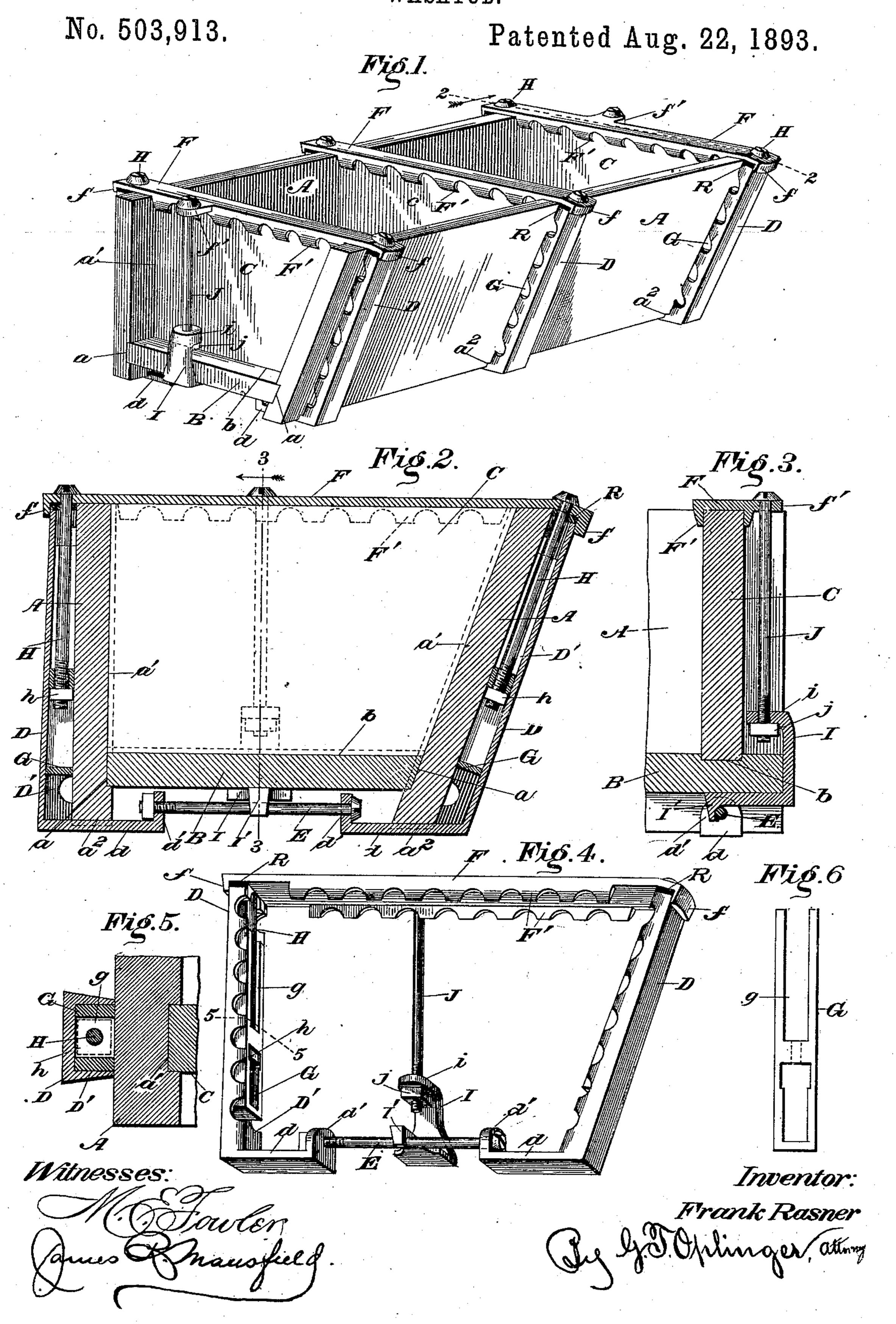
F. RASNER. WASHTUB.



United States Patent Office.

FRANK RASNER, OF BANGOR, ASSIGNOR TO CHARLES SHUMAN, OF BATH, PENNSYLVANIA.

WASHTUB.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 503,913, dated August 22, 1893.

Application filed May 1, 1893. Serial No. 472,536. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Frank Rasner, of Bangor, Northampton county, and State of Pennsylvania, have invented certain new and use-5 ful Improvements in Slate Washtubs, &c., of which the following is a specification, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, which form part of this specification, by letters of reference marked thereon.

This invention relates to the manufacture of tubs, boxes, &c., out of slate or stone, and its object is to make such utensils without perforating the slate or stone and yet holding the parts thereof rigidly together making wa-15 ter-tight joints, and to allow for expansion and contraction of parts.

The invention therefore consists principally in the novel manner and means of clamping the parts of the tub or box, &c., together, 20 and I have illustrated a double compartment wash tub in the drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a perspective view of the tub. Fig. 2 is a transverse vertical section through the same (enlarged). Fig. 3 is a detail verti-25 cal section through one of the end clamps. Fig. 4 is a perspective view through one set of clamps. Fig. 5 is a detail cross-section through a clamp. Fig. 6 is a detail view of a wedge block.

Referring to said drawings by letter: A, A, designate the sides of the tub and B the bottom thereof. The sides are longitudinally grooved near their lower edges as at a to re-

ceive the side edges of the bottom.

35 C, C, are the ends the edges of which are received in proper grooves a' and b, in the sides and bottom as indicated in the drawings.

c, is an intermediate partition fitted be-

tween the sides like the ends.

The parts are bound together by means of adjustable clamps, constructed as follows: D, D, designate metallic uprights as long as the sides of the tub are wide, and fitted there-45 end pieces, as shown. The lower ends d of these uprights are bent substantially at right angles to underlie the tub, and the ends d of adjoining but opposite uprights Dare connected by bolts E, which pass through perforated 50 upturned ears or eyes d' on the extremities of parts d. By using bolts as shown the lower I were rigidly connected. It will be possible to

ends of the uprights can be adjusted toward or from each other. The vertical portions of the uprights D are longitudinally grooved in their inner faces as at D' the grooves being 55 deeper at bottom than at top. These grooves may be formed by casting tapered side flanges on the uprights, as indicated in the drawings, or in any other desired manner.

F designate top bars overlying the ends C 60 and over-reaching the tops of adjoining uprights D, having lips f on their extremities which catch over the ends of the uprights and thus tie the latter together. The bars are preferably either grooved or have lateral 65 flanges F' which embrace the top edges of ends C, and partition c, to assist in holding them in place.

G, G, are wedge blocks fitted in grooves D' of uprights D, and H designate screw bolts 70 passed through openings in the ends of bars F and engaging the wedge blocks so that by tightening the screws the wedge blocks are

raised. As shown the threaded ends of bolts H en- 75 gage nuts h, which are confined in slots g in the wedge blocks. Now when bolts H are tightened they draw blocks G toward bars F, and consequently bind the latter tightly in place. At the same time the blocks wedging 80 between uprights D and the sides of the tub force the sides toward each other, as the uprights cannot be separated as they are tied together at top by bars F, and at bottom by bolts E. And the more the bolts are tight- 85 ened the closer will the sides be drawn toward each other until perfectly tight joints are made between them and the ends C, and bottom. It will be observed that wedge blocks Gand bolts H are the means also of tying the 90 bars F to the uprights, and therefore these wedges cause both lateral and vertical compression of the clamps. By adjusting bolts E the pressure of the lower parts of the upagainst opposite the ends of the partition and | rights or wedges against the sides can be regu- 95 lated. The lower edges of the sides are preferably notched as at a^2 for the accommodation of parts d so that the bottoms of the latter and lower edges of the sides will be flush.

Some of the advantages of my clamp could rco be attained if the lower ends of uprights D

make various changes in the parts of the clamp, as by making two or more of the parts in one piece, and yet procure the double acting clamping feature, as can be readily de-5 vised after my invention is seen and understood. Therefore I do not wish to be confined to the particular construction of clamp herein described.

I, I, designate clamp pieces, one at each end 10 of the tub, roughly L-shaped. One arm of the clamp piece underlies the bottom, and extends under the adjoining bolt E having a lug or hook I' on its end by which it is prevented from slipping out between the bolt and bot-15 tom. The other arm of the clamp piece extends up above the bottom and bends inward toward the end and is provided with a perforated ear i which is engaged by a bolt J that is passed through an ear f' on the side of the 20 adjoining bar F above the clamp piece. As shown the rod is screw threaded on its lower end and engages a nut j below ear i, so that the clamp piece can be tightly bound in place and tied to the bar F.

The functions of the clamping devices will be readily understood from the above descrip-

tion and the drawings.

It is not always necessary to use the clamp piece I. It is useful in large or portable 30 structures. It will be observed that the parts, bottom, sides, and ends, are tightly bound together and rigidly held by the clamps, yet there are no perforations through the sides, ends or bottom pieces, and if desired the tub 35 can be "knocked down" by simply loosening bolts E, G, and J.

In order to allow for expansion and contraction of the parts I propose to employ washers R, R, of vulcanized rubber or other 40 resilient substance, which will be interposed between the joints of the clamp at various

points, as indicated in the drawings.

While I propose to make the tubs, &c., of slate or stone yet the bonds can be employed 45 advantageously in constructing boxes, &c., of other substances, as metal or wood. As shown, one side of the tub is inclined, but this is a matter of choice not essential to the construction.

50 It will be readily understood how boxes, crates, bins, &c., of various sizes and forms can be constructed by my invention, and therefore I do not limit myself to a tub alone.

Having described my invention, what I 55 claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters

Patent thereon, is--

1. The combination with the side bottom and end pieces of a tub or other structure, of a clamp embracing the same and wedge blocks 60 interposed between members of the clamp

and the adjoining surface of the structure, and means for adjusting said wedge blocks whereby the portions of the structure are rigidly bound together, substantially as described.

2. The combination with a tub or like structure, of a sectional and adjustable clamp surrounding the same, and adjustable wedge blocks interposed between the clamp and sides of the tub, and means for adjusting said 70 wedge blocks, substantially as and for the

purpose specified.

3. The combination with a tub or like structure, of a clamp composed of uprights applied to the sides of the tub, the top and bottom 75 connection between opposite uprights, and adjustable wedge blocks interposed between the uprights and sides of tub, all constructed substantially as described.

4. The combination with a tub, of the up- 80 rights having tapered grooves in their inner faces, the adjustable wedge-blocks in said grooves, and the devices connecting the tops and bottoms of opposite uprights, substan-

tially as described.

5. The combination of the uprights D, connected at their lower ends, the top bars F, the wedge blocks G, and adjusting bolts H, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

6. The combination of the grooved uprights 90 D, the adjustable connection between the lower ends thereof, the top bar F, the wedge blocks G and bolts H, all constructed substantially as described.

7. The combination of the uprights D hav- 95 ing bottom pieces d, the bolts E connecting pieces d of opposite uprights, the top bar F, the wedge blocks G and bolts H, all substan-

tially as set forth.

8. A tub, formed of sides, bottom and ends, 100 substantially as described, in combination with uprights D at each side thereof, the connections between the lower ends of opposite uprights, the bars connecting the upper ends of opposite uprights, the wedge blocks inter- 105 posed between the uprights and sides of tub, and the devices for adjusting said wedgeblocks, and the clamp pieces I at the ends of the tub, and the connections of said pieces to the top bars, substantially as and for the pur- 110 pose specified.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my own I affix my signature hereunto, in presence of two witnesses, at Bangor, Pennsyl-

vania, this 27th day of April, 1893.

FRANK RASNER.

Witnesses:

F. S. WISE, ARTHUR HESTER.