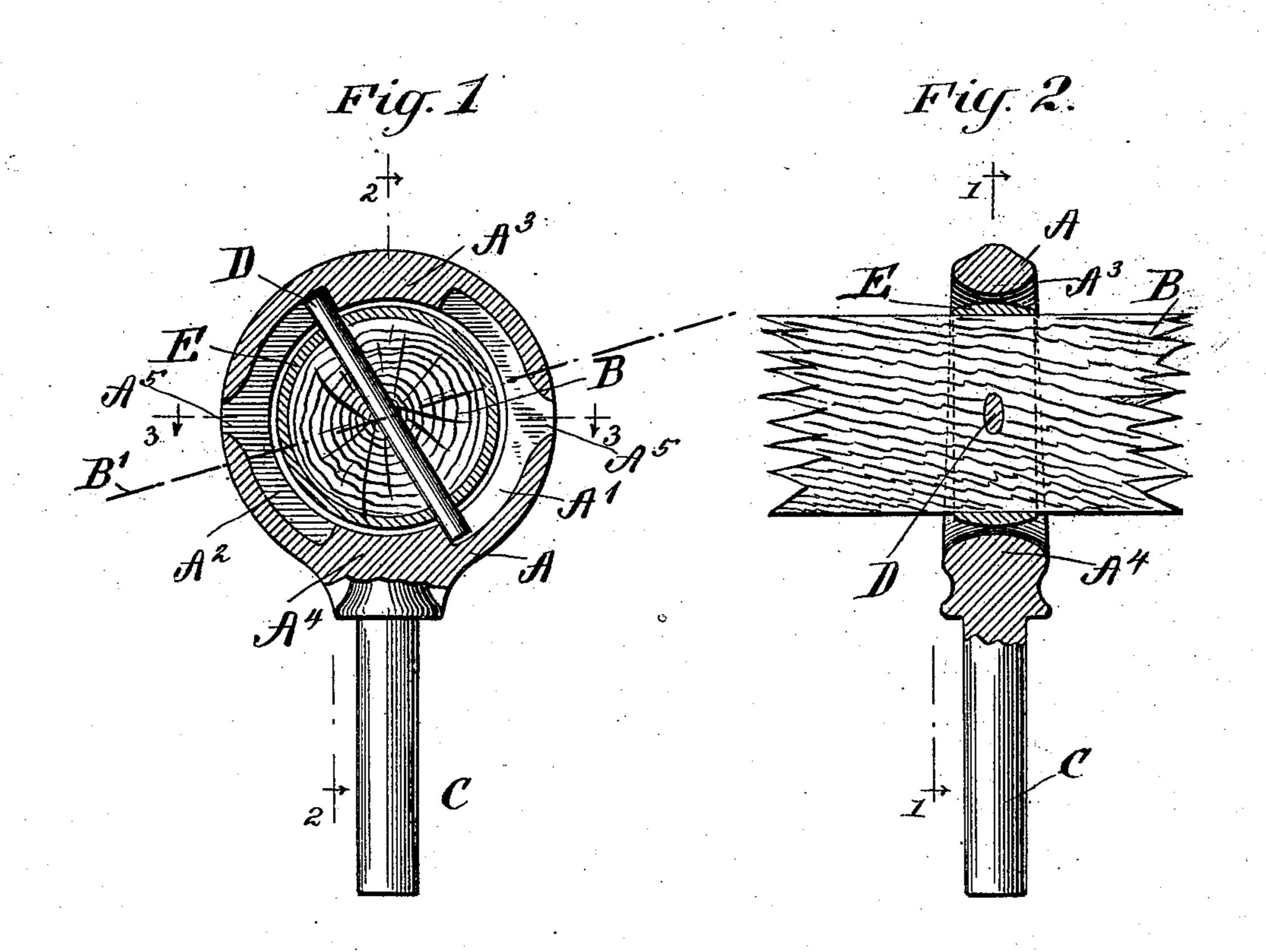
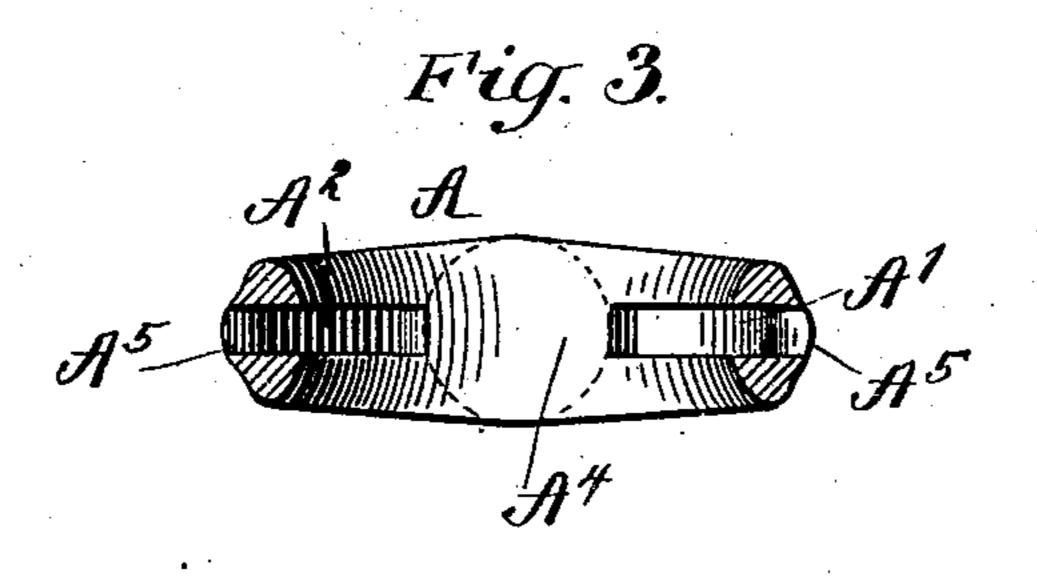
(No Model.)

## L. MINERLEY. ROWLOCK.

No. 501,802.

Patented July 18, 1893.





WITNESSES: McCriswell. Co. Sectowick INVENTOR L'Minerley BY Munn HB

ATTORNEYS.

## United States Patent Office.

LEWIS MINERLEY, OF KINGSTON, NEW YORK.

## ROWLOCK.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 501,802, dated July 18, 1893.

Application filed October 15, 1892. Serial No. 449,008. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

of New York, have invented a new and Im-5 proved Rowlock, of which the following is a

full, clear, and exact description.

The object of the invention is to provide a new and improved swivel rowlock which is simple and durable in construction, and arro ranged to enable the operator to conveniently, easily and properly feather the oar without danger of displacing it.

The invention consists of a ring provided with a pintle, and an interior recess adapted 15 to be engaged by the projecting ends of a pin held on the oar stem passing through the ring.

The invention also consists of certain parts and details, and combinations of the same, as will be hereinafter described, and then point-20 ed out in the claims.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings forming a part of this specification, in which similar letters of reference indicate corresponding parts in all the figures.

Figure 1 is a cross section of the improvement on the line 1—1 of Fig. 2. Fig. 2 is a sectional side elevation of the same on the line 2—2 of Fig. 1; and Fig. 3 is a sectional plan view of the ring on the line 3—3 of Fig. 1.

The improved rowlock is provided with a ring A, made of metal or other suitable material, and through which passes the stem B of the oar. On the ring A is secured or formed the pintle C mounted to turn in a 35 suitable bearing attached to the side of the boat in the usual manner. On the inner surface of the ring A are formed segmental recesses A' and A<sup>2</sup> adapted to be engaged by the projecting ends of a pin D driven trans-40 versely through the stem B, as plainly shown in Fig. 1. The upper ends of the recesses A' and A<sup>2</sup> are separated by the lugs A<sup>3</sup> formed integral with the ring and a similar lug A<sup>4</sup> separates the lower ends of the recesses, the 45 said lugs forming shoulders to prevent the projecting ends of the pin D from passing beyond a certain position.

In order to insert the pin D in the stem B and to engage the recesses A' and A2 I pass 50 the pin through openings A<sup>5</sup> formed in the ring and leading to the recesses A' and A2 at or near the middle thereof, as will be readily understood by reference to Figs. 1 and 3.

As indicated in Fig. 1 the blade B' of the 55 oar stands about at right angles to the pin l

D, so that when the stem is turned to bring Be it known that I, Lewis Minerley, of the pin D into a horizontal position, then Kingston, in the county of Ulster and State | the blade B' stands in a vertical position to propel the boat forward. When the blade B' has reached the end of its stroke, the op- 60 erator turns the stem B until the pin D strikes the corresponding shoulders formed by the lugs  $A^3$  and  $A^4$ , thereby causing the blade B' to assume an inclined feathering position for readily moving the blade out of the 65 water and over the surface of the latter on the return stroke.

As illustrated in the drawings two recesses A' and A<sup>2</sup> are employed so as to readily adapt the lock for right and left hand oar 70 locks. It is understood that in manipulating the oar the ring A turns in the usual manner with its pintle C and a free up and down movement can be given to the oar as well as a turning motion, owing to the connec-75 tion of the pin D with the recess in the ring A. In order to reduce the friction to a minimum I preferably surround that part of the stem B within the ring A with a ring E of leather or other suitable material. This spe- 80 cial covering ring E also prevents wear on the stem B and can be readily replaced when worn out.

Having thus fully described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters 85 Patent—

1. A rowlock, comprising a ring having on its inner surface segmental recesses, and a pin held in the oar with its ends projecting through the oar and into the recesses of the co ring, substantially as described.

2. A rowlock, comprising a ring having recesses in its inner surface and oppositely arranged apertures leading into the recesses, and a pin held in the oar with its ends pro- 95 jecting through the oar and into the recesses of the ring, substantially as described.

3. In a rowlock, the ring A, provided with the pin C, the segmental recesses A' A<sup>2</sup> in its inner surface and the oppositely arranged 100 openings A<sup>5</sup> leading into the recesses, in combination with an oar provided with the pin D having its ends projecting into the recesses of the ring, substantially as herein shown and described.

LEWIS MINERLEY.

Witnesses: V. B. VAN WAGONER, ARTHUR C. CONNELLY.