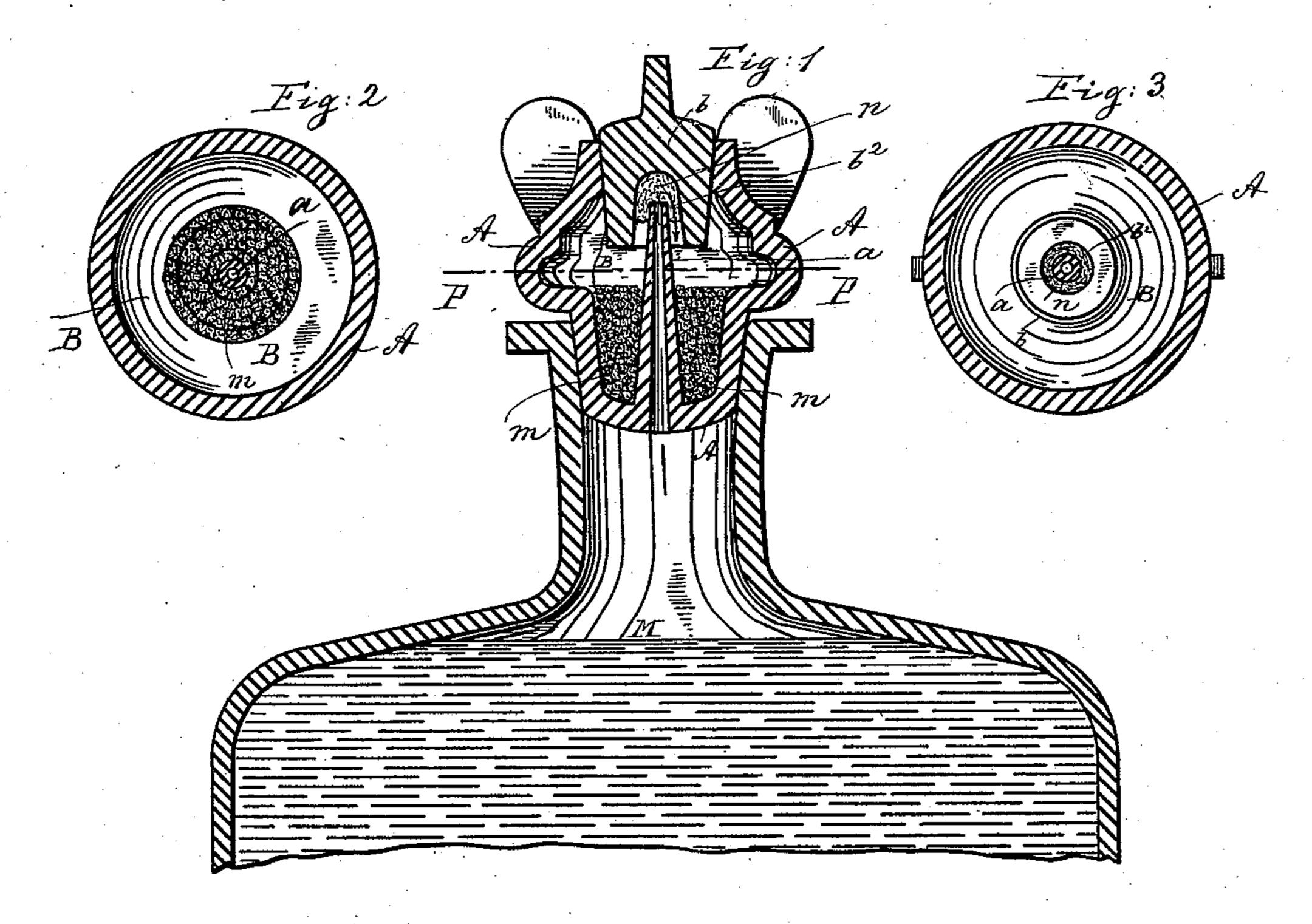
(No Model.)

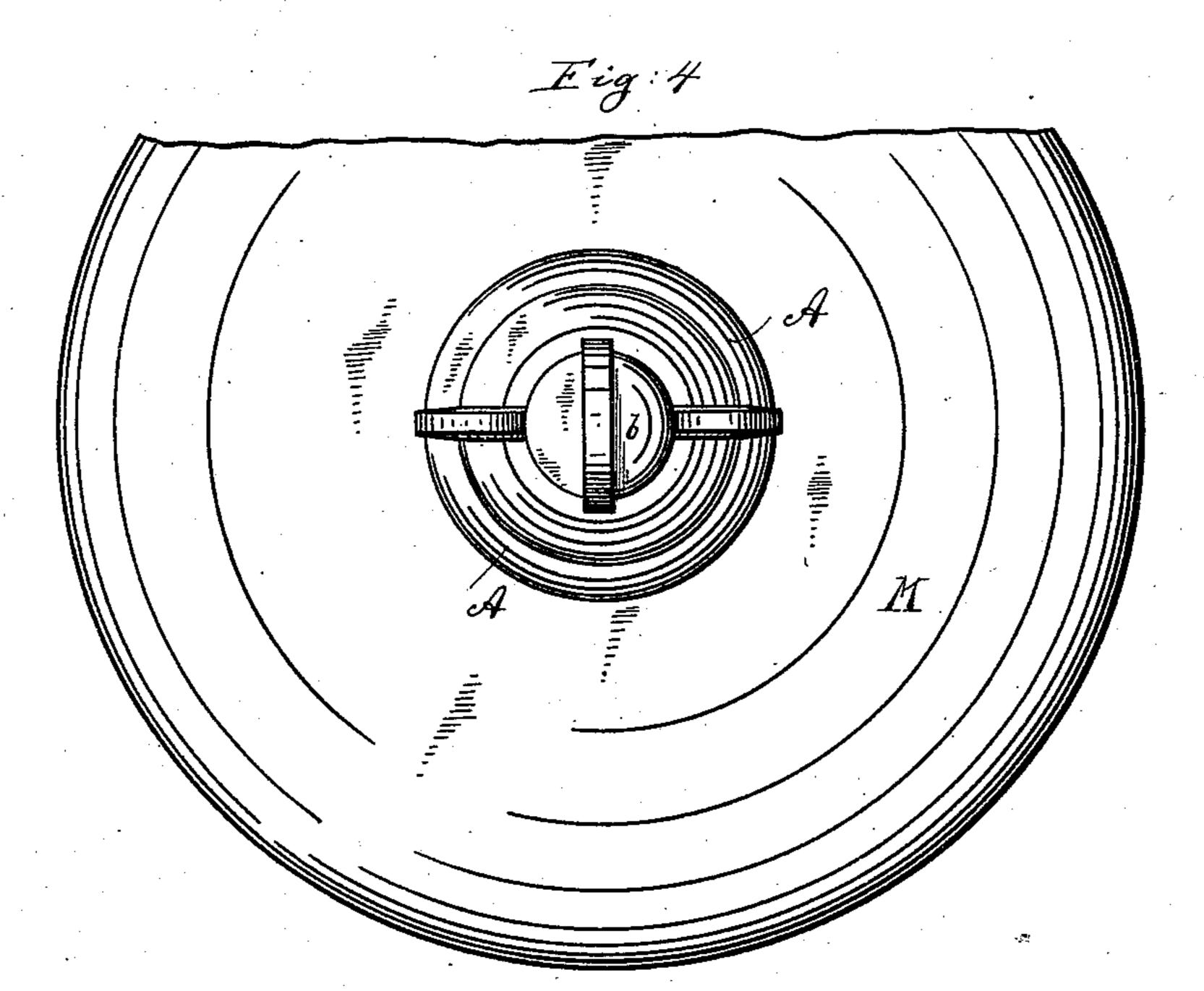
2 Sheets—Sheet 1.

L. G. A. SCHUBBERT. HYGROSCOPIC STOPPER.

No. 532,592.

Patented Jan. 15, 1895.

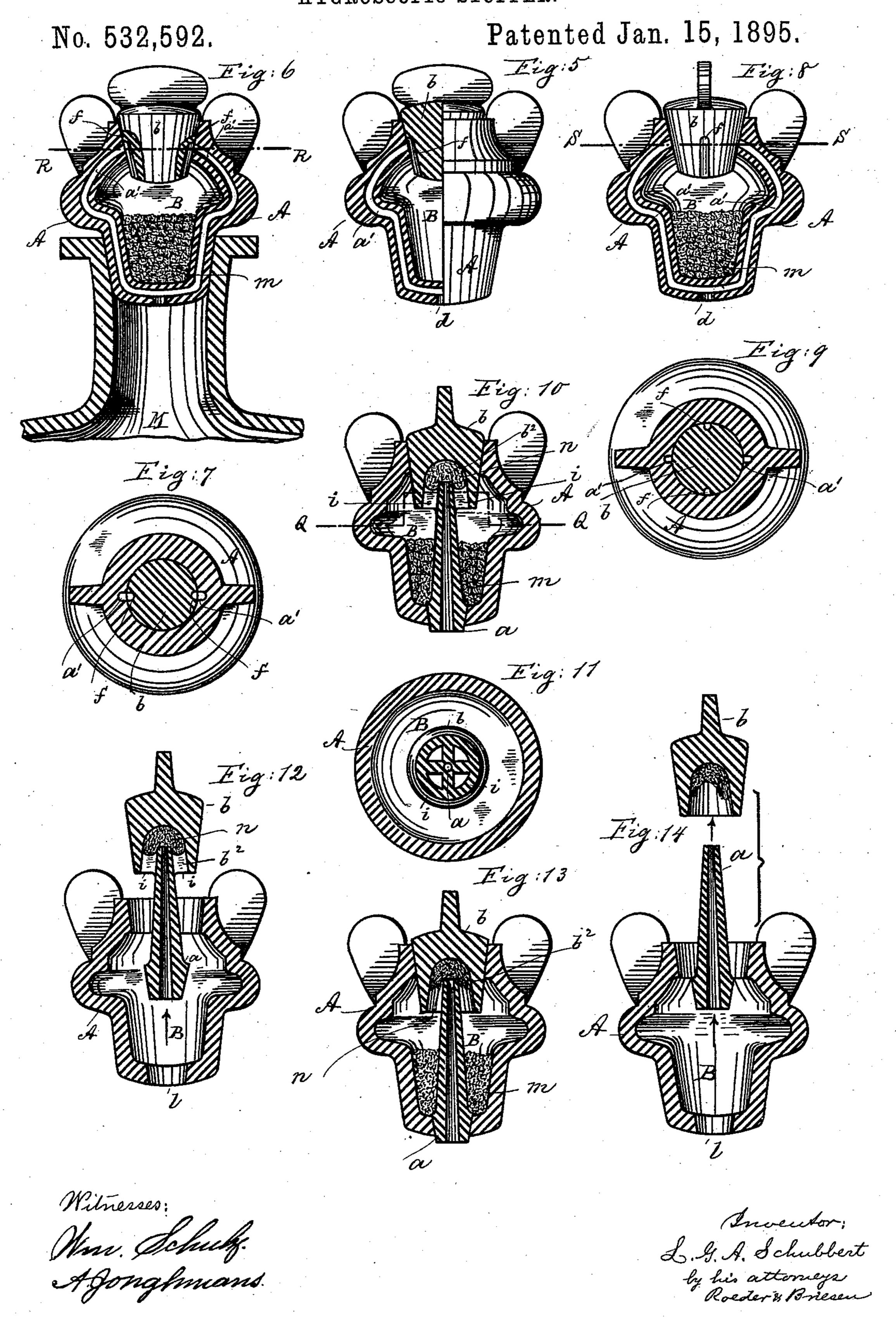




Witnesses: Um Schulg, Afonghmans.

Enveritor: Le g. A. Schubbert by his attorneys Roeder & Briesen

L. G. A. SCHUBBERT. HYGROSCOPIC STOPPER.



United States Patent Office.

LUDWIG GUSTAV ADOLF SCHUBBERT, OF HOHN, NEAR RENDSBURG, GERMANY.

HYGROSCOPIC STOPPER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 532,592, dated January 15, 1895.

Application filed November 16, 1892. Serial No. 452, 133. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Beitknown that I, Ludwig Gustav Adolf SCHUBBERT, a subject of the German Emperor, and a resident of Hohn, near Rends-5 burg, Germany, have invented an Improved Hygroscopic Stopper, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to a bottle stopper which will absorb and accumulate objection-10 able moisture from the contents of the bottle

so that the contents will remain dry.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a vertical longitudinal section of my improved bottle stopper; Fig. 2, a cross section 15 on line P, P, Fig. 1, looking down; Fig. 3, a similar section looking up; Fig. 4, a top view of the stopper; Fig. 5, a vertical section partly in side view of a modification; Fig. 6, a vertical section thereof showing the ducts open; 20 Fig. 7, a cross section on line R, R, Fig. 6; Fig. 8, a vertical section with the ducts closed; Fig. 9, a cross section on line S, S, Fig. 8; Fig. 10, a vertical section of a further modification; Fig. 11, a cross section on line Q, Q, Fig. 25 10; Fig. 12, a section similar to Fig. 10, with the plug raised; Fig. 13, a vertical section of a further modification, and Fig. 14 a similar section with the plug raised.

In Figs. 1 to 4 the letter M, represents a 30 bottle or other receptacle into the neck of which is fitted a stopper A. This stopper is hollow to form a chamber B, for the reception of a suitable moisture absorbing material m, such as chloride of calcium, but of course, any 35 other absorbent, either liquid or solid may be substituted. The chamber B is closed by a plug b, seated within the neck of the stopper A. With the chamber B, there communicates a tube or duct a, opening at its lower 40 end into bottle M, and entering with its upper end a cavity b^2 , of plug b. This cavity may be filled with a packing such as wadding n, to prevent a return of moisture. The moist-i

ure ascends from bottle M, through tube a, and packing n, and enters chamber B, to be 45 absorbed by the absorbent m, as will be read-

ily understood.

In Figs. 5 to 9 the central channel a, is replaced by a pair of circumferential channels or ducts a', communicating at their lower end 50 by a perforation d, with bottle M. The plug b, is provided with two grooves f, placed diametrically opposite each other. When the plug b, is so inserted that the channels a', register with the grooves f, (Fig. 6,) the contents 55 of the bottle communicate with the interior of the stopper; but if the grooves f, are out of line with the channels a', the communication between bottle and interior of stopper is interrupted, so that no absorption takes 60

In Figs. 10 to 12, the tube a, is secured to the plug b, in lieu of being secured to the stopper A. Here the cavity b^2 , is partially closed by a perforated diaphragm i, and the 65 tube a, is attached to this diaphragm and projects through a perforation l, of stopper A.

In Figs. 13 and 14 the perforated diaphragm i, is omitted and the tube a, is detached from the plug and also from the stopper, so that 70 all three pieces are separable from each other.

What I claim is—

A bottle stopper having a chamber, an absorbent within the chamber, a tube that communicates with the bottle and opens into the 75 interior of the stopper, and with a plug that engages the stopper above the mouth of the tube, substantially as specified.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of 80

two subscribing witnesses.

LUDWIG GUSTAV ADOLF SCHUBBERT.

Witnesses:

CHRISTIAN LUDWIG HEIT, HENNING VOLLERT.