spring, to rest upon the superposed stamps to keep them in place and flat, or nearly so.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a vertical section representing my improvements. Fig. 2
35 is a side elevation. Fig. 3 is a sectional plan at $x x$ of Fig. 1. Fig. 4 is a sectional plan at $y y$ of Fig. 1, and Fig. 5 is a partial side elevation and section showing a modification.

40 A represents the box or receptacle for holding stamps or small gummed labels.

B represents a handle, and C is a tubular standard extending between the box or receptacle A and the handle B, and said tubular standard C is surrounded by a helical
45 spring D, and E represents the superposed stamps or small gummed labels in the said box or receptacle A, inserted therein through the door G hinged at t to the receptacle A.

50 F represents a plate with weighted stem extending up into the tubular standard and rest-

ing upon the superposed stamps to keep the stamps out flat and exert a downward pressure thereon.

H is a water-receptacle, and I a flat wick or
55 moistener projecting therefrom for conveying moisture to the gummed sides of the stamps or small labels.

A yoke-frame composed of slotted sides or uprights $a a'$ and a top with a sleeve a^2 is employed to support and guide the parts. The
60 tubular standard C extends through the top sleeve a^2 , and the helical spring D rests at its lower end on the top of said sleeve and at its upper end on the inner portion of the
65 handle.

In Fig. 1 part of a support, such as a table, is illustrated at 9, and on this the envelope
70 10 or other article to receive the stamp or label is laid.

The box or receptacle A is composed of an
75 outer shell, b , and inner shell, b' , and the outer shell, b , is provided with trunnions $e e'$, which extend through the vertical slots 1 of the uprights $a a'$ and receive the links $f f'$. The
water-receptacle H has a shaft g , whose ends extend through the horizontal slots 2 in the uprights $a a'$, and the other ends of the links
80 $f f'$ are connected to said shaft g .

A hammer-head c , of an area coinciding
85 with that of the stamps E, and shown by dotted lines in Fig. 3, is connected to the lower end of the tubular standard C and fits within the inner shell, b' . This hammer-head or follower c is provided with holes or channels
extending out in opposite directions from and at each side of the center of the head and in
90 line with each other, and within said holes or channels are the latches c' and helical springs c^2 .

Shafts d extend transversely across the
95 outer shell, b , and holding-springs d' are around said shafts. The respective ends of the springs bear against the shell b , and the looped centers extend into the slideways 3 of
the inner shell, b' , and beneath the projecting
ends of the latches c' . The latches c' move
up and down in the slideways 3 and horizontally, as hereinafter described, their motion
horizontally being limited by the pins 4 in
100 the latches and slots in the hammer-head c .

The lower corners of the inner shell, b' , are

provided with corner-pieces 5, that come under the respective corners of the stamps or labels to support the same in the box or receptacle. These corners, however, do not appreciably interfere with moistening the gummed surface of the stamp or the delivery of the stamps one at a time with the movement of the machine.

The operation of the mechanism, Figs. 1 to 4, inclusive, is as follows: The apparatus is placed upon the article 10 that is to receive a stamp or label, and the box or receptacle A is moved down from the upper part of the yoke-frame by pressure on the handle B and rests upon such article 10, the helical spring D being compressed. In this downward movement the links $f f'$ have moved along the slots 2 and conveyed the water-receptacle and moistener backwardly, moistening the under and gummed side of the stamp, the water-receptacle turning on its shaft during the downward movement of the box or receptacle and coming finally into the position Fig. 2. After the box or receptacle is brought down to the position Fig. 1 the handle B is pressed upon with force, and the springs d' yield to the pressure upon them by the latches c' , and the hammer-head or follower c is liberated and is forced down, striking the plate F with a blow sufficient to compress the stamps and cause the moistened under surface of the lowest stamp to become attached to the envelope or other article. Upon the liberation of the handle B the spring D expanding elevates the parts, and as the outer shell, b , comes into contact with the underside of the yoke-frame the spring D acts to raise the hammer-head c to its normal position, during which movement the inclined ends of the latches c' come in contact with the ends of the springs d' and the latch-springs c^2 yield and the latches are pushed inwardly, and as their curved ends pass by the ends of the springs d' the latches springing out again above the springs d' . The parts are then in position for the movements to be repeated.

In the modification shown in Fig. 5 the tubular standard is in two telescoping parts, of which h is the outer portion, passing through the top of the yoke-frame and secured to the receptacle or box A, and h' is the inner portion, secured to the handle B and the lower end of which carries the hammer-head i . The lower end of the inner tubular standard, h' , is slotted above the hammer-head i at opposite sides, and a U-spring i' is received in said slots and is secured at 7 to the outer standard, h . The upper ends of this spring i' bear against the standard h' at the ends of said slots, and a spring 8 acts to keep the ends of the spring i' distended. The operation of this modification is the same as that of the parts Figs. 1 to 4, inclusive. The handle B is pressed upon and the box or receptacle moved down to the article to which the stamp is to

be affixed, and this is accomplished without the parts of the telescoping tube yielding or moving past one another; but when the box reaches the limit of its movement additional pressure on the handle causes the upper ends of the spring i' to yield and the standard h' and hammer-head i to descend and strike a blow on the weight F' of the stem and plate F, and so press the stamp or small gummed label upon the place where it adheres. When the pressure is removed the parts return to their normal position, as in Fig. 5, for the movements to be repeated.

I claim as my invention—

1. In an apparatus for affixing stamps or similar articles, the combination with a box or receptacle for holding the superposed stamps, a tubular standard connected with said box or receptacle, a handle for effecting a downward movement, and a spring for raising said box, of a plate and weighted stem resting upon the superposed stamps, a hammer-head, springs and latches for maintaining the parts in their proper relations during the descent of the box or receptacle and which yield to permit the hammer-head to deliver a blow on the superposed stamps, substantially as specified.

2. In an apparatus for affixing stamps or similar articles, the combination with a box or receptacle for holding the superposed stamps, a handle for effecting a downward movement and a spring for raising said box, of a tubular standard connected to the handle, a hammer-head connected to the tubular standard, a plate and weighted stem resting upon the superposed stamps, springs and latches for maintaining the parts in a fixed relation during the descent of the box or receptacle and which yield upon the application of extra pressure to the handle to permit the hammer-head to deliver a blow on the superposed stamps, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

3. In an apparatus for affixing stamps or similar articles, the combination with the box or receptacle for holding the stamps, of the tubular standard C extending through the top of said box, a hammer-head c connected to the lower end of said standard and having the latches c' and latch-springs c^2 , the shafts d and the holding-springs d' , substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

4. In an apparatus for affixing stamps or similar articles, the combination with the handle and tubular standard, of the box or receptacle composed of the outer shell b , the inner shell b' having slideways 3, the door G for inserting the superposed stamps, the corner-plates 5 for supporting the stamps, the shafts d , springs d' , the hammer-head c and the spring-latches therein and moving in the slideways 3, substantially as set forth.

5. In an apparatus for affixing stamps or similar articles, the combination with the tubular standard, the spring and the handle,

of the box or receptacle, side trunnions *e e'* to
said box, the yoke-frame having vertical slots
1 for said trunnions, and horizontal slots 2,
the water-receptacle H and moistener I, the
5 shaft *g* extending through the slots 2 and the
links *f f'* connecting the shaft *g* and trunnions
e e', whereby the moistening device is oper-
ated simultaneously with the downward

movement of the box or receptacle, substan-
tially as set forth.

Signed by me this 27th day of April, A. D. 1894.

AUGUST R. KOLB.

Witnesses:

GEO. T. PINCKNEY,
HAROLD SERRELL.