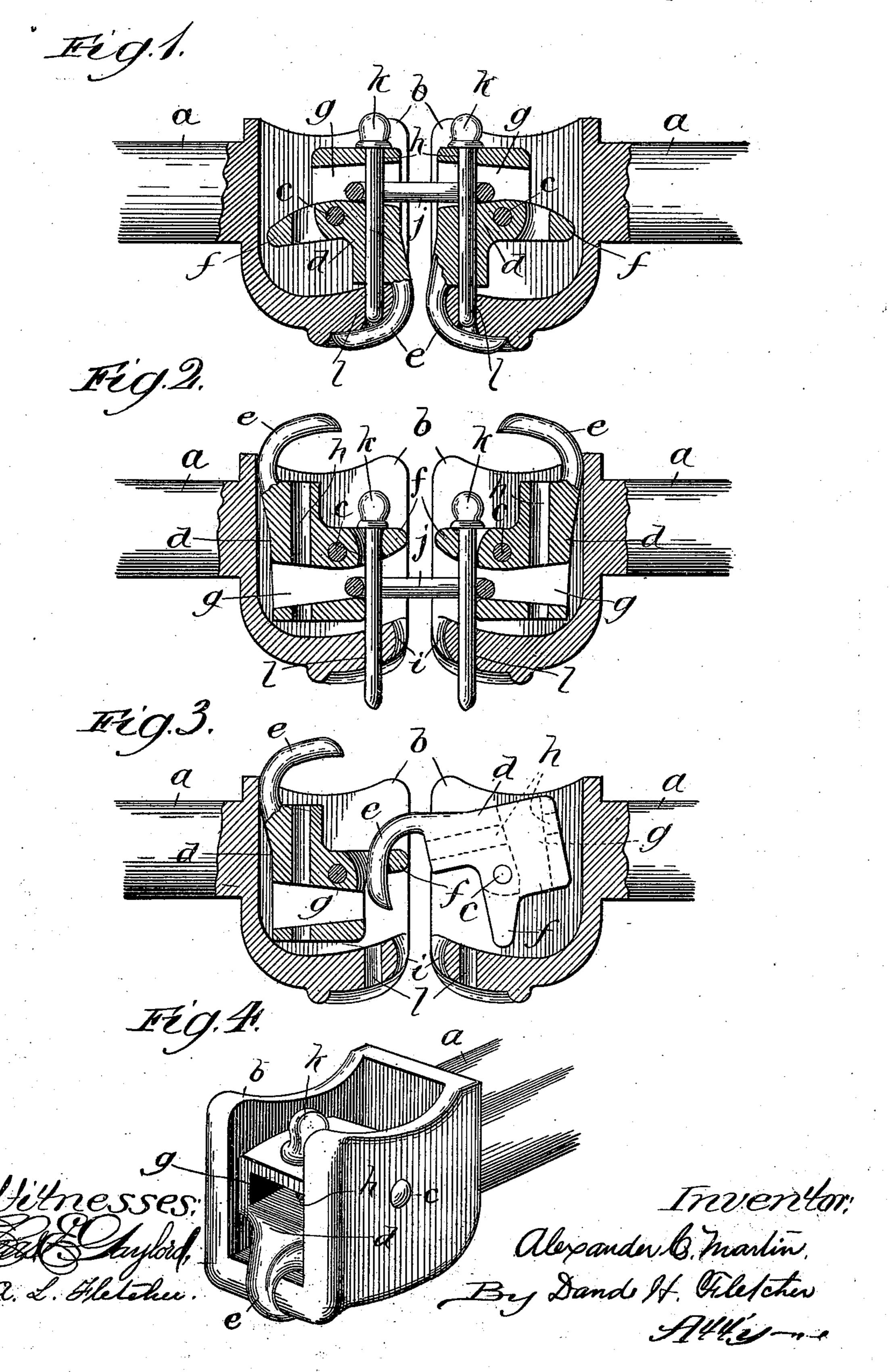
A. C. MARTIN. CAR COUPLING.

No. 502,735.

Patented Aug. 8, 1893.



United States Patent Office.

ALEXANDER C. MARTIN, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

CAR-COUPLING.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 502,735, dated August 8, 1893.

Application filed April 15, 1893. Serial No. 470,550. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ALEXANDER C. MARTIN, of Chicago, in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, have invented certain new and use-5 ful Improvements in Car-Couplers, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, in which corresponding letters to of reference in the different figures indicate like parts.

The object of my invention is to provide a car-coupler which may be operated with safety from the side of the car, the appliances for 15 coupling being a hook and loop which are so constructed and arranged that the ordinary link and pin may be employed in connection therewith and adapted to cars of varying height;—all of which is hereinafter more fully

20 described and definitely claimed.

Figure 1. of the drawings represents a vertical, longitudinal sectional view of a carcoupler embodying the features of my invention, the same being shown as it appears when 25 employed in connection with a link and pin. Fig. 2. is a like view showing the coupling hooks in a reverse position and likewise coupled with a link and pin. Fig. 3. is a like view showing the manner of coupling by 30 means of the hook and loop, and Fig. 4. is a perspective view of a draw-head showing the hook therein as it appears when in its normal position.

Referring to the drawings, a represents the 35 usual draw-bar, integral with which is the draw-head b. The latter is open at the top and front, and within the opening, pivoted at c, is an elbow-shaped coupling device d, which is provided with a hook e, a loop f, a link-40 socket g, and a pin-socket h. The socket g, is arranged substantially at right angles to the hook, while the pin-socket h, is substantially parallel with the hook and at right angles or substantially so, to the axis of the

45 socket g.

As is obvious, the primary purpose is to dispense with the use of a link and pin whenever possible: and to use instead, the hook e, and \overline{loop} f, in the manner shown in Fig. 3. The 50 hook may be operated by means of any suitable appliance at the side of the car which will insure safety to the operator; but in case i

it should become necessary to connect my improved coupler with any other form of drawbar, then the usual link and pin may be em- 55 ployed. If the draw-bar with which the connection is to be made is unusually high, then the hook e may be thrown down as shown in Fig. 1, in which case the body of the hook is received in a notch i, better shown in Figs. 2 60 and 3, formed in the face of the draw-head, which enables the outer face of the hook to be flush with that of the draw-head. By this means the hook is protected from being broken by the impact of the draw-heads. The link 65 j, may then be placed in the socket g and secured by placing the pin k, in the socket h. Should, however, the bar with which the coupling is to be made be lower, then the coupling device d, may be thrown back as shown in 70 Fig. 2, when the link j, may be inserted beneath the loop f, and the pin k, inserted through said loop and into a socket l, formed in the bottom of the draw-head as clearly shown in Fig. 2, which socket is in vertical 75 alignment with the inner face of the loop f.

From the foregoing it will be seen that a link-and-pin coupling may be readily made with my improved coupling device when the difference in height of the draw-bars is very 80 great; while, at the same time, its use as a safety coupling is in no wise impaired.

Having thus described my invention, I claim—

1. The combination in a car-coupler, of a 85 coupling device consisting of a hook and loop integral with each other and pivoted within the draw-head, a link-socket formed within said coupling device substantially at right angles to the body of the hook, and a pin- 9c socket having its axis substantially at right angles to that of said link-socket.

2. The combination with a draw-head, of an elbow-shaped coupling device pivotally mounted therein, said device having a hook 95 upon one part and a slotted arm or loop upon the other, a link-socket therein arranged substantially at right angles to the body of the hook, a pin-socket substantially at right angles to said link-socket, and a socket in the 100 bottom of the draw-head, whereby a detachable link may be used either above or below the pivotal point of said elbow-shaped coupler, substantially as described.

9

3. The combination with a draw-head, of an elbow-shaped coupling device pivoted therein having a hook upon one part and a loop upon the other, link-socket g and pin-socket h, substantially as described.

4. The combination with a draw-head open at the top and front, of an elbow-shaped coupler having a hook upon one part and a link upon another, of the link-socket g, pin-socket h, and the cut-away portion i, whereby the hook may be protected from impact while the link is used in connection with the socket g.

5. The combination with a draw-head, of a pivoted hook-and loop coupling device and double link sockets, one of which is formed in the pivoted coupling device itself and the other in the bottom of the draw-head beneath the loop, substantially as described.

6. A car-coupler consisting of two elbows pivotally secured in opposite draw-heads which are open at the front and top respectively, each of said elbows having a hook upon the extremity of one arm and a corresponding loop or opening at or near the extremity

of the other, said elbows being provided with 25 link-sockets therein substantially at right angles to the bodies of the hooks, pin-sockets arranged substantially at right angles to the axes of said link-sockets, and pin-sockets in the bottoms of said draw-heads in alignment 30 with said loops, substantially as set forth.

7. The combination with a draw-head, of the pivoted coupling device d, having loop f, a space beneath for the reception of a link, link and pin sockets g h, respectively, and a pin- 35 socket in the bottom of the draw-head and in vertical alignment either with the pin-socket h or loop f, according as said coupling device is in one or the other of its extreme positions, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I have signed this specification, in the presence of two subscribing witnesses, this 11th day of April, A. D. 1893.

ALEXANDER C. MARTIN.

Witnesses:

D. H. FLETCHER,

E. UTTING.