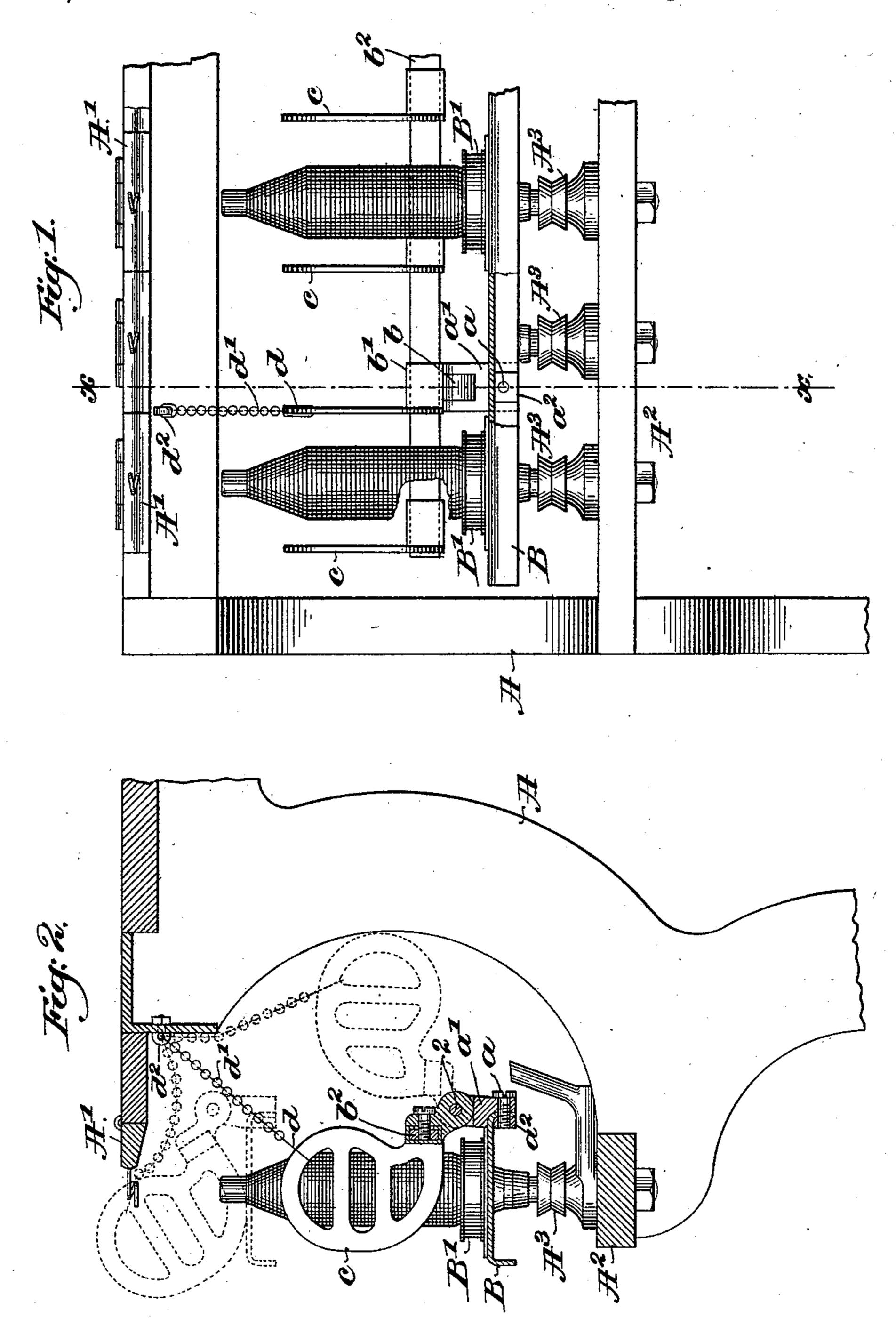
(No Model.)

G. O. DRAPER.

SEPARATOR FOR SPINNING AND TWISTING MACHINES.

No. 539,613.

Patented May 21, 1895.



Witnesses. ACHANNOU M

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By George O. Draper:
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Othings.

United States Patent Office.

GEORGE O. DRAPER, OF HOPEDALE, MASSACHUSETTS, ASSIGNOR TO GEORGE DRAPER & SONS, OF SAME PLACE.

SEPARATOR FOR SPINNING AND TWISTING MACHINES.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 539,613, dated May 21, 1895.

Application filed October 15, 1894. Serial No. 525,939. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, GEORGE O. DRAPER, of Hopedale, county of Worcester, State of Massachusetts, have invented an Improvement in 5 Separators for Spinning and Twisting Machines, of which the following description, in connection with the accompanying drawings, is a specification, like letters on the drawings representing like parts.

It is often found difficult, if not impossible, to adapt modern wide blades to old spinning machines, for the reason that there is not sufficient room in which the blades can move. have aimed to produce a wide separator blade 15 which may be readily applied to the ring rail of any usual form of machine, without in any way limiting the action of the machine.

In accordance with my invention, I mount upon the ring rail, and preferably clamp to 20 the edges thereof, a series of stands to support the bar to which the separators are attached, and to turn the said bar with its attached separators as the ring rail rises, and bring the separators into the proper position 25 as the ring rail descends, I connect the separators by a chain or flexible connection with a part of the frame, as will be hereinafter described. By or through the strain of the chain upon the separators as the ring rail de-30 scends, the said separators are made to take their positions of greatest efficiency when the ring rail is at the lower end of its traverse, and as the ring rail rises the chain or flexible connection permits the separators to readily 35 turn forwardly and rest upon the ring rail between adjacent rings.

A set of separator blades adds considerably to the weight to be lifted by the builder motion. I therefore prefer to substitute in old 40 frames a new rail composed of sheet metal, flanged at its front and rear edges, the stands sustaining the bar for the separator being made in two parts, so as to be readily clamped upon said edges.

cient portion of a ring spinning or twisting machine with my improvements added to enable my invention to be understood, part of two of the spindles and the front of the ring-50 rail being broken out to better show the sepaa section of the frame represented in Fig. 1, the line of section being indicated by dotted line x.

The frame A, the guide-board A', the spin- 55 dle rail A², and spindles A³ are and may be all as usual in spinning and twisting frames.

Herein I have shown the ring rail B as composed of sheet metal, its front and rear edges being flanged to stiffen the same, said ring 60 rail having mounted upon it a series of suitable rings B', upon which, in practice, will run any usual traveler. Not shown. Upon the inner edge of the rail I have clamped by set screws α a series of stands α' , said screws en- 65 tering suitable nuts or blocks a^2 . Each stand is slotted or notched to receive an ear b of a block b' pivoted to the stand by a suitable pivot 2, said block being of suitable shape to receive and hold a bar b^2 , upon which are 70 mounted a series of broad metallic separators c. One or more of these separators are engaged or surrounded by a loop or ring d at one end of a suitable flexible connection d', preferably made as a chain, suspended at its upper 75 end by an eye-bolt d^2 or otherwise, the point of suspension being above the highest working position of the ring rail. The ring rail may be raised and lowered in usual manner.

The dotted lines in Fig. 2 show the ring rail 80 in its highest position, and the full lines show

it in its lowest position.

When the ring nail is down or in its lowest position, the chain or flexible connection d' holds the separator c up in its highest 85 position of efficiency, and at such time the center of gravity of the separator is in front of the pivot 2 uniting the ear with the stand a' referred to. Now, as the spindle ascends, the separators, by the action of gravity, grad- 90 ually tip forward until they meet the rail between adjacent rings, and by the time that the ring rail reaches its highest position, said separators assume the position represented by dotted lines, the chains or flexible connec- 95 Figure 1, in front elevation, shows a suffi- | tions in no way interfering with such movement, the loop or ring d at such time sliding freely on a part of the separator.

When the ring rail is down, and the bobbins are sufficiently full to be doffed from the ico spindles, the operator needs only to push rator-bar and its supports; and Fig. 2 shows I against a separator and turn the same back-

wardly, as represented in Fig. 2, and as soon as the center of gravity of the separator passes the said pivot 2, the said separator, together with all those connected to the bar b^2 will assume the dotted line position Fig. 2.

Having described my invention, what I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent,

is--

1. The combination with a ring rail, a bar pivotally mounted thereon, and a series of separator blades carried thereby, of a flexible connection having one end supported above the highest position occupied by the ring rail and connected at its other end to a separator, the length of the said connection being so proportioned with relation to the vertical movements of the ring rail as to arrest and turn the free end of the separator upwardly

about its pivotal point as the ring rail descends, substantially as described.

2. A ring-rail provided with stands, a separator-carrying bar mounted thereon, and a series of separators attached to said bar, combined with a chain or flexible connection attached to said separators at one end and supported above the highest position occupied by the ring rail, whereby the separators are raised as the ring-rail is lowered, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I have signed my 30 name to this specification in the presence of

two subscribing witnesses.

GEORGE O. DRAPER.

Witnesses:
GEO. W. GREGORY,
THOMAS J. DRUMMOND.