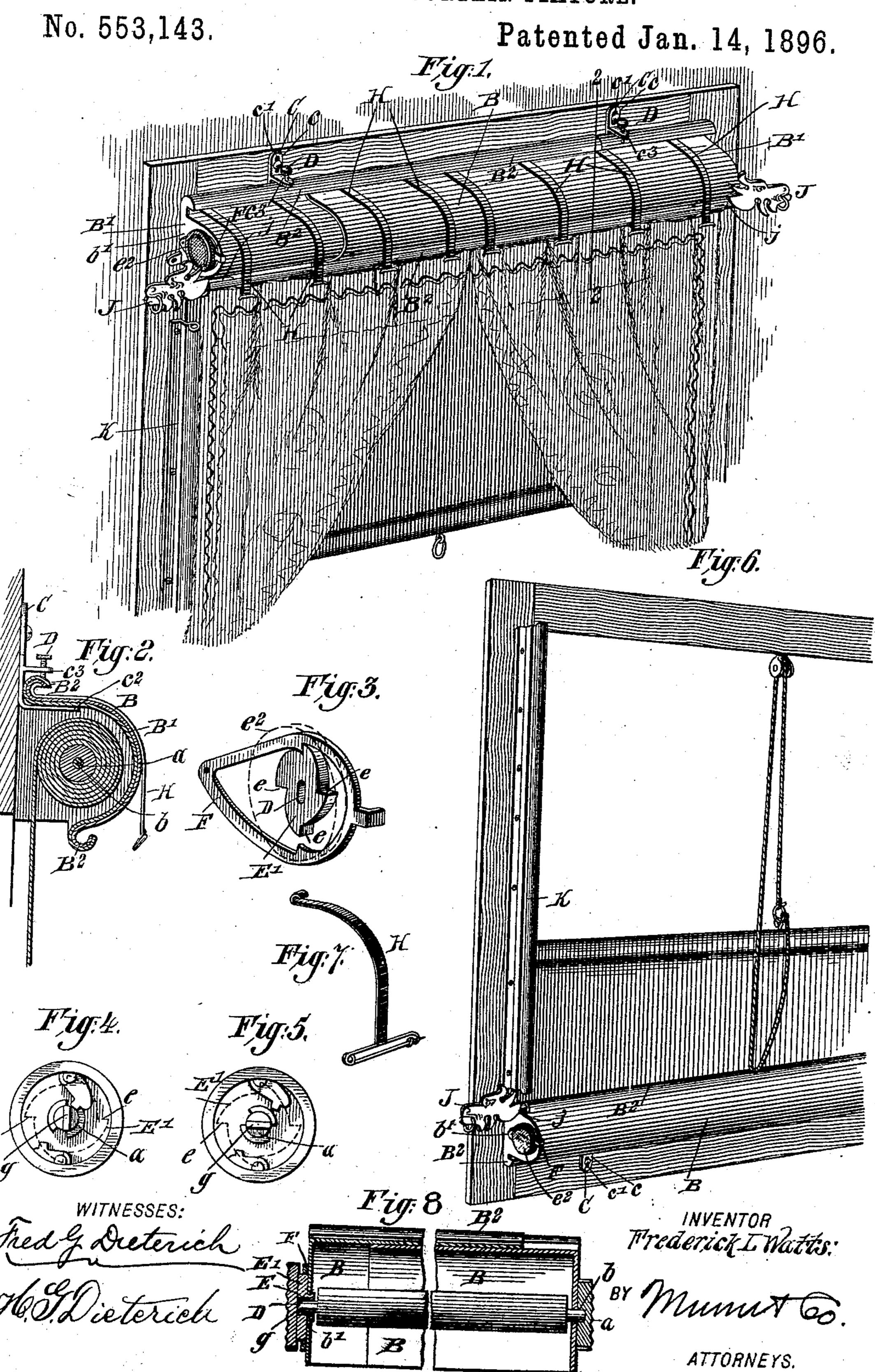
(No Model.)

F. L. WATTS.
ADJUSTABLE CURTAIN FIXTURE.



## United States Patent Office.

FREDERICK L. WATTS, OF SPRINGFIELD, MISSOURI.

## ADJUSTABLE CURTAIN-FIXTURE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 553,143, dated January 14, 1896.

Application filed April 13, 1895. Serial No. 545,648. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Beit known that I, Frederick L. Watts, residing at Springfield, in the county of Greene and State of Missouri, have invented a new 5 and Improved Adjustable Curtain-Fixture, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to certain improvements in curtain-fixtures; and it primarily has for its object to provide a simple and effect-10 ive ratchet mechanism connected with the spring-roller whereby the spring can be tightened or loosened without handling the curtain, by which the spring-gear can be quickly thrown out of gear so as to permit of an easy 15 movement of the curtain when used in connection with the usual pulley-clamp and cord devices, operated to either pull the curtain upward or downward.

With other objects in view, which herein-20 after will be referred to, the invention consists in the peculiar combination and novel arrangement of parts, such as will be first described in detail, and then be particularly pointed out in the appended claims, reference 25 being had to the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a windowframing equipped with my improved curtainfixture. Fig. 2 is a transverse section of the 30 same, taken practically on the line 22 of Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a perspective end view of the curtain-holder, illustrating the ratchet device. Fig. 4 is an end view of the springroller, showing the gearing set to operate in 35 the ordinary manner. Fig. 5 is a similar view showing the said gearing adjusted to permit of a free movement of the curtain when used in connection with the cord and pulley devices. Fig. 6 illustrates my improved de-40 vices arranged in connection with a curtain provided with cord and pulley mechanism for raising and lowering it. Fig. 7 is a view of one of the drapery-hooks detached. Fig. 8 is a horizontal section of the curtain-fixture.

In the practical construction my improved curtain-fixture comprises a casing formed preferably of sheet metal of a shape in crosssection substantially like that shown in Fig. 2, such casing being in the nature of a longi-50 tudinal housing B, having closed ends B' and head-like longitudinal edges B2, such housing being made in two sections telescopically connected, whereby it can be extended or contracted to fit different widths of window-

casings.

C indicates brackets which support the casing, of which but two for ordinary-sized windows need be used, each of which is formed preferably of spring metal, with a vertical member c, slotted, as at c', a horizontal for- 60 wardly-extending clamp-arm  $c^2$ , which extends under the upper end of the casing, and a short extension  $c^3$ , in which is fitted a clampscrew D, as most clearly shown in Fig. 3. It will be seen by reference to the said Fig. 3 that 65 by providing a bracket-support constructed as shown the curtain-support can be quickly placed in position, made plumb and securely held in place.

One of the ends B', has a fixed journal- 70 bearing b, formed in an ornamental or rosette portion, in which bearing is adapted to be held the round journal a of the curtain-spring roller, while the other side b' has a non-circular opening D formed in the hub E of the 75 ratchet mechanism E', the construction of which is most clearly shown in Figs. 4 and 5 of the drawings, by reference to which it will be seen the hub E has a ratchet edge e, with which is adapted to engage a double gravity- 80 pawl F pivoted to the end member b', such hub also having a large ornamental disk  $e^2$ having a milled edge, as shown.

The non-circular or stub axle g of the springgearing of the spring-roller fits in the open-85

ing D on the hub E.

So far as described, it will be readily seen the tension of the spring in the roller can be quickly and conveniently increased by turning the disk  $e^2$  without grasping the curtain. 90

It should be stated the disk-hub has four equispaced ratchet-teeth, so that each quarter-turn of the disk  $e^2$  will turn the member g of the curtain-fixture to a vertical or a horizontal position. It will thus be seen that 95 when the said member g is turned to the position shown in Fig. 5 the lock-notches in stubaxle g will be so held that the dogs or pawls will not readily drop into a locked engagement therewith, and thereby permits of a free 100 movement of the curtain up or down. When, however, the parts are adjusted as shown in Fig. 4, the pawls will easily engage the notches to hold the curtain to the points desired.

The object in providing the ratchet mechanism, it will be observed, is twofold: First, it provides a simple and effective means whereby the tension of the curtain-spring can be regulated, and, secondly, it provides for adjusting the catch devices in such a manner as to permit of a free movement of the curtain, which is necessary when the curtain is secured at the lower edge of a window to pull upward by the ordinary cord and cam pulley devices, as shown in Fig. 6.

It is manifest that while for ordinary purposes but two supports or brackets C are necessary on extra wide windows three or more of

15 such brackets may be employed.

Hindicates hook members which are adapted to slip over and slide on the outer bead of the casing member, which hooks have eye portions to support the drapery, and J indicates ornamental end pieces stamped out of sheet metal and formed with sleeves j, whereby they can be detachably slipped into the ends of the said front beads.

K indicates suitable sheet-metal guides se-25 cured on the sides of the window-casing to hold the curtain close up to the window.

Having thus described my invention, what

I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. An improved curtain fixture comprising 30 a casing, a spring roller journaled therein, and having the lock-axle, a rotatable bearing having a non-circular opening to receive the non-circular end of the lock-axle, a finger operated ratchet and pawl mechanism connected 35 with the said rotatable bearing and the cord and pulley devices for manipulating the curtain all arranged substantially as shown and described.

2. The combination with the casing and the 40 spring roller having an ordinary pintle at one end of the rotatable bearing member having a non-circular opening to receive the non-circular pintle of the said roller, said member having an integral ratchet disk, two or more 45 sets of teeth arranged at right angles to each other and a double gravity pawl for engaging such teeth all arranged substantially as shown

and for the purposes described.

FREDERICK L. WATTS.

Witnesses:
T. J. Murray,
Len Watts.