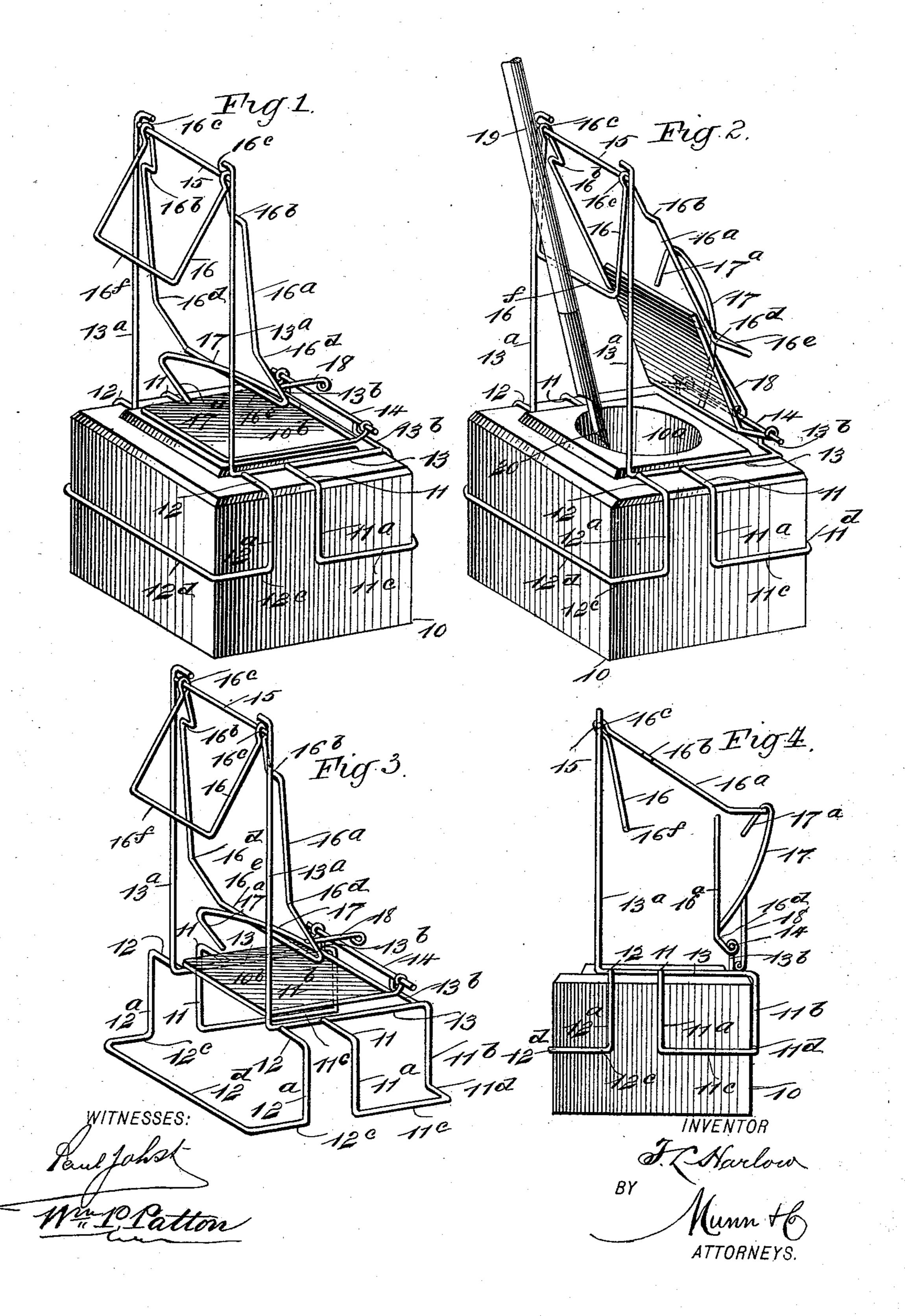
## T. L. HARLOW.

LID CLOSING ATTACHMENT FOR INKSTANDS.

No. 539.809.

Patented May 28, 1895.



## United States Patent Office.

THEODORE L. HARLOW, OF GARDNER, MASSACHUSETTS.

## LID-CLOSING ATTACHMENT FOR INKSTANDS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 539,809, dated May 28, 1895.

Application filed April 10, 1894. Serial No. 507,066. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, THEODORE L. HARLOW, of Gardner, in the county of Worcester and State of Massachusetts, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Lid-Closing Attachments for Inkstands, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

This invention relates to an improved attachable device for inkstands, that is adapted to be opened by the pen-stock or holder and

closed by the weight of the lid.

The object is to provide a novel, simple and cheap device of the character indicated, that is arranged to clasp upon the body of the inkstand, and afford hinged support to a lid for the ink-well, which will be automatically elevated from a closed position by contact of the pen holder with a rocking frame that is part of the device, the lid closing by its gravity after receiving impetus from the rocking movement of the frame that lifts the lid, and that permits the lid to remain elevated a fraction of time sufficient to allow the pen to be removed from the ink-well without obstruction or contact with moving parts.

To these ends my invention consists in the construction and combination of parts, as is hereinafter described and indicated in the

claims.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, in which similar figures of reference indicate corresponding parts in all the views shown.

Figure 1 is a perspective view of the device 35 in position on an inkstand, showing the relative position of parts with the lid in closed adjustment. Fig. 2 is a perspective view of the novel attachment on an inkstand, showing the lid opened by the impinge of a pen-holder 40 on a movable part of the device. Fig. 3 is a detached perspective view of the improved inkstand attachment, showing the lid in a horizontal position and other parts in the relative positions they assume when the lid 45 is closed; and Fig. 4 is a side view of the improved attachment in position on an inkstand, showing the lid in a perpendicular position and other parts adjusted to permit an elevation of the lid.

The entire device except the lid is prefer- the ink-wellor cavity 10° of the inkstand, and 100

ably formed of silvered wire, having a suitable thickness or gage to afford stability, and avoid clumsiness and objectionable weight, the wire material being somewhat elastic.

While it is feasible to shape the clasping 55 portion of the attachment to embrace a polygonal or circular walled inkstand, it is illustrated as formed to clasp the body of the rectangular inkstand 10, which may be formed of glass or any other suitable material.

The parts of the wire structure that are provided to clasp the body of the inkstand on its sides, consist of two nearly similar wire sections 11, 12, which are given a rectangular looped form, and are made of such proportions 65 that they will embrace the four walls of the inkstand 10, these parts being oppositely joined by their members 11<sup>a</sup>, 12<sup>a</sup>, to the horizontal and parallel portions 13, of another part of the frame of which the wire posts 13a, 70 are vertical members. From the parts 13, two short upright pieces 13b, are projected at points near the junctions of two outer and rear members 11b of the rear clasping loop section 12, these uprights forming supports for a 75 transverse rod 14 that is connected to their upper ends and is horizontally disposed. The section 12 that engages the forward portion of the inkstand 10, has its depending side portions bent at a right angle so as to project for- 80 wardly, as shown at 12°, these horizontal parts of the clasping section being joined at their front terminals by a transverse wire rod 12d, that is adapted to have contact with the front wall of the inkstand.

There are opposite horizontal portions 11° formed on the depending portions of the clasping frame section 11, which parts 11° are bent toward each other at their rear corners 11d, so as to extend in the same horizontal plane, 90 these portions of the frame section 11 being short and of equal length joining at their nearest ends the upright portions 11b, so that the two frame sections 11,12, are by their formation and slight elasticity, adapted to clasp 95 the inkstand 10 on its four sides when pressed down upon it from above.

The vertical wire posts 13<sup>a</sup> are sufficiently spaced apart to afford room between them for the ink well or covity 10<sup>a</sup> of the ink well or covity 10<sup>a</sup> of the ink stand and

are afforded a suitable height to permit the correct operation of other parts that are connected to them.

As shown there is a horizontal cross rod 15, secured by its ends to the posts 13<sup>a</sup> near their upper ends, the latter being bent toward each

other above the rod mentioned.

A rocking frame 16, 16a, is part of the improvement, and consists of a rectangular wire structure, which is formed in two widths by bending the material at each side into a substantially **Z**-form, as shown at 16b these bends being made near the longitudinal center of the frame. The portion 16 which is of the least width, has two ring eyes 16c, formed in its side members near the laterally and outwardly projecting short portions 16b, these eyes being loosely engaged with the transverse rod 15, which serves as a pintle rod for the rocking frame.

The production of the ring eyes 16° divides the rocking frame into two integral portions, the narrower part 16 being diverged from the other part 16a, so as to normally project forwardly and downwardly from the pintle rod 15, which is effected by the superior weight of the frame portion 16a, that is given an angular bend at 16d on each side bar of the same, so that the lower cross bar 16e of the rocking frame will be projected toward the transverse rod 14, and lie above the plane of the latter a sufficient degree, to permit the proper engagement of another part of the de-

vice with the cross bar named.

The inkstand lid 10<sup>b</sup> is formed of any suitable material, and consists of a flat plate having an area sufficient to cover a raised flat border that surrounds the ink-well 10<sup>a</sup>, so that the imposition of the lid on the border pro-

40 jection will seal the ink-well.

The lid 10<sup>b</sup> is hinge jointed upon the rod 14, near its ends and outside of the short upright supports for said rod, which serves to prevent a lateral displacement of the lid. From the transverse center and rear edge of the lid 10<sup>b</sup>, a guard hook bar 17 is projected upwardly and forwardly, said hook being shaped substantially as represented, comprising a wire bar of proper length, that is slightly curved to give it a bowed form, and at its forward end has a portion return bent, so as to produce the hook 17<sup>a</sup>.

The parts of the device are so proportioned that the hook bar 17 will be permitted to rest on the lower transverse frame piece 16°, and slide on it as the frame 16, 16° is moved. A prop piece 18 is projected rearwardly from the guard hook bar 17, this part being of such a relative length as will permit the lid to associate as vertical position when the free end of the prop piece is seated on the inkstand, or against the rear edge of the flat raised border whereon the lid is imposed when in closed adjustment.

The ink-well being supplied with ink and 65 the lid closed, the parts will assume the relative positions indicated in Fig. 1, which causes the cross bar 16<sup>f</sup> to be projected in advance of the lid and above it a proper distance.

In use, the operator with a pen holder in 70 hand, causes the latter and the attached pen to approach the center of the lid. When the pen-holder 19 is thus made to impinge the upper cross bar 16f of the rocking frame portion 16, and slight pressure is produced against 75 said part of the frame, the rear pendent part 16a will be rocked upwardly, which will elevate the lid 10<sup>b</sup> into a vertical position as indicated in Fig. 2, the hook 17a then having an engagement with the lower cross bar 16e there-80 by arresting the further vibration of the rocking frame, while the prop-piece 18 maintains the lid in an upright position, so that the operator can with freedom insert the pen 20, into the ink. As the holder 19 is withdrawn from 85 contact with the rocking frame portion 16, the rearward overhang of the hook bar 17, will prevent the lid from closing immediately, it remaining a fraction of time in an upright position, or until the gravity of the heavier rear 90 pendent part 16a, of the rocking frame causes said part to collide with the lid on its return to a normal position, thereby tilting the lid forwardly, so that its own weight will be adapted to close it over the ink-well 10°.

It is evident that slight changes in the design of parts of the improvement may be made within the scope of the invention, and that other material than wire can be used in its production. Hence, I do not wish to be roo limited to the exact shapes given to the parts of the device in the drawings, or to confine the construction of the same to wire rod as a

material for its formation.

Having thus fully described my invention, 105 I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters

Patent—

1. The combination with a supporting frame, adapted to be seated upon an inkstand, and a self-closing lid hinged in said 110 frame, of a swinging lever pivoted above the lid and connected with a projection of the same, a portion of said lever standing forward from the lid, whereby it is adapted for contact with a pen holder held vertically and 115 moved toward the center of the lid, as shown and described.

2. The frame, carrying a hinged lid and swinging lever for operating it, the same having a base portion adapted to rest upon an 120 inkstand, and elastic portions pendent from said base and adapted to clasp the sides of the inkstand, as shown and described.

3. The combination with an inkstand, of two united clasping frame sections, two up- 125 right posts thereon, a lid hinged on the rear section of the clasping frame, and a vibratile frame supported on a cross bar between the

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posts and arranged to open the lid when vibrated rearwardly, and close said lid after it is impinged by the rocking frame returning to a normal position, substantially as described.

4. The combination with an inkstand, of two clasping united frame sections, two spaced vertical posts thereon, a lid hinged at the rear on the clasping frame, a hook bar on the lid, 10 a prop post on the bar, and an angular bent rocking frame hung on a cross bar between

the posts one portion inclining forwardly and the heavier part rearwardly above the lid, said frame being adapted to open the lid when moved from the front, and close said lid 15 by return to a normal position, substantially as described.

## THEODORE L. HARLOW.

Witnesses:

EDWARD S. DOW, FRANK H. GREEN.