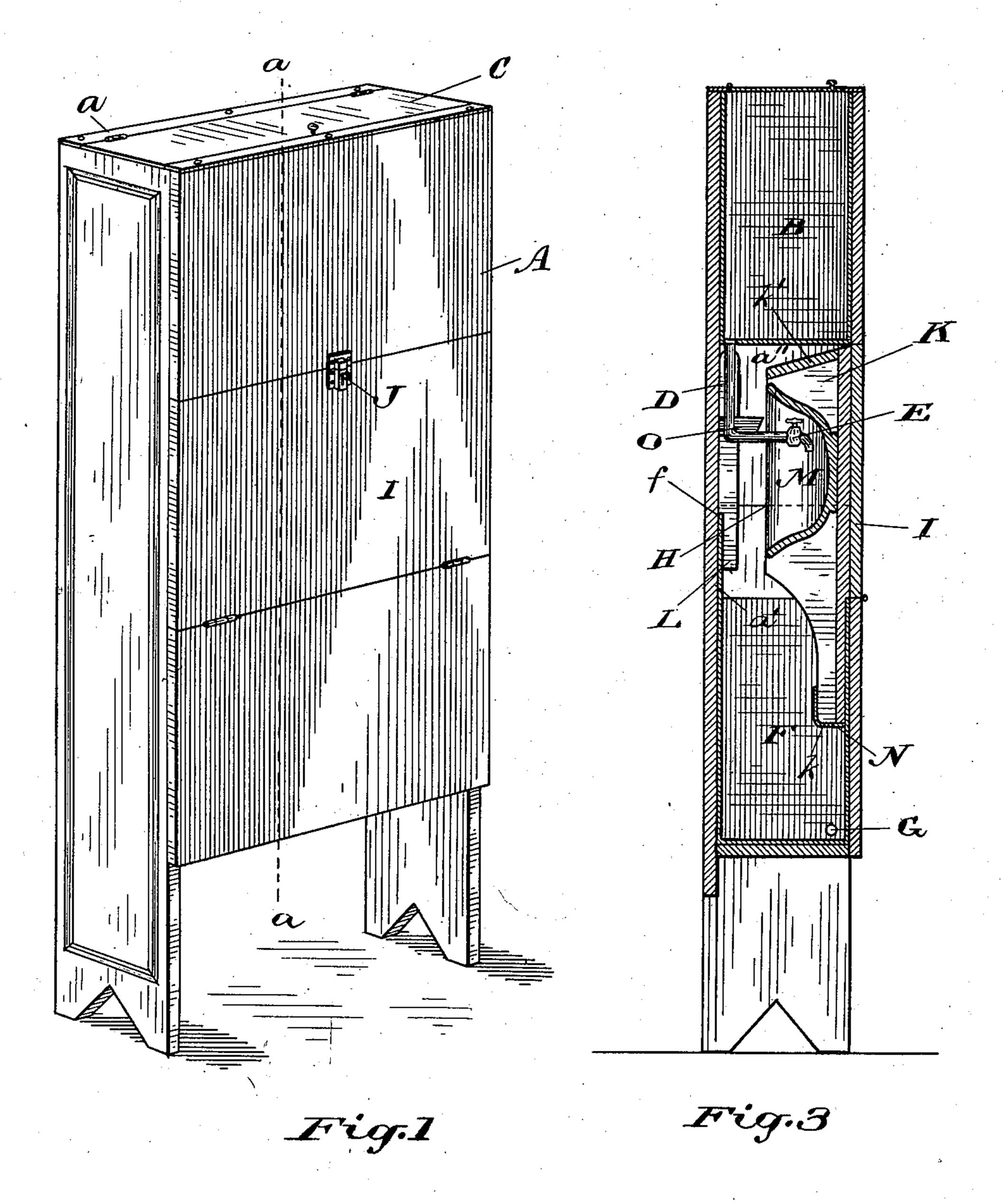
2 Sheets—Sheet 1

## C. N. STACEY. INCLOSED WASHSTAND OR SINK.

No. 552,207.

Patented Dec. 31, 1895.



Witnesses

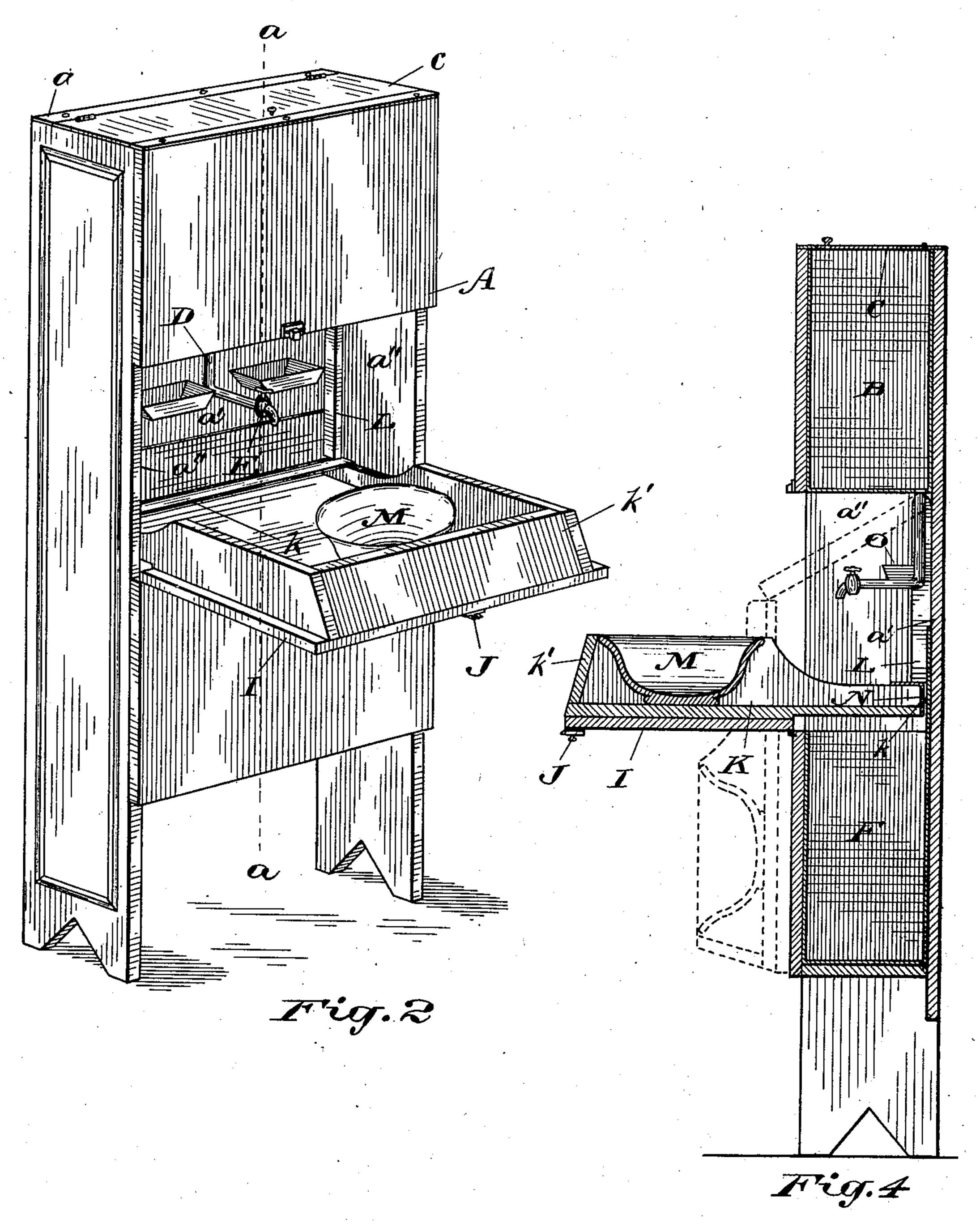
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## United States Patent Office.

CHARLES N. STACEY, OF DARLINGTON, CANADA.

## INCLOSED WASHSTAND OR SINK.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 552,207, dated December 31, 1895.

Application filed March 7, 1895. Serial No. 540,882. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHARLES NEWBURY STACEY, of the township of Darlington, in the county of Durham and Province of Ontario, Canada, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Inclosed Washstands or Sinks; and I hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the same.

This invention relates to certain new and useful improvements in inclosed washstands or sinks; and the object of the invention is to construct the washstand or sink so that it can either be fastened to one of the walls of a 15 room at any required height from the floor or baseboard or supported, if necessary, on a base provided for that purpose, and to so arrange the several parts that the cabinet when closed will completely contain and hide from 20 view the reservoir, the washbasin, the wastetank, and the soap and brush receptacles, in order that when not in use the washstand will form a neat and attractive article of furniture; and the invention consists essentially 25 of the device hereinafter more fully set forth, and more particularly pointed out in the claim.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a view of the washstand, showing it closed. Fig. 2 is a view of the same, showing it opened. Fig. 3 is a vertical sectional view on the lines aa, Fig. 1. Fig. 4 is a vertical sectional view on the lines aa, Fig. 2.

Like letters of reference refer to like parts

35 throughout the specification and drawings. The apparatus consists of a cabinet A of any suitable size and shape, preferably made of wood and paneled. In the top of the cabinet A is a reservoir or tank B, preferably of 40 galvanized sheet-iron or tin. The top of the cabinet A is provided with a flange a which overlaps the top of the tank B, and hinged to the flange a at the rear of the top of the cabinet is a lid C to close the top of the tank 45 B. By providing the overlapping flange athe water while being poured into the tank B is prevented from getting between the tank and the walls of the cabinet. Connected to the lower end of the tank B is a discharge-50 pipe D fitted with a tap E. In the lower end of the cabinet A is a waste-tank F of galvan-

ized iron or tin provided with an outlet or discharge-tap G.

One side of the lower end of the cabinet is provided with a door H to allow of the respondent or replacement of the waste-tank F.

In the middle of the front of the cabinet A is a hinged door. I provided with a spring-lock J. Rigidly connected to the inner side of the front door I is a water-tight trough K 60 having a pocket k formed at its inner end. The water-tight trough K projects from the front edge of the door I when in its horizontal position to the back a' of the cabinet A. The back f of the waste-tank F extends above the 65 trough K to prevent the water from the trough getting between it and the back of the cabinet. The front k' of the trough K is set within the line of the front of the door I, in order that the trough and door may readily close 70 into position when closing up the cabinet.

Pivoted to each side a" of the cabinet A is a batten which is arranged to bear upon the inner end of the trough K when the trough is in its horizontal position. It might here 75 be stated that each of the battens L is pivoted at its upper end to its respective side a'', in order that the batten can swing outward when the door I and trough K are in their horizontal position to allow of the trough and 80 door dropping into the vertical position shown in dotted lines in Fig. 4. The battens L when bearing on the trough K hold the trough in the horizontal position and support the entire weight of the trough and its contents. To 85 allow of the trough and the door dropping into the vertical position shown in dotted lines in Fig. 4, I find it advisable to cut the inner end of the trough away, as shown in the drawings, to allow of the battens swinging out through 90 the doorway.

Where the water-service is in the house, I may dispense with the reservoir or tank B and connect the tap E to the water-service pipes, and where a drainage-service is on the 95 premises I can connect the lower end of the waste-tank F with the drain-pipe.

The trough K is so constructed as to support a washbasin or a sink. The trough K is shown in the drawings to contain a washbasin M, which may be either permanently or temporarily attached to the trough. The

pocket k of the trough is intended to receive and hold soap or any other solied matter which may be in the trough, and to provide a means for the discharge of the water from 5 the trough I find it necessary to form through the pocket a series of discharge-holes N to allow of the water running out of the said pocket into the waste-tank F. On each side of the discharge-pipe D is located a soap or 10 brush tray O.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by

Letters Patent, is—

In an inclosed wash stand or sink the combination of the cabinet, a reservoir in the top end of the cabinet, a discharge pipe and tap for the reservoir, a tank in the bottom of the cabinet adapted to receive the waste water, a hinged door for the front of the cabinet adapted to be placed in a horizontal position, 20 a trough connected to the door and extending to the back of the cabinet when the door is in a horizontal position, a batten pivoted to each side of the cabinet against which bears the said trough, a pocket formed in the back 25 of the trough and a series of discharge holes formed through the pocket, substantially as specified.

Bowmanville, February 25, 1895.

C. N. STACEY.

In presence of— D. B. SIMPSON, CHAS. P. BLAIR.