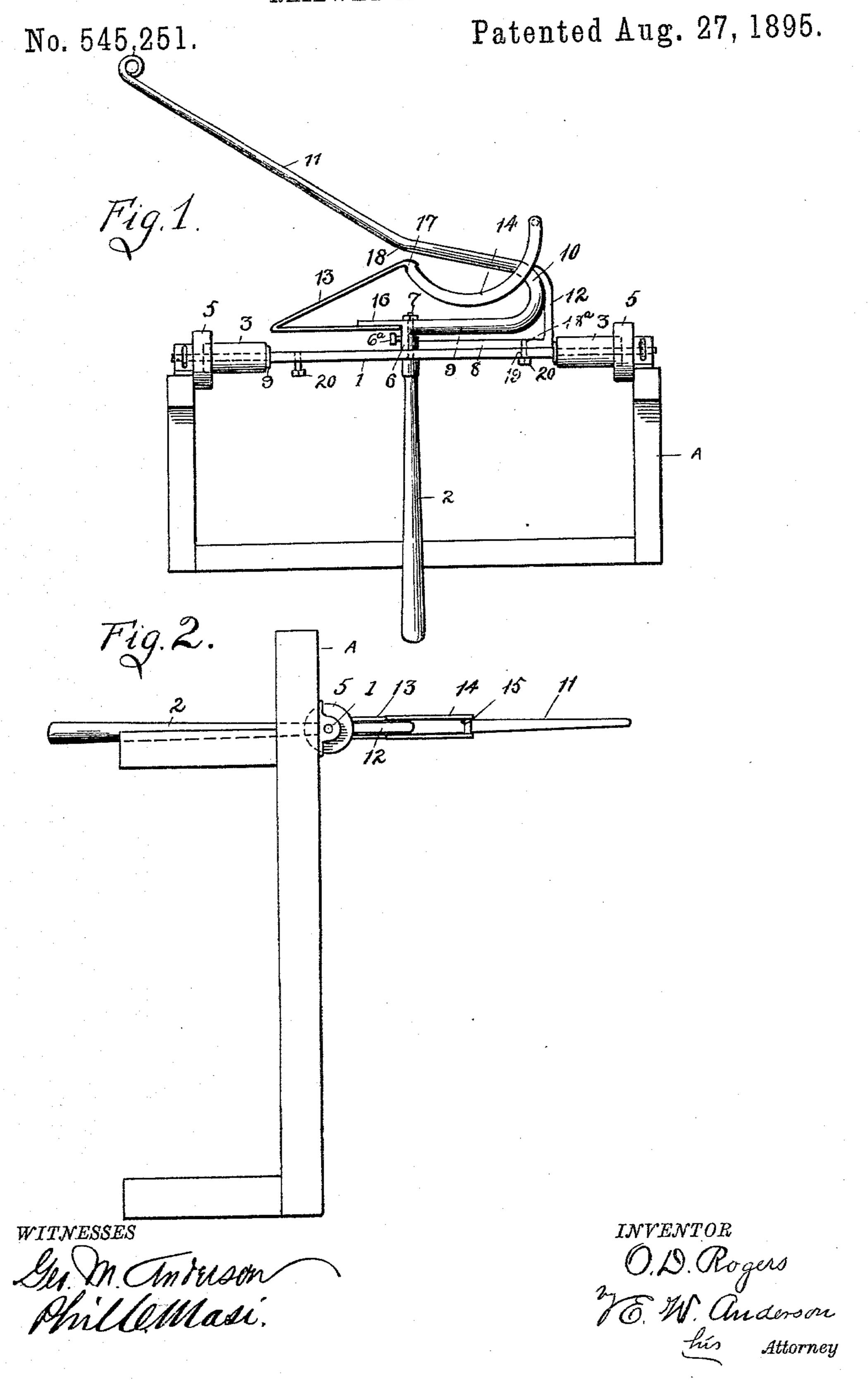
O. D. ROGERS. RAILWAY MAIL CATCHER.



United States Patent Office.

ORVILLE D. ROGERS, OF SHOALS, INDIANA.

RAILWAY MAIL-CATCHER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 545,251, dated August 27, 1895.

Application filed June 10, 1895. Serial No. 552,285. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ORVILLE D. ROGERS, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Shoals, in the county of Martin and State of 5 Indiana, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Railway Mail-Catchers; and I do declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to 10 which it appertains to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to the letters and figures of reference marked thereon, which form a part of this specification.

Figure 1 of the drawings is a representation of a plan view of the catcher, and Fig. 2

is a side elevation of same.

This invention relates more particularly to certain new and useful improvements in rail-20 way mail-catching devices of the general character described and claimed in my application for patent, Serial No. 540,212, allowed March 30, 1895.

An object of the invention is to provide 25 improved means whereby the catcher-arm may be more readily changed from right to

left relation, or the reverse.

A second object is to provide an improved construction of the spring which, together 30 with the inner portion of the catcher-arm, forms the throat which receives and holds the gathered portion of the bag.

With these objects in view, the invention consists in the novel construction and combi-35 nation of parts, all as hereinafter described, and pointed out in the appended claims.

Referring to the accompanying drawings, the letter A designates a suitable frame which is designed to be carried by a mail-car of a 40 train. Journaled in this frame is a transverse bar or shaft 1, in the central portion of which is loosely journaled a handle-bar or lever 2.

3 3 designate rubber springs which are carried one on each end portion of the bar or 45 shaft 1, between a collar or shoulder 4 thereof and the box 5 in which the bar or shaft is loosely journaled. These springs serve as buffers to take up the force of the impact which arises when a bag is caught.

The catcher proper consists of a frame having a sleeve or socket 6, which is secured by

portion of the bar or lever 2, which is projected through the bar or shaft 1. Extending from this sleeve or socket 6 is a horizontal 55 lateral arm 8, which is usually nearly as long as the distance from the lever 2 to one of the rubber springs. Extending from the outer portion of the said sleeve or socket is an arm 9, which for a distance is substantially paral- 60 lel with the arm 8 and is then bent into a Ushaped loop 10, from the outer extremity of which projects the elongated oblique catcherarm 11. The arm 8 is usually bent at its extremity to form an arm 12, which is welded 65 or otherwise secured to the bow portion of the

loop 10.

13 is the spring, which is of V shape at one end portion, with an approximately semicircular extension 14, which is forked or bifur- 70 cated, as at 15. One arm of the V portion of the spring is rigidly secured to an extension 16 of the arm 8. The relation of this spring to the catcher-arm is such that the angle or heel 17, at the point where the extension 14 75 commences, is in close juxtaposition with the angle 18 formed by the junction of the said arm with the loop portion 10, the outer arm of the latter extending loosely through the fork or slot of the said extension 14. Near its outer 80 end the arm 8 is formed with a threaded perforation 18a, which is adapted to register when in one position with a screw-seat 19 in one end portion of the box or shaft 1, and when in the other position with a similar seat in the oppo-85 site end portion, said seats being at equal distances from the center of the bar.

To reverse the direction of the catcher-arm, one of the screws 20 is disengaged from the arm 8 and the entire catcher-frame with the 90 spring is swung through an arc of one hundred and eighty degrees, and the said arm S is then secured by the other screw. The handle-bar or lever will also rotate. It is obvious, however, that the sleeve or socket 6, instead 95 of being secured to the extension of said handle-bar, may be fitted to turn loosely thereon or upon any bearing secured to or integral with the bar 1.

When a catch is to be made, the handle or 100 lever is operated to rock the bar or shaft 1 and elevate the catcher-frame into horizontal position. The catcher-arm engages the gatha screw 6° upon an extension 7 of the journal | ered portion of the bag (which is suspended

by a suitable crane) and is drawn in through the throat formed by the spring and arm and is held by the tension of the spring within

the U loop of the frame.

It will be observed that the arms of the fork and extension of the spring by coming into contact with the arms of said loop form guards which relieve the spring of the weight of the bag, this being the case in both the right and left positions of the catcher-frame.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters

Patent, is—

1. In a railway mail catching device, the combination of a suitable frame or support, of the transverse bar or shaft journaled therein, its handle bar or lever, the pivoted reversible catcher frame having the oblique catcher

arm, and the spring having a forked and bent extension through which the said arm passes, 20

substantially as specified.

2. In a railway mail catching device, the catcher frame having the arm 8, U-loop 10, and oblique arm 11, and the spring secured to said frame and having a forked or slotted extension which embraces said loop, and a heel, as 17, which is in juxtaposition to the inner portion of the arm 11, substantially as specified.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature 30 in presence of two witnesses.

ORVILLE D. ROGERS.

Witnesses:

JAMES MAHONY, LEONARD B. TRUEBLOOD.