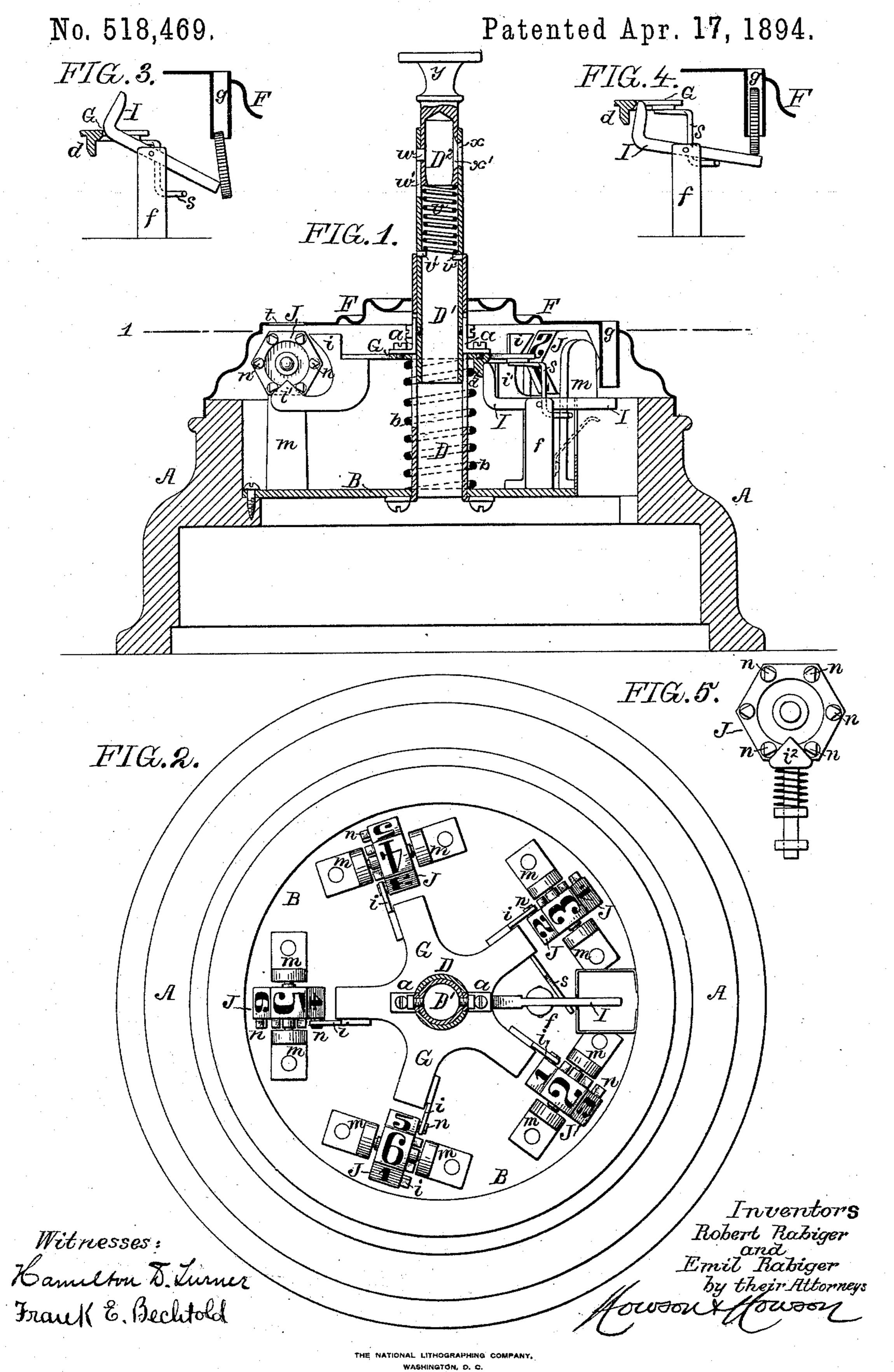
(No Model.)

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CIGAR TIP CUTTER AND DICE THROWING APPARATUS.



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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## CIGAR-TIP CUTTER AND DICE-THROWING APPARATUS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 518,469, dated April 17, 1894.

Application filed September 21, 1893. Serial No. 486,125. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, ROBERT RABIGER and EMIL RABIGER, citizens of the United States, and residents of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, 5 have invented a Combined Cigar-Tip Cutter and Dice-Throwing Apparatus, of which the

following is a specification.

Our invention consists of certain combinations of parts whereby the deposit of a coin to in a properly located slot serves to release the mechanism for operating the dice disks, also in certain mechanism for operating and locking said disks and for effecting the discharge of the coin by the movement of said 15 operating devices, and further in the combination of the disk operating mechanism with a cigar tip cutter which is normally operative to sever the tip from the cigar without actuating the dice disks, but which is caused to 20 perform both of these operations when a coin is deposited in the slot.

In the accompanying drawings:—Figure 1, is a vertical section, partly in elevation, of a combined eigar tip cutter and coin-operated 25 dice throwing device, constructed in accordance with our invention. Fig. 2, is a sectional plan view of the same on the line 1-2, with the cover plate removed. Figs. 3 and 4, are detached sectional views of parts of the 30 device illustrating one feature of the invention; and Fig. 5, is a viewillustrating a modi-

fication of part of the invention.

A represents a hollow base of any suitable shape or dimensions and across this base ex-35 tends a plate or disk B, to which is secured the lower end of a tube D, which extends up through the cover plate F of the device and serves as a guide for the internal sliding tube D', the latter having brackets a which pro-40 ject through slots in the outer tube D and are secured to a plate G which is supported upon a spiral spring b surrounding the tube D and seated upon the bottom plate B, so that the tube D' and its plate G are normally sup-45 ported in an elevated position as shown in | device has above each dice disk an opening Fig. 1, and are locked in this position by the engagement of a lug d on the plate G with the upturned inner end of a lever I, hung to a suitable standard f projecting upward from 50 the bottom plate B, the outer end of said lever I terminating beneath a tube g secured to the cap or cover plate F, this tube being of I

such dimensions as to permit of the dropping of a coin through the same. The plate G has a series of radiating arms, five in the present 55 instance, and to each of these arms is secured a pair of fingers ii'. To standards m projecting upward from the bottom plate B are adapted the journals of a series of dice disks J, one for each of the arms of the plate G, 60 and from one side of each of these dice disks J project six lugs or pins n which are in line with the fingers ii' of that arm of the plate G which corresponds with said dice disk. The fingers i' are beveled and when the plate G is 65 in its elevated or normal position, each finger i' projects between the lowermost pair of lugs n of its corresponding dice disk and thus locks said disk in position and prevents any accidental turning of or tampering with the same. 70 From one of the arms of the plate G projects a bent arm s which terminates beneath the coin receiving lever I, hence when a coin is dropped through the tube G and onto the outer end of said lever, as shown in Fig. 4, the arm 75 s stops the descent of the lever as soon as the upwardly bent inner end of the latter has been withdrawn from beneath the lug dof the plate G so as to unlock the latter. When the plate G is depressed, however, the 80 support of the arm s is removed from the lever I and the latter is permitted to tilt so as to discharge the coin, as shown in Fig. 3, or such tilting will be positively effected by the action of the lug d upon the upturned in- 85 ner end of the lever I on the descent of the plate. When the plate G is moved downward the first effect of such movement is to withdraw the fingers i' from between the lugs n of the various dice disks, thereby un- 90 locking the latter, the continued downward movement of the plate causing the upper fingers i to act upon the lugs n of the dice disks and cause the rotation of the latter, the fingers i' again locking the disks on the rise of 95 the plate. The top plate or cover F of the t through which the uppermost number of each disk can be viewed.

Within the tube D' is a second sliding tube 100  $D^2$  which is supported upon a spring v mounted upon inwardly projecting lugs v' of said tube D', a projecting lug w being adapted to a slot w' in the tube D' so as to prevent the

withdrawal of the tube D<sup>2</sup> and limit the movement of the same independently of the tube D'. In the tube D' is formed an opening xand in the tube  $D^2$  is an opening x' which 5 normally coincides with the opening x so that a cigar tip passed through the openings will be severed when the tube D2 is forced downward on the inside of the tube D' that portion of the tube D<sup>2</sup> bounding the upper side to of the opening x' being sharpened or provided with a cutting knife for this purpose. So long, therefore, as the lever I locks the plate G and tube D' in position the tube D<sup>2</sup> may be depressed in order to cut the tip from 15 a cigar without causing any downward movement of the tube D', but if, before cutting the cigar tip, a coin is deposited in the tube g so as to unlock the plate G and tube D', downward pressure upon the knob y at the 20 upper end of the tube D2 will cause first a downward movement of said tube D2 within the tube D' and consequent cutting of the eigar tip and compression of the spring v, and then a downward movement of both 25 tubes, and a compression of the heavier spring b so that besides cutting the tip from the cigar, the dice disks will be turned and

knob y. It will be evident that instead of providing the dice disks with numerals as shown, each 35 numeral may be represented by a series of dots, lugs, or depressions, or the disks may have representations of playing cards formed thereon or applied thereto in place of the nu-

caused to show a series of numbers at the

openings t in the cover plate, the disks be-

parts when pressure is removed from the

30 ing locked in position upon the rise of the

merals.

Instead of employing the supporting arm s as a means of arresting the downward movement of the lever I when the coin is first deposited upon the same, we can employ a light spring, such for instance as shown by

45 dotted lines in Fig. 1, this spring being stiff enough to prevent downward movement of the lever under the weight of the coin, but not stiff enough to prevent further movement of said lever under the action of the lug d.

50 A spring plunger i2, as shown for instance in Fig. 5, may also, if desired, take the place of the locking finger i', although the latter is to be preferred because when it is used the rotating movement of the dice disks is en-55 tirely free from restraint.

Having thus described our invention, we claim and desire to secure by Letters Pat-- ent-

1. The combination of a series of dice disks, 60 a spring supported plate having fingers for operating said dice disks, a coin receiving le-

ver for locking said plate, and a cigar tip cutter carried by the plate and having a spring supported knife, the plate supporting spring being stiffer than that which supports the 65

knife, substantially as specified.

2. The combination of the series of dice disks mounted upon horizontal axes and each having a series of projecting fingers at one side, with the spring supported plate having 7c for each of the dice disks an upper and a lower finger so located in respect to the projecting pins of the disk that on the downward movement of the plate the upper finger will strike one of said pins in order to turn the disk for- 75 ward, and on the upward movement of the plate the lower finger will engage with two of said pins in order to lock the disks in position, substantially as specified.

3. The combination of the series of dice 80 disks, the spring supported plate having disk operating fingers, the coin receiving lockinglever, and means for supporting said lever after the coin is deposited thereupon and the lever has moved sufficiently to unlock the 85 plate, said lever being so constructed and so located that further movement of the plate will cause a further tripping of the lever and the discharge of the coin therefrom, substan-

tially as specified.

4. The combination of the series of dice disks, the spring supported plate having disk operating fingers, the coin receiving lever for locking said plate, and an arm carried by the plate and serving as a stop for the lever 95 when the same has been moved so as to unlock the plate, substantially as specified.

5. The combination of the series of dice disks, the plate having disk operating fingers, a coin receiving and locking lever for 100 said plate, a tube carried by the plate and having an opening therein for receiving the tip of a cigar, and a spring supported cutter mounted inside of the said tube, substan-

tially as specified.

6. The combination of the base frame, a perforated supporting plate therein having a guide tube, a series of dice disks, a plate for operating the same, having a tube adapted to said guide tube and perforated to receive a 110 cigar tip, a coin receiving and locking lever for said plate, and a tip cutter mounted within the perforated tube, substantially as specified.

In testimony whereof we have signed our 115 names to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

> ROBERT RABIGER. EMIL RABIGER.

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Witnesses:

WILLIAM A. BARR, FRANK E. BECHTOLD.