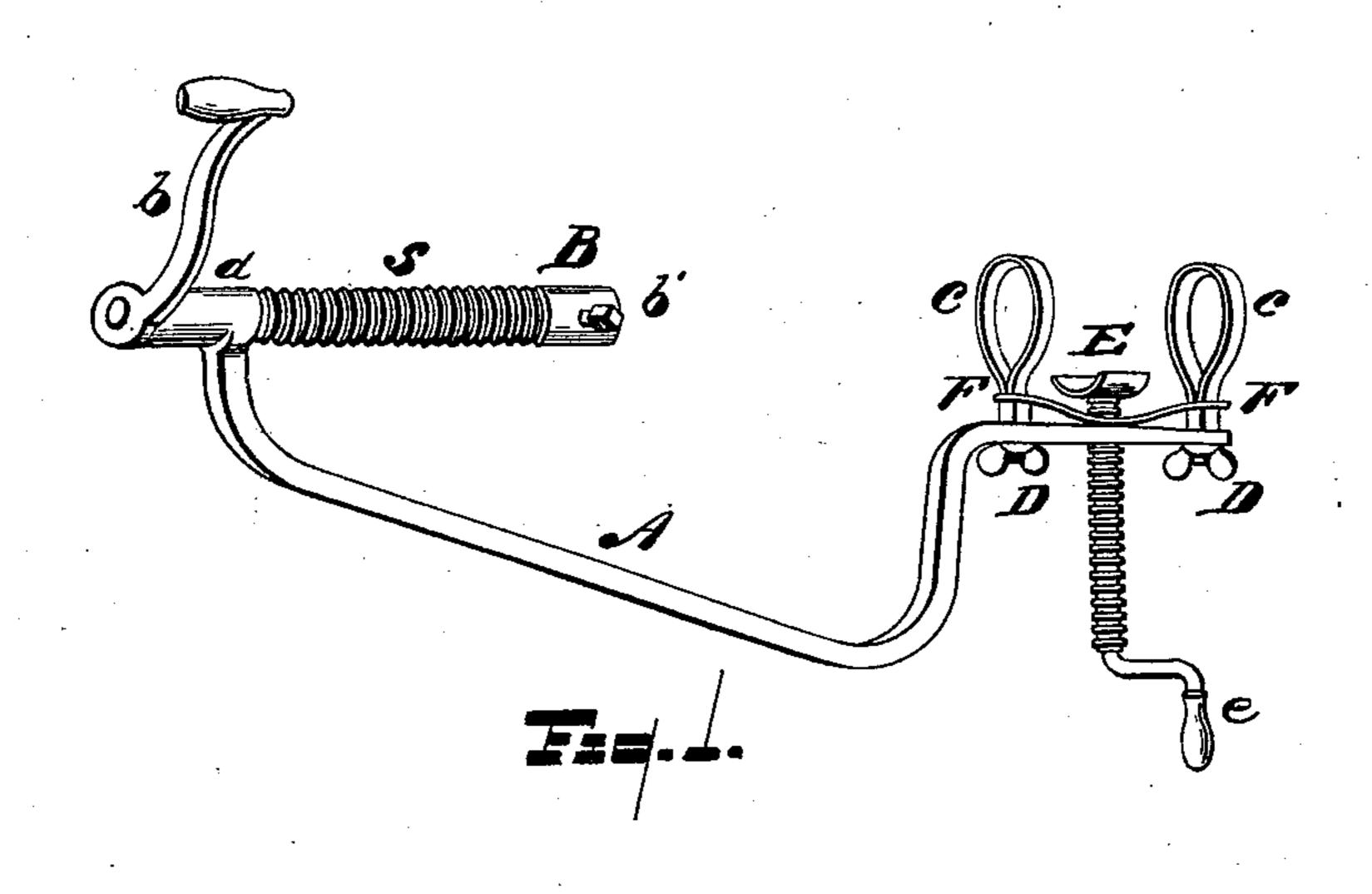
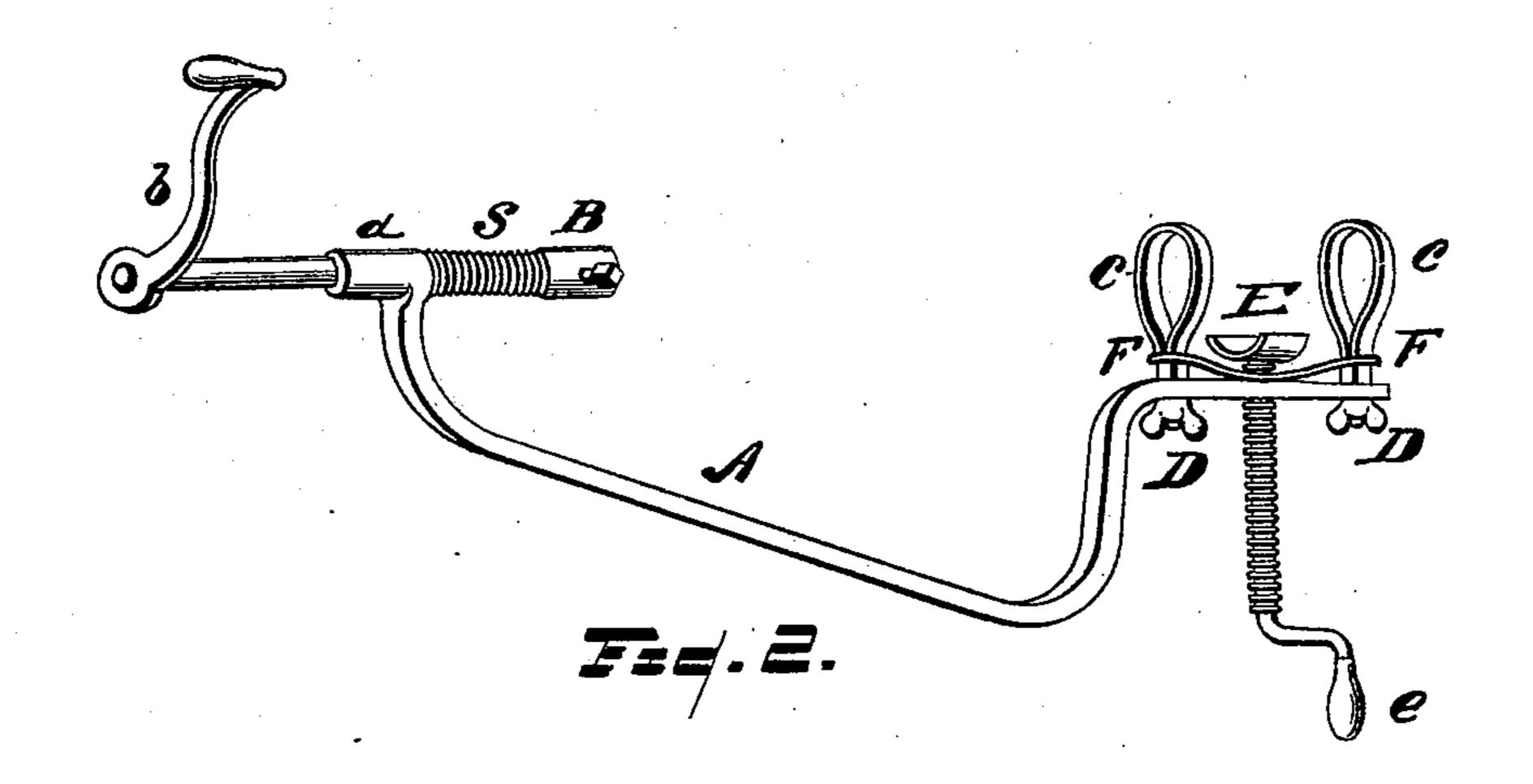
(No Model.)

J. O. LADE. SPOKE TENONING MACHINE

No. 521,214.

Patented June 12, 1894.





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Johann Lade INVENTOR

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THE NATIONAL LITHOGRAPHING COMPANY, WASHINGTON, D. C.

United States Patent Office.

JOHANN O. LADE, OF MERRILL, MICHIGAN.

SPOKE-TENONING MACHINE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 521,214, dated June 12, 1894.

Application filed July 11, 1893. Serial No. 480,189. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Johann O. Lade, a citizen of the United States, residing at Merrill, in the county of Saginaw and State of 5 Michigan, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Spoke-Tenoning Machines; and I do declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in to the art to which it appertains to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to the letters of reference marked thereon, which form a part of this specification.

My invention relates to spoke tenoning machines and consists in the special construction and combination shown and claimed.

Figure 1 is a perspective of the machine, and Fig. 2 is a perspective showing the tool 20 shaft in a different position.

A is the bed or frame of the machine and consists of a piece of metal bent somewhat j yoke shaped, provided at one end with a socket for receiving the tool shaft B, the other 25 end being bent on a line parallel with the tool shaft but below the plane thereof, yet in same vertical plane and provided with three sockets, two for receiving the adjustable clamps or loops C, C, and one for receiving the screw 30 threaded shaft, e, provided with a crank and having upon its upper end the rest E. Each clamp C consists of a loop of sufficient size to receive a spoke, the ends of the loop united and passing down through the spring F, into 35 the socket in bed A, and is provided with a screw threaded end upon which the thumb nut D is screwed, holding it within the socket in bed A; passing the spoke through these loops, C, C, it will lie in the rest E. Turning the 40 crank on the shaft e, will clamp the spoke against the top of the loops C, C. If this does not bring the end of the spoke in line with the tool shaft B, turning the shaft E downward and screwing up on the thumb nut 45 D, will adjust the spoke to the proper line. The tool shaft B, is provided with a socket

for receiving the tool, and at the other end

with a crank b, for turning the shaft.

| between its socket a, and the tool socket, and 50 is for the purpose of pressing the tool against the end of the spoke. This position is shown in Fig. 1.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters 55

Patent, is—

In a spoke tenoning machine of the class described the combination with the bed A consisting of a bar bent as described having at one end a horizontal socket integral there- 60 with for receiving the tool shaft, and on the other end two square sockets the proper distance apart for receiving the adjustable rests C, C, and a screw threaded socket for receiving the clamping device E, and the 65 tool shaft B passing through the horizontal socket on the end of the bed A, the crank b on the outer end of the tool shaft, the tool socket b' on the inner end of the tool shaft, the coiled spring Ssurrounding the tool shaft 70 between the tool socket and the tool shaft socket whereby the tool may be pressed against the spoke, of the spoke clamping device described consisting of the two adjustable loop rests C, C, having their lower ends 75 screw threaded and above the thread a square shoulder adapted to fit into the square sockets in the ends of a flat spring and into the square socket in the ends of the bar A, thumb nuts D screwing on to the ends of the loops 80 C, C below the bar A and thereby adjusting the loops, the flat spring F, having its ends bent away from the bar A and provided with square sockets for receiving the square shoulder on the ends of the loops C. C, where-85 by when the loops C, C are drawn down by the thumb nuts D the spring F will hold the loops rigid and resist the nuts D, the clamp E between the adjustable loops C, C and adapted to press against the lower side of 90 the spoke and clamp the spoke between it and the top of the loops C, C, the clamp consisting of the rest E having a screw threaded stem passing through a socket in the spring F thereby securing the spring to the bed A, 95 and through the screw threaded socket in the bed A, and having upon the lower end S is a coiled spring surrounding the shaft I of the stem a crank e for turning the clamping device as required, whereby by turning the nuts D, D, and the crank e the spoke may be readily adjusted while in the clamping device to the line of the tool shaft and 5 held in that position as the tenon is being formed, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

JOHANN O. LADE.

Witnesses:

A. H. SWARTHOUT, J. F. O'KEEFE.