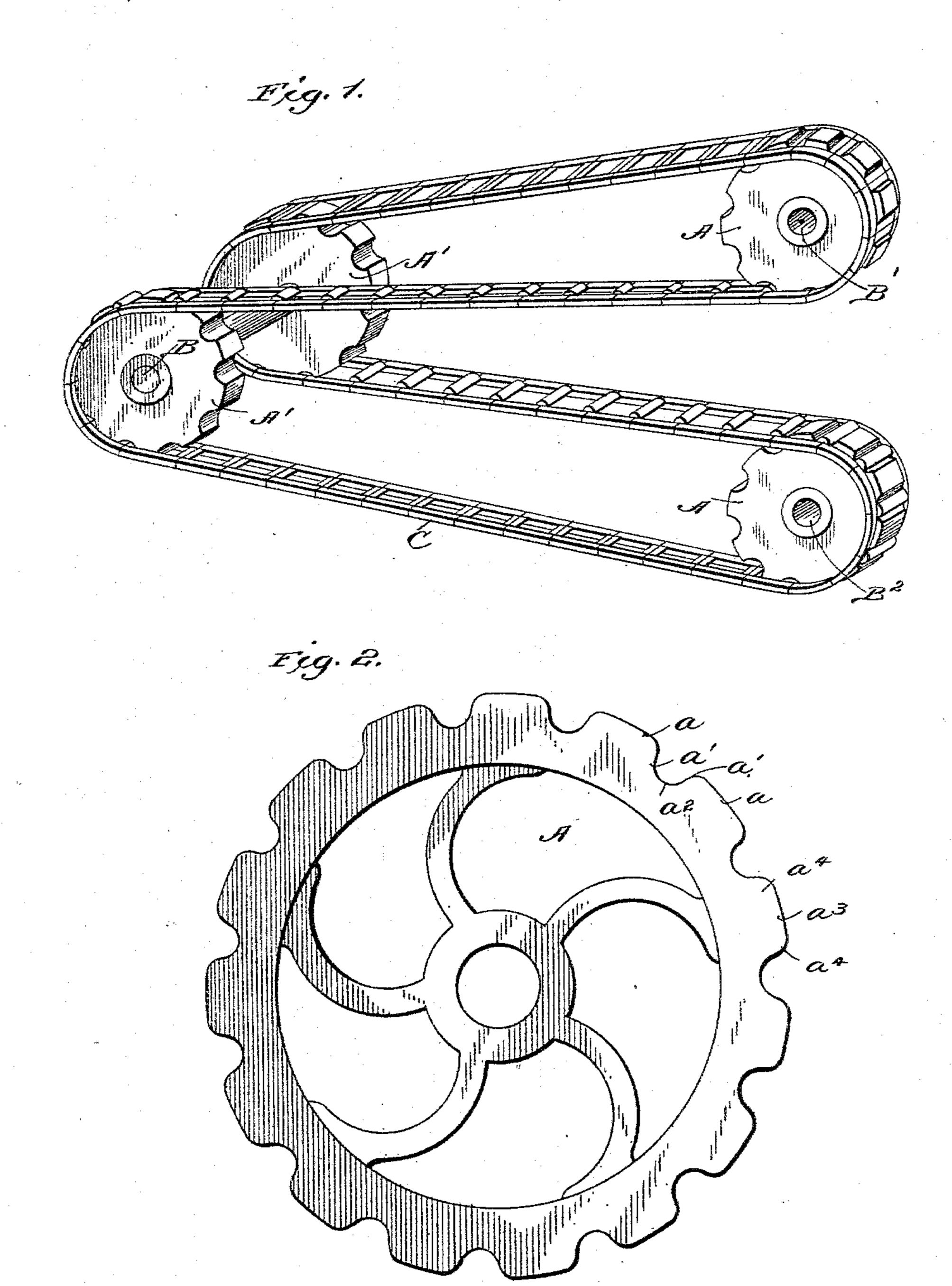
(No Model.)

A. M. FORRESTER. GEARING.

No. 494,741.

Patented Apr. 4. 1893.



witnesses: Hany S. Rohner. John & Word. Abraham M. Formster.

By H. M. Undinord.

United States Patent Office.

ABRAHAM M. FORRESTER, OF WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

GEARING.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 494,741, dated April 4, 1893.

Application filed March 6, 1893. Serial No. 465,219. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ABRAHAM M. FORREST-ER, a citizen of the United States, formerly residing in Racine, in the county of Racine and 5 State of Wisconsin, but now a resident of Washington, in the District of Columbia, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Gearing; and I do declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact descrip-10 tion thereof.

My invention relates to improvements in belt gearing, consisting in a specified construction and arrangement of parts, forming a novel train of gearing, as hereinafter set forth, and

15 subsequently claimed.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a perspective view of my said train of gearing, and Fig. 2 an elevation of a sprocket-wheel forming part

of my said train.

A represents a sprocket-wheel and a a its teeth, which, at the point a' corresponding to the pitch-line in ordinary gear-wheels, are just double the width of the space between two of the teeth, said spaces being rounded at the 25 lowest points, as shown at a^2 , while the top surfaces of the teeth are nearly flat, as shown at a^3 , with rounded corners $a^4 a^4$, all as shown

in Fig. 2.

In Fig. 1, I illustrate my entire device, 30 wherein I employ four of the just described sprocket-wheels, two of them acting as driving-wheels A A, and two as idlers A' A'. The said idlers are both mounted on the same stud, B, while the sprocket wheels A are supposed 35 to be mounted on independent shafts B' B2, revolving with the said wheels. C is a drivechain, forming an endless sprocket-belt, and by the arrangement shown, when the shaft B² is turned in one direction, carrying its wheel 40 A with it, the motion thus communicated will

cause the shaft B' and its wheel to turn in the opposite direction, this rotation of different shafts in opposite directions being a very useful feature in many forms of machinery, as in the case of opposing grinding cylinders 45 and analogous machines, and my improved train of gearing will be found extremely useful in horse - powers, thrashing - machines, farming mills, harvesters, and a great number of other machines which employ metallic 50 drive-chains.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. A train of sprocket gearing, comprising 55 a fixed stud or shaft, two sprocket wheels loosely mounted thereon, two other shafts each carrying a similar sprocket wheel fast thereon, and a drive-chain passing over and around and engaging all of said wheels, sub- 60 stantially as set forth.

2. A train of gearing, consisting of the fixed stud B, with two idlers A' A' mounted thereon, independently revolving shafts B' B2 carrying sprocket wheels A. A having the wide 65 teeth a a, the space between each two adjacent teeth, at the pitch line, being one half the width of the teeth at this point, and the endless drive-chain C, passing over and around the said idlers, and the said sprocket wheels, 70 substantially as set forth.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing I have hereunto set my hand, at Washington, in the District of Columbia, in the presence of two witnesses.

ABRAHAM M. FORRESTER.

Witnesses:

H. G. Underwood, KATIE L. FORRESTER.