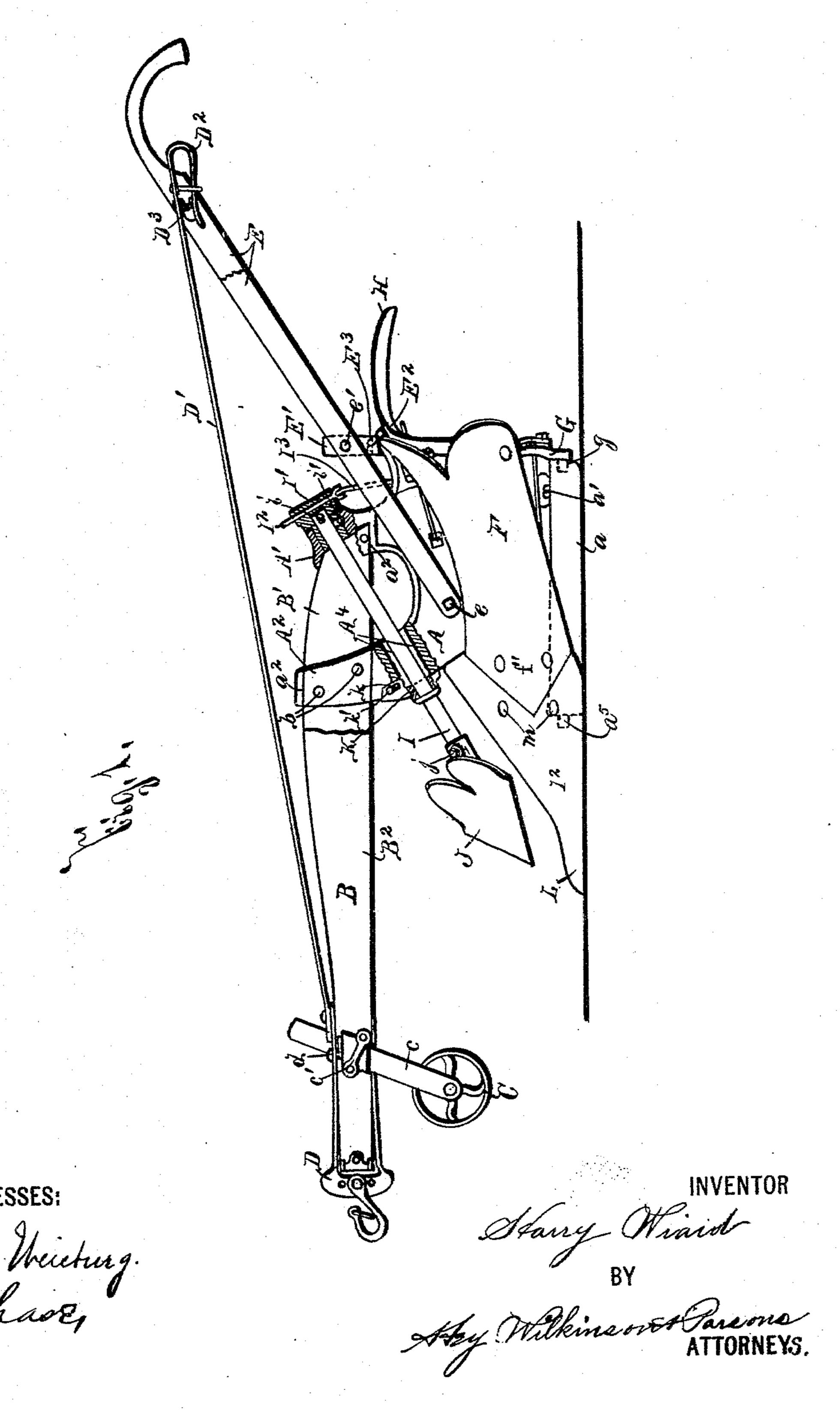
(No Model.)

H. WIARD. PLOW.

No. 515,417.

Patented Feb. 27, 1894.

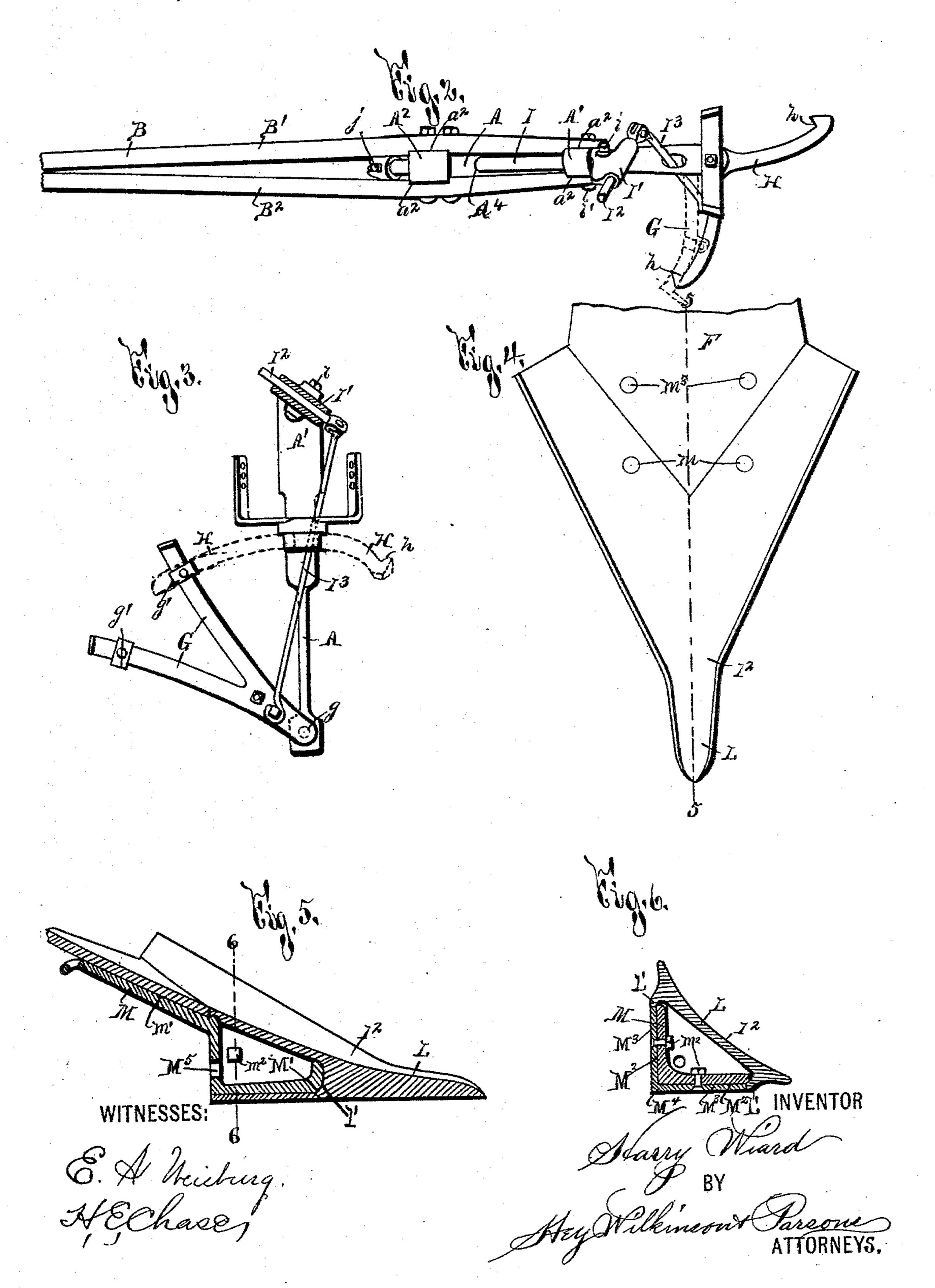


HE NATIONAL LITHOGRAPHING COMPANY.

H. WIARD. PLOW.

No. 515,417.

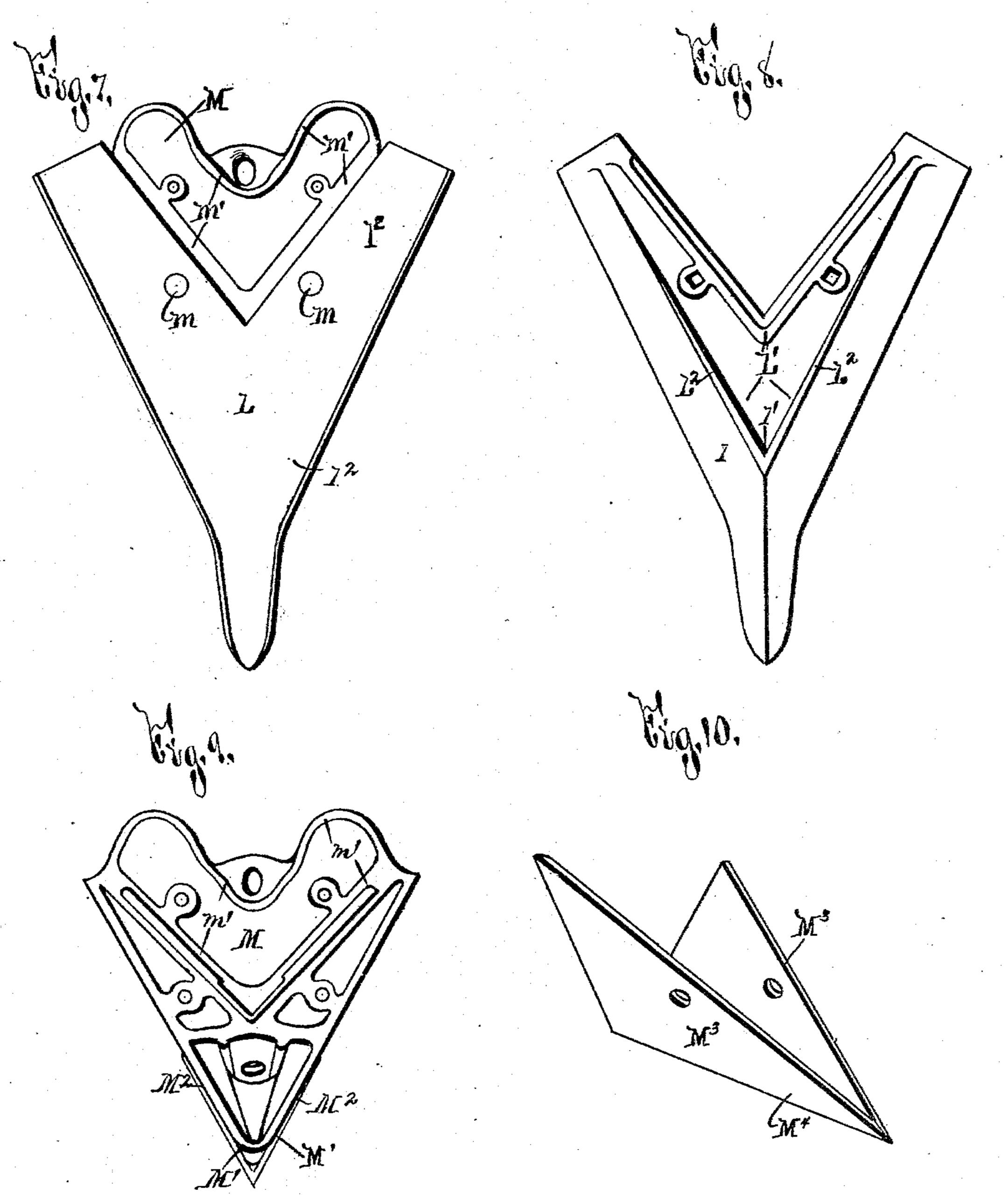
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WITNESSES: 6. A Heichung HEChase Sparry Heard

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ATTORNEYS.

United States Patent Office.

HARRY WIARD, OF SYRACUSE, NEW YORK.

PLOW.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 515,417, dated February 27, 1894.

Application filed May 3, 1892. Serial No. 431,673. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HARRY WIARD, of Syracuse, in the county of Onondaga, in the State of New York, have invented new and useful Improvements in Plows, of which the following, taken in connection with the accompanying drawings, is a full, clear, and exact de-

scription.

My invention relates to improvements in ro hillside plows, and has for its object the production of a simple and effective device, particularly practical, durable in wear, and economical in manufacture; and to this end it consists, essentially, in a standard, a divided 15 beam secured to the standard, a jointer standard passed diagonally through the divided rear end of the beam and the plow standard, a detachable point having the rear extremity of its under face formed with a depressed en-20 gaging face and provided with forwardly extending shoulders at the forward edge of said face, a frog detachably secured to the point and having its forward end formed with substantially right angular faces depressed with-25 in the plane of the outer face of the forwardly inclined shoulders of the point, a wearing plate having substantially right angular walls secured to the depressed faces of the frog and having their outer faces disposed in planes 30 substantially coincident with those of the outer faces of said shoulders of the point, and a mold-board having its forward end secured to the rear end of the frog.

The invention furthermore consists in the detail construction and arrangement of the parts, all as hereinafter more particularly described and pointed out in the claims.

In describing this invention, reference is had to the accompanying drawings, forming 40 a part of this specification, in which like letters indicate corresponding parts in all the views.

Figure 1 represents a side elevation of my improved invention. Fig. 2 is a top plan view of the detached rear end of the beam, the plow standard, and the catch for holding the moldboard in position. Fig. 3 is a rear elevation of the plow standard, the mold-board bracket and the movable connection between the mold-board bracket and the jointer standard for varying the position of the jointer. Fig. 4 is a top face view of the plow point and the for-

ward end of the mold-board. Fig. 5 is a longitudinal vertical sectional view, taken on line —5—5—, Fig. 4. Fig. 6 is a transverse 55 vertical sectional view, taken on line —6—6—, Fig. 5. Fig. 7 is a view representing the top face of the detached point and the frog operatively secured together. Fig. 8 is a view of the under face of the detached point, the frog 60 being removed. Fig. 9 is a view representing the top face of the detached frog, and Fig. 10 is an isometric perspective of the detached wearing plate secured to the forward end of the frog.

-A— represents the plow standard, which is of desirable form, size, and construction, and is provided with a removable shoe -a— secured thereto by bolts -a'—. At the upper end of the standard -A—are arms -A'—70 and $-A^2$ —, and secured to said arms by bolts -b—is the beam -B—. As best seen at Fig. 2 the beam -B— is split or divided, and consists of sections -B'— and $-B^2$ — having their rear ends arranged on opposite sides of 75 the standard arms -A'— A^2 — and engaged by shoulders $-a^2$ — a^2 — upon the arms -A'— $-A^2$ —.

The beam -B- is provided with a suitable land wheel -C- journaled in an adjustable 80 bearing -c- movable through metallic loops -c'-, and is also provided with an adjustable clevis -D- pivoted to the beam at -d- and rigidly secured at -d'- to the clevis shifter -D'-. The rear end of the clevis 85 shifter is formed with a spring loop $-D^2-$ and engages notches in a cross bar $-D^3-$ between the handles -E-. The forward ends of the handles are secured at -e- to the standard -A-, and at -e'- to a cross brack-90 et -E'- formed with the depressed central portion $-E^2-$ secured by a bolt $-E^3-$ to a rear arm $-A^3-$ upon the plow standard -A-.

-F— is the mold-board and -G— the 95 usual bracket for supporting the rear end of the mold-board. The lower end of this bracket -G— is provided with a lug -g— journaled in the standard shoe -a—, and is held in either its left or right hand position by a 100 suitable catch -H— consisting of a lever pivoted to the arm $-A^3$ — and provided with hooks -h— for engaging shoulders -g'— upon the bracket -G—.

—I—is the jointer standard, which, as best seen at Fig. 1, is disposed in an inclined plane, and is passed between the sections of the beam —B— and through openings —A⁴— in 5 the plow standard arms —A'—A2— at the rear of the forward end of the arm A2. Secured by a pin -i—to the upper end of the jointer standard —I— is a head —I'— secured to the arm -A'— by a pin -i'—.

10 —I²— is a bar movable lengthwise in the head -I', and $-I^3$ is a link having one end hinged to the lower end of said bar and the other to the lower end of the bracket —G—. The lower end of the jointer standard is di-15 rectly beneath the beam —B—, and secured thereto by a set screw $-\gamma$ is the jointer -J, which is of any desirable form, size, and construction.

-K- is a bearing for the lower end of the 20 jointer standard formed with a slot -kthrough which is passed a bolt -k'—for adjustably securing said bearing to the standard arm —A²—. As the mold-board is shifted in the usual manner from its right hand to its 25 left hand position the jointer is correspondingly shifted by means of the movable bar $-I^2$ — and the link $-I^3$ —.

-L-represents the plow point, and -Mthe frog. The rear extremity of the under 30 face -l—of the plow point is formed with the depressed engaging face—L'—, and the forwardly inclined shoulders—L²—, the outer face of which form alternately a part of the landsides of the point. The upright faces of 35 these shoulders form engaging shoulders -l'—and, as best seen at Fig. 5, these engaging shoulders are inclined rearwardly. The frog —M— is mounted beneath the engaging face -L'-, and its forward end is 40 provided with forwardly inclined shoulders -M'—adapted to engage the shoulders -l' and firmly hold the forward end of the frog in position.

-m-m— represent suitable clamps, as 45 bolts, for securing the frog to the rear end of the point, and, as best seen at Fig. 7, the rear extremity of the frog projects rearwardly from the rear end of the point —L—, and its top face -m'— is depressed below the plane of 50 the corresponding face —l²— of the point —L—.

The frog—M—is formed at its forward extremity with substantially right angular shoulders —M²—M²— depressed within the 55 plane of the outer faces of the shoulders —L'—, as best seen at Fig. 6, and secured to these faces by clamps or bolts— m^2 —are the opposite substantially right angular walls $-M^3-M^3$ of a wearing plate $-M^4$. As 60 also seen at Fig. 6 the outer faces of these walls -- M³ -- are disposed in planes sub-

stantially coincident with those of the outer faces of the shoulders —L'—L'—, and consequently, as these walls become alternately the 65 landside of the frog, they are coincident with

the landside of the point and do not retard the forward movement of the plow as would

be the case did the outer faces of said walls project beyond the landside of the point.

The frog -M— is preferably formed with 70 an opening — M^5 —for receiving a stud —a' upon the shoe -a—in order to pivot the forward end of the mold-board to the plow standard.

The forward end -f'— of the mold-board 75 -F- is mounted upon the depressed face -m'— of the frog, and is secured thereto by suitable clamps, as bolts $-m^3$ —.

As previously described my invention is provided with a divided beam, and conse- 80 quently the same is not weakened in the slightest by securing the jointer in position, and the peculiar arrangement of said plow standard, beam, and jointer standard presents a neat and pleasing appearance. More-85 over the wearing point—M²—greatly lengthens the life of my plow, as, when worn, the same may be readily replaced at a slight cost and there is no necessity for throwing away: the frog or the frog and mold-board when the go frog and mold-board are formed integral.

The operation of my invention will be readily perceived from the foregoing description and upon reference to the drawings, and it will be evident that the same is particularly 95 simple, practical, durable, efficient, and economical in manufacture. It is evident, however, that the detail construction and arrangement of the parts of my plow may be somewhat varied without departing from the roo spirit of my invention, hence I do not herein limit myself to such precise detail construction and arrangement.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by 105 Letters Patent, is—

1. In a hillside plow, the combination of a standard, the opposite sections of a beam secured to said standard and having portions of their rear ends separated, a movable jointer 110 standard passed diagonally between said separated portions of the beam sections, the portion of said standard interposed between said beam sections being formed of less diameter than the distance between said separated por- 115 tions for permitting the standard to move freely between the beam sections, and a reversible jointer secured to said jointer standard, substantially as and for the purpose described.

2. In a hillside plow, the combination of a standard, a beam removably secured to the standard, a jointer standard passed diagonally through the longitudinal central portion of the rear end of the beam and passed 125 through the standard at a point beneath the beam, a bearing for the jointer standard adjustably secured to the standard and a reversible jointer secured to said jointer standard, substantially as and for the purpose 130 specified.

120

3. In a hillside plow, the combination of a standard, a mold-board hinged to the standard, a frog having depressed substantially 515,417

right angular faces, and a point having forwardly inclining shoulders in advance of said faces; of a wearing plate formed with substantially right angular walls secured to said depressed faces and arranged with their outer faces in planes substantially coincident with the outer planes of said shoulders, substantially as and for the purpose described.

4. In a hillside plow, the combination of a standard, a mold-board hinged to the standard, a point, a frog detachably secured to the mold board and formed with substantially right angular faces, and a wearing plate having substantially right angular walls secured to said faces and adapted to alternately become the landside of the frog, substantially

as specified.

5. In a hillside plow, the combination of a standard, a detachable point, a mold-board hinged to the standard and provided with a frog having substantially right angular faces depressed within the plane of the outer faces of the point; of a wearing plate formed with substantially right angular walls secured to said depressed faces and arranged with their outer faces in planes substantially coincident with those of the adjacent portions of the outer faces of the point, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

standard, a mold board hinged to the standard, a frog detachably secured to the mold board and formed with substantially right angular faces, and a wearing plate having substantially right angular walls secured to said faces and adapted to alternately become the landside of the frog, and a point detachably secured to said frog, substantially as and

for the purpose described.

7. In a hillside plow, the combination of a detachable point having a depressed attaching face at the rear extremity of its under side, a frog having its forward end secured to the depressed attaching face of the point and arranged with its upper face beneath the plane of the corresponding face of the rear

end of the point and provided with substantially right angular faces at its forward extremity, a wearing plate having substantially right angular walls secured to said faces for 50 alternately becoming the landside of the frog, and a mold-board having its forward end secured to the upper face of the frog and having the forward portion of its upper face disposed in a plane substantially coincident with 55 the adjacent portion of the point, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

8. In a hillside plow, the combination of a detachable point having a depressed attaching face at the rear extremity of its under 60 side and forwardly inclining shoulders on its under side, a frog having its forward end secured to the depressed attaching face of the point and its rear end projecting rearwardly from the rear edge of the point and arranged 65 with its upper face beneath the plane of the corresponding face of the rear end of the point and provided with substantially right angular faces at its forward extremity disposed within the planes of the outer faces of the 70 forwardly inclining shoulders of the point, a wearing plate having substantially right angular walls secured to said faces and arranged with their outer faces substantially coincident with the planes of the outer faces of the 75 inclined shoulders of the point for alternately becoming the landside of the frog, and a moldboard having its forward end secured to the upper face of the frog and having the forward portion of its upper face disposed in a 80 plane substantially coincident with the ad-

In testimony whereof I have hereunto signed my name, in the presence of two at- 85 testing witnesses, at Syracuse, in the county of Onondaga, in the State of New York, this

jacent portion of the point, substantially as

2d day of May, 1892.

HARRY WIARD.

Witnesses:

CLARK H. NORTON, E. A. WEISBURG.

and for the purpose specified.