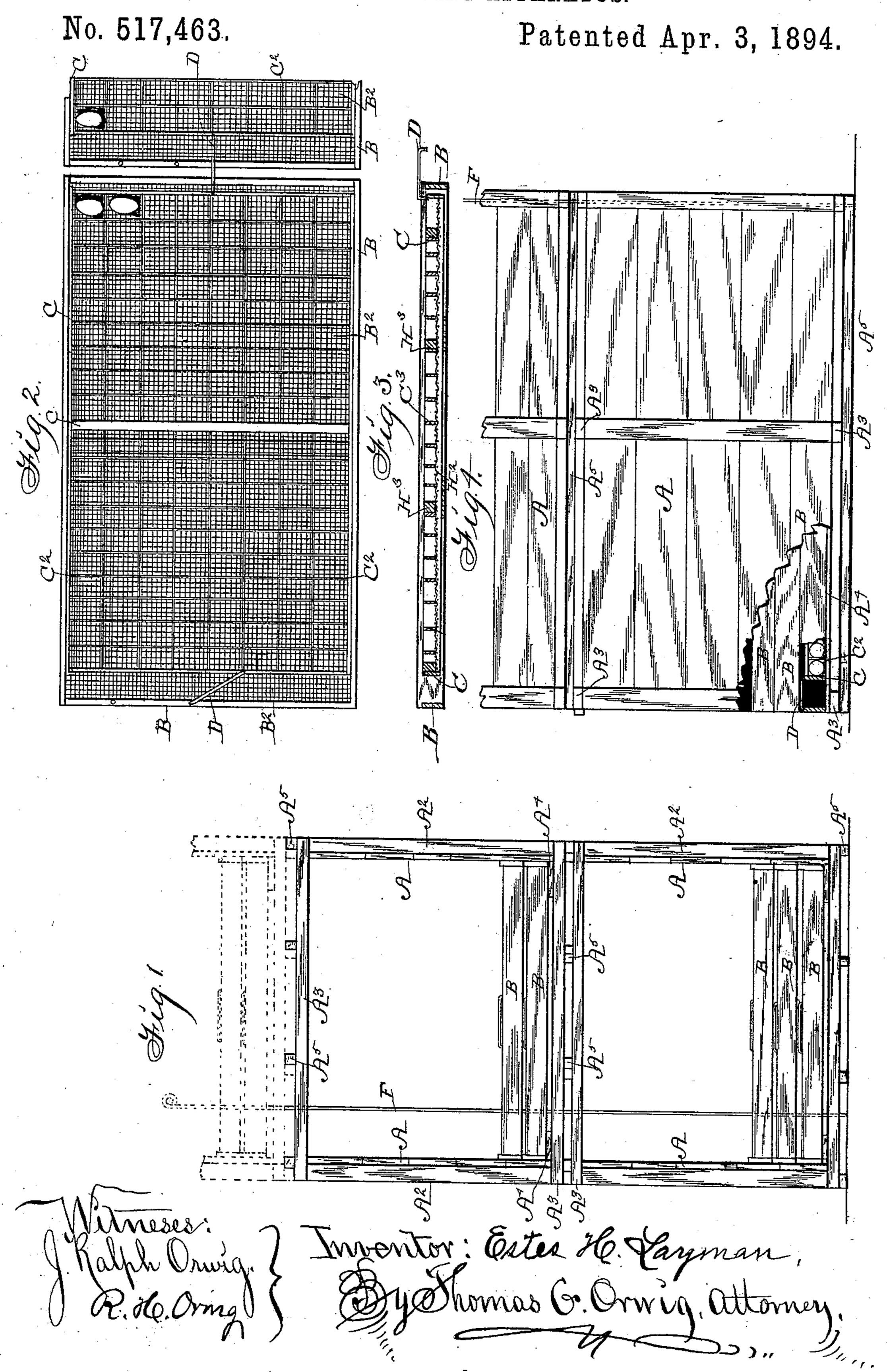
E. H. LAYMAN.
EGG PRESERVING APPARATUS.



## United States Patent Office.

ESTES H. LAYMAN, OF DES MOINES, IOWA.

## EGG-PRESERVING APPARATUS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 517,463, dated April 3, 1894.

Application filed April 17, 1893. Serial No. 470,587. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Estes H. Layman, a citizen of the United States of America, residing at Des Moines, in the county of Polk 5 and State of Iowa, have invented an Improved Apparatus for Handling and Preserving Eggs, of which the following is a specification.

The object of my invention is to provide a simple, cheap and durable crate having a pluro rality of eggdrawers therein, so arranged that every egg in the drawer may be turned by moving a frame within each drawer and to provide means whereby a number of crates may be placed in longitudinal alignment and 15 the frames within the drawers connected with each other so as to be moved simultaneously and to construct the crate so that a number of them may be placed the one above the other and held in position with all of the 20 drawers therein locked.

With these ends in view my invention consists in details in the construction, arrangement and combination of parts as hereinafter set forth, pointed out in my claims, and 25 illustrated in the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a front view of two crates placed the one above the other, with a portion of a third, shown above the second in dotted lines 3c and one or more egg drawers shown placed within the frame C and in position, in each. Fig. 2 is a top or plan view of one of the drawers, and a portion of a second one placed in proximity to one end thereof with the slid-35 ing frames coupled together. Fig. 3 is a longitudinal vertical sectional view of a modified form of drawer, and Fig. 4 is a side view of one of the crates and a portion of a second one placed thereupon, parts being broken 4° away to show the position of the drawers, &c.

Referring to the accompanying drawings the crate is seen to be composed of the thin side pieces A, A, the vertical braces A<sup>2</sup> on the outside thereof, the cross pieces A<sup>3</sup> secured to 45 the ends of the uprights A<sup>2</sup> on the top and bottom of the crate, the longitudinal supports A4 at the bottom of the interior of the crate to support the egg drawers and the longitudinal strips A<sup>5</sup> at the top and the bottom of the 50 crate so arranged that when two crates are

engage each other and prevent a lateral movement of the crates relative to each other.

The drawers are composed of the rectangular frames B having the top edge of their 55 end pieces somewhat lower than the top edges of the sides for purposes hereinafter set forth and their bottoms formed of the wire netting B<sup>2</sup> said drawers being of such a size as to fit into the crates and to be placed therein with 60 their side pieces resting upon each other. A frame C rectangular in shape and having a cross piece in its central portion and open at its top and bottom, is placed upon the bottom B<sup>2</sup> of the frame B, to be capable of a 65 slight longitudinal movement relative thereto. This frame C is filled with egg cells C2 which are preferably composed of paste board and loosely placed in said frame C, the cells being of a size and shape adapted to admit an egg 70 and allow it to rest upon the bottom B2 of the frame B so that when the frame C is moved longitudinally in the frame B, the eggs will be turned.

D designates a link adapted to enter bores 75 in the end piece of the drawer and in the end piece of the frame C so as to hold the frame immovable within the drawer or to couple it with a like frame within a drawer in proximity thereto as clearly shown in Fig. 2.

F designates a rod adapted to be extended through the crate, and the end of each drawer within the crate, and when a number of crates are piled upon each other, to be extended through all of them and hold them in 85 position relative to each other and lock the drawers therein.

In practical use, a number of crates are placed upon each other in a suitable storage room, the cells in the drawers filled with 90 eggs and the drawers placed in the crates and resting upon each other, a second lot of crates is then placed at one end of the first and filled with egg drawers in a like manner, the sliding frames within the egg drawers are then 95 connected by means of the links D, (the end portions of the egg drawers being lower than the sides to permit this.) It will now be seen that a storage room may be completely filled with the crates and if access is had thereto 100 at one end all of the eggs therein may be easplaced on top of each other said strips will I ily turned by sliding the frames in the said

end longitudinally within the drawers, it being a well known fact that a frequent turning of eggs adds to their keeping qualities.

In the modified form of egg drawer shown in Fig. 3 the drawer or frame B is open at its top and bottom and has the cross pieces H at the under side to support the sliding frame. C designates the sliding frame within the drawer B and provided with a bottom H² of of wire netting. H³ are cross pieces fixed to the drawer B and extended transversely above the sliding frame C. C² designates the egg cells loosely placed on the bottom H² of the frame C and arranged so as to not quite fill up the space in the frame C so that a longitudinal movement of the frame C will cause the

nal movement of the frame C will cause the bottom H<sup>2</sup> to be moved and the cells C<sup>2</sup> be held stationary, to turn the eggs contained therein.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent of the United States therefor, is—

1. A crate for storing and shipping eggs, comprising a suitable rectangular frame or box, a number of sliding drawers therein adapted to contain eggs, longitudinal strips

secured to the top and bottom of the frame or box to mate with like strips secured to contiguous boxes to prevent lateral movements of the frames or boxes relative to each other, 30 and a rod adapted to be extended through the frame or box and said drawers, substantially as, and for the purposes, stated.

2. An improved apparatus for handling and turning eggs comprising a crate formed of the 35 parts A, A<sup>2</sup>, A<sup>3</sup> and A<sup>4</sup>, the longitudinal strips A<sup>5</sup> secured to the top and bottom of the crate to prevent the lateral movement of two crates relative to each other when placed the one above the other, the egg drawer composed of 40 the parts B, B<sup>2</sup>, C and C<sup>2</sup>, a link detachably secured to the part C and adapted to be attached to a like part of a contiguous egg drawer, as set forth, and a rod F adapted to be extended vertically through the crate and 45 all of the egg drawers therein for the purposes stated.

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Witnesses:
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