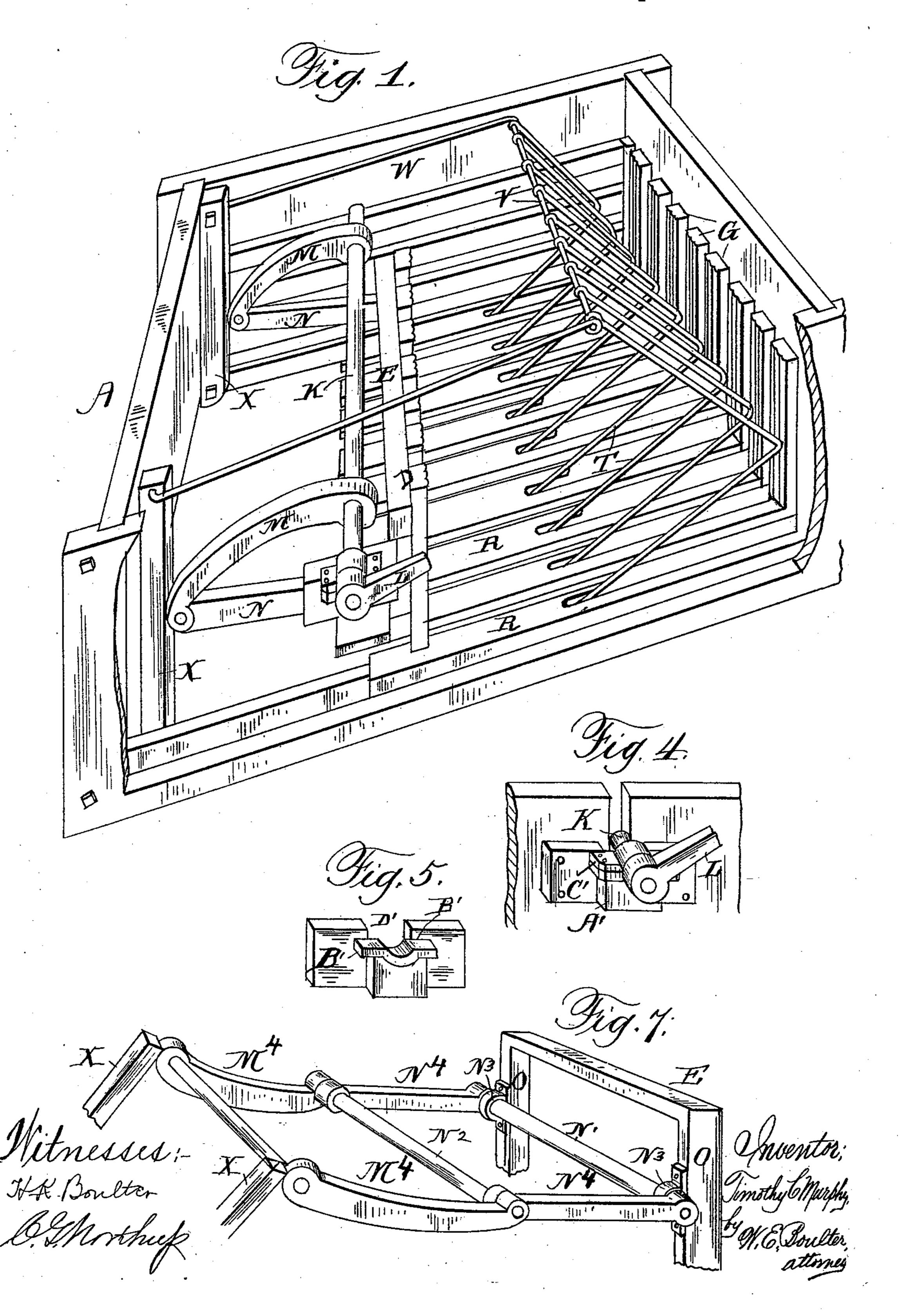
T. C. MURPHY. WASHING MACHINE.

No. 536,643.

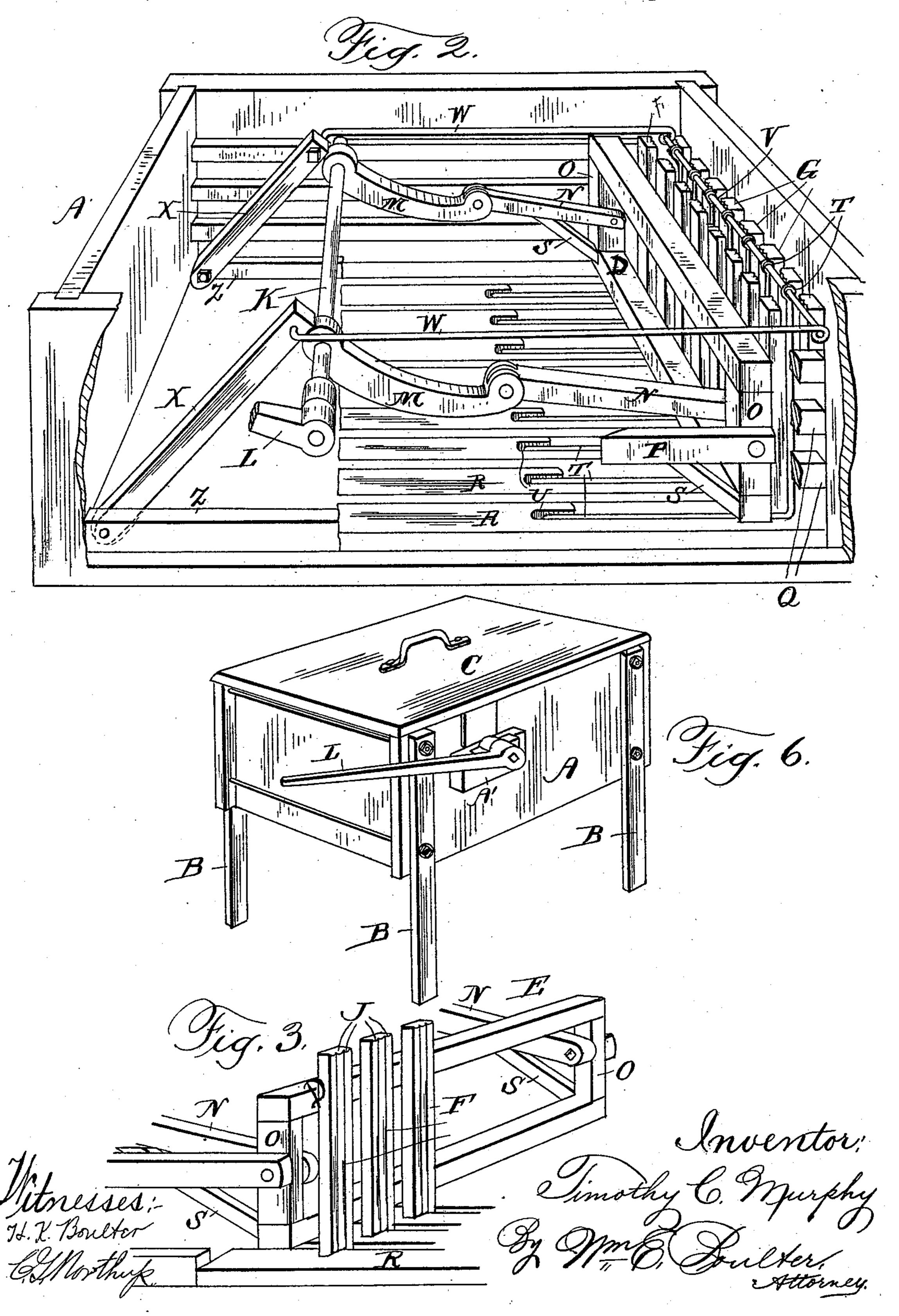
Patented Apr. 2, 1895.



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United States Patent Office.

TIMOTHY C. MURPHY, OF DUBUQUE, IOWA.

WASHING-MACHINE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 536,643, dated April 2, 1895.

Application filed April 2, 1894. Serial No. 506,041. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, TIMOTHY C. MURPHY, a citizen of the United States, residing at Dubuque, in the county of Dubuque and State of Iowa, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Washing-Machines; and I do declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

My invention has relation to washing machines, and more particularly to that class thereof wherein the clothes are subjected to a pounding, pressing or squeezing action ex-15 erted thereupon by a-reciprocating pounder and among the objects sought to be attained by my invention are to provide a washing machine of the character described which is simple, inexpensive and durable and efficient 20 in operation, and to provide such a machine with means whereby the clothes are automatically turned to thereby present different portions to the action of the pounder thereby effecting a complete and thorough washing of 25 the clothes and with the above and other objects in view, my invention consists in the novel construction, arrangement and combination of parts constituting my improved washing machine, all as hereinafter fully 30 described, illustrated in the drawings, and

pointed out in the appended claims. In the drawings:—Figure 1 is a perspective view, parts being broken away to show the interior arrangement of parts and said view rep-35 resenting the interior parts in the position assumed when the pounder is at the extreme limit of its throw in one direction. Fig. 2 is a simlar view representing the position of the interior parts when the pounder is at the ex-40 treme limit of its working stroke. Fig. 3 is a perspective view more clearly showing the construction of the pounder, some parts being broken away. Fig. 4 is a similar view showing the bearing for the operating shaft. Fig. 45 5 is a similar view showing the bearing block and bearing for the operating shaft detached. Fig. 6 is a perspective view of the washing machine complete. Fig. 7 is a perspective

A indicates the clothes receptacle or box which may be constructed in various sizes and of various shapes preferably square or rectangular, as shown, the same being supported

view showing a modified arrangement of the

by suitable legs B, and adapted to be closed 55 by means of a cover C.

D indicates the pounder, the same comprising a rectangular open frame E, extending across the clothes box nearly the entire width thereof and to which frame are secured a seies of upright ribs F having spaces between them, to enable the water to find egress therethrough in the action of pounding or pressing the clothes as presently described.

With the pounder are adapted to co-operate 65 a series of upright ribs G secured to one end of the box A and having spaces between them similar to the ribs F the latter and the ribs G serving to exert a pressing or squeezing action upon the clothes which latter are laid 70 within the space formed between said ribs when the pounder is at the limit of its throw indicated in Fig. 1.

In order to exert a more thorough action upon the clothes and at the same time pre-75 vent injury thereto I construct the working faces of the ribs F, G, with a series of flutes or corrugations J extending vertically thereof.

For the purpose of operating the pounder, I employ the following-described means: K 8c indicates a shaft arranged within and extending transversely of the box A, and having suitable bearings in the sides thereof, one end of which shaft projects beyond the box and is provided with an operating crank or han- 85 dle L. M indicates curved or arched arms or levers, one end of which is keyed to the shaft and the opposite end is jointed to one end of arms or levers N which latter extend forwardly within the box and are pivotally connected 90 to the vertical portions O of the pounder frame. The pounder is guided in its reciprocating movements by horizontally arranged arms P secured to the portion O of the pounder frame and adapted to reciprocate of between horizontally arranged guide ribs Q secured to the sides of the clothes box, and said pounder is further guided in its movements by horizontally arranged ribs R secured upon the bottom of the box A and hav- 100 ing spaces between them to receive the lower rabbeted ends of the ribs F. In order to impart firmness to the guide arms or ribs P. I employ brace arms or supports S, one end of each of which is connected to the guide arm 105 and the other end to the base of the pounder frame. For the purpose of automatically reversing or turning the clothes after each work-

ing stroke of the pounder to thereby present different portions to the pounding or pressing action thereof, and effect a thorough washing of all parts of the clothes, I employ a series 5 of rods T bent into right-angular form, one end of which is pivotally connected to ribs R within slots U formed in said ribs, which rods are adapted to lie within the spaces between the said ribs below their upper faces, and beto tween the ribs G when the pounder is at or nearly at the limit of its working stroke as represented in Fig. 2 to thereby offer no obstruction to the clothes as the latter are forced. toward the ribs G by the pounder. The up-15 per ends of the rods T are connected to a transverse rod V, to which latter are pivotally connected one end of rods W whose opposite ends are similarly connected to the upper ends of vertically arranged bars X, the lower 20 ends whereof are piviotally connected to the ribs Z secured to the sides of the box A. Owing to the arrangement of the right-angled rods, rods W, and bars X, the weight of said rods T acts to normally pull upon the bars X 25 and hold the same in contact with the arched arms M to thereby be operated upon by the latter to effect the turning of the clothes. As seen in Fig. 1, the arms are held in an upright position by means of the arched arms thus 30 maintaining the rods T in the inclined position seen in said figure, which inclination is sufficient to effect the turning of the clothes, and when the pounder has been reciprocated to exert its working action upon the clothes 35 and occupies the position seen in Fig. 2, the arms will have been pulled into the inclined position seen, to be again acted upon by the arched arms when the pounder makes its return stroke.

I preferably mount the projecting end of the operating shaft in the bearing seen in Figs. 4 and 5 wherein A' indicates a bearing block secured upon the outside of the box A and having the lower bearing B' adapted to receive the upper bearing C' for the shaft.

Said block A' is also provided with a vertical recess or slot D' whereby to allow all rust, wear and oil from the shaft to fall therethrough without entering the box A.

If desired, the described method of mounting the end of shaft K may be carried out for the opposite end thereof.

In Fig. 7 I show a modified arrangement of the operating devices for the pounder. In this arrangement I show the arms N⁴ mounted upon transverse rod or shaft N' which is mounted in suitable bearings N³ secured to the pounder frame, the opposide ends of the arms N⁴ being also mounted upon a transfer verse rod or shaft N², upon which shaft are mounted also the ends of the arched arms N⁴.

The operation of my improved washing machine may be briefly described as follows:—
The suds having been placed within the box

65 A the handle L is turned to carry the pounder into the position seen in Fig. 1, after which the clothes to be washed are placed within

The handle L is then turned to cause the pounder to force the clothes toward and 70 against the ribs G thereby subjecting said clothes to a pressing or squeezing action, and as the pounder makes its return movement the rods T will be caused to turn or reverse the clothes so that upon the next forward or 75 working stroke of the pounder the same will act upon fresh surfaces of the clothes and subject the same to the pressing or squeezing action described. In this manner the clothes are thoroughly and completely washed in all 80 parts and without injury thereto.

What I claim, and desire to secure by Let-

ters Patent, is—

1. In a washing machine, the combination with a clothes receptacle of a horizontally- 85 reciprocating pounder and means for turning or reversing the clothes consisting essentially of a series of right-angled rods pivotally connected at one end with the bottom of the receptacle, said rods being adapted to be oscil- 90 lated as described for the purpose specified.

2. In a washing machine, the combination with a clothes receptacle, of a reciprocating pounder, a series of ribs carried by the bottom of the receptacle, a series of ribs carried 95 by one end of the latter, and a series of right-angled rods adapted to be oscillated as described and to lie within the spaces between the said ribs in the manner and for the pur-

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pose specified.

3. In a washing machine, the combination with a clothes receptacle, of a horizontally-reciprocating pounder and means for turning or reversing the clothes consisting of a series of right-angled rods pivotally connected at 105 one end with the bottom of the receptacle at points intermediate the end of the receptacle and the limit of the throw of the pounder in a direction away from said end, and said rods being adapted to be oscillated simultaneously 110 with the throw of the pounder and being arranged so as to bring one portion of the rods into a vertical plane and the other portion into a horizontal plane to permit the pounder, to move over said horizontally-lying portions 115 of the rods, in the manner described.

4. In a washing machine, the combination with a receptacle, a transverse shaft within the same, a reciprocating pounder, arms M secured to the shaft, arms N pivotally connected to the said arms M, and the pounder, a series of right-angled rods pivoted at one end, rods W pivoted to the other end of the said right-angled rods, and pivoted arms pivotally connected with the rods W and adapted 125 to be acted upon by the arms M, in the manner specified.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

TIMOTHY C. MURPHY.

Witnesses:

THOS. F. MAGUIRE. M. D. NAGLE.