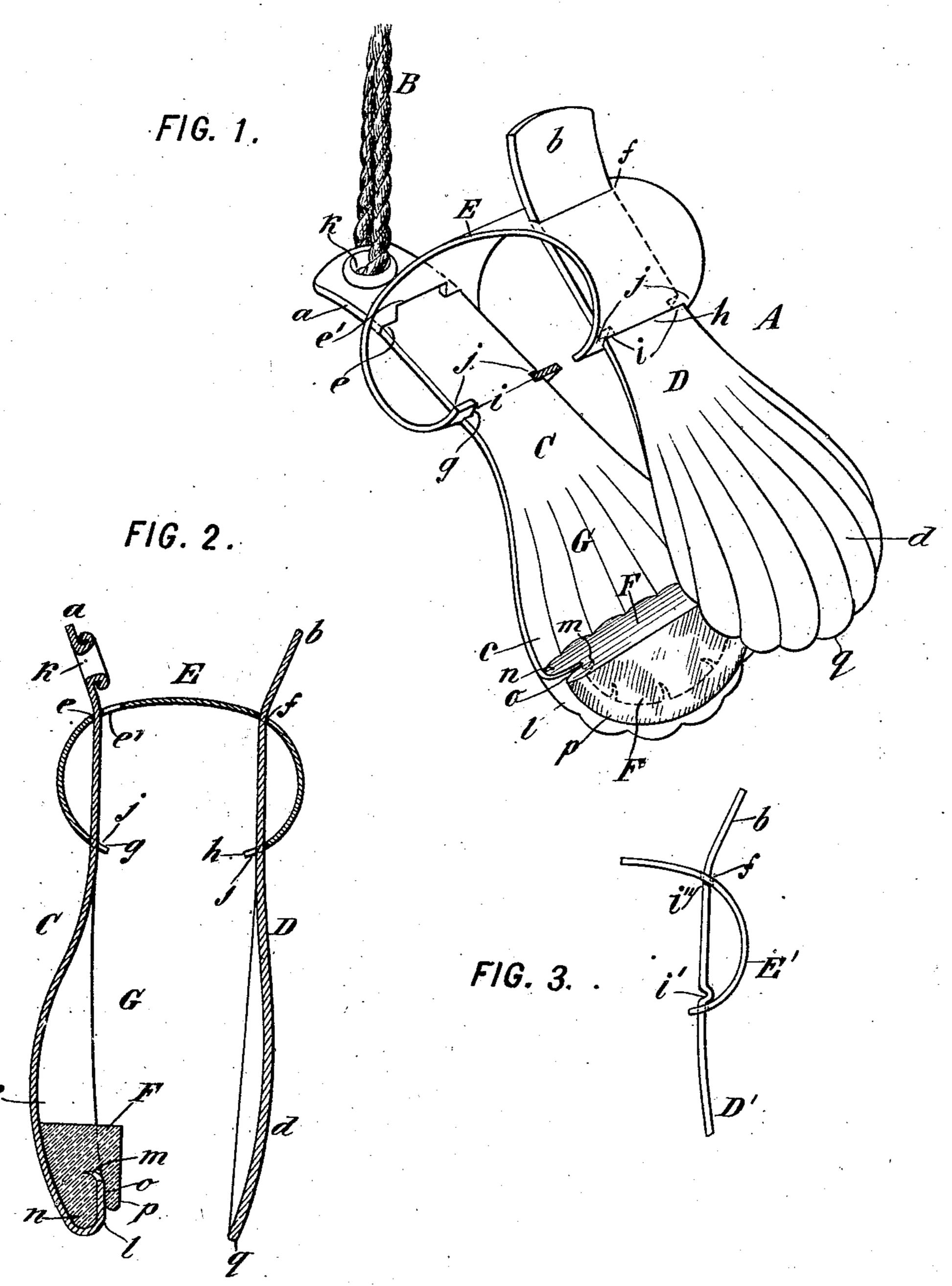
(No Model.)

E. C. MIX. CLIP FOR SUPPORTING DRESSES, &c.

No. 487,757

Patented Dec. 13, 1892.



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United States Patent Office.

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CLIP FOR SUPPORTING DRESSES, &c.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 487,757, dated December 13, 1892.

Application filed July 15, 1892. Serial No. 440,105. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, EDWARD C. MIX, a citizen of the United States, residing in Jersey City, in the county of Hudson and State of New Jersey, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Clips for Supporting Dresses, &c., of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates most particularly to clips for supporting ladies' dresses and is designed to provide an improved device of this character; but it may be availed of for other purposes and may be applied to other clips.

The invention aims to provide a clip which will be simple and economical of construction, convenient and effective of operation, and which will not impair the most delicate.

material to which it is applied.

form of my invention, I construct the clip of preferably shell-shaped jaws and a substantially-elliptical spring maintaining the jaws in position and giving them their elastic grasping tendency, the jaws and spring being constructed to in themselves constitute the three essential members of the clip and to each prevent the displacement of the other, and I construct the jaws at their gripper ends the one with an elastic rubber or cushion, which is held in the jaw in an improved manner, and the other with a substantially-straight end adapted to contact with the dress to hold it against the cushion of the other jaw.

In the accompanying drawings, which illustrate my invention, Figure 1 is a perspective view of the preferred form of my improved dress-clip, the spring being shown partially in section. Fig. 2 is a longitudinal section of my improved clip, and Fig. 3 is a fragmentary

elevation showing a modification.

Referring to the drawings, let A indicate the clip as a whole; B, the supporting-cord, which may be attached to the waist of the user; C, one of the jaws; D, the opposing jaw; E, the intermediate spring connecting and actuating the jaws, and F the rubber or other cushion for protecting the material engaged by the clip.

The jaws C and D are constructed with 50 handle ends a b, respectively, and gripping ends cd, respectively, and the spring E is constructed with transverse slots e and f at back and with notches g h at its edges, or with equivalent mechanical provisions. The jaw 55 C passes at its handle end into and through the slot e, and is engaged toward its middle portion by the notch q of the outer edge of the spring, and the jaw D passes through the slot f at its handle end and is engaged near its 60 middle by the notch h at the outer edge of the spring. By this provision the slots e and f and the notches g and h serve to retain the jaws in relative lateral position, and the portion of the spring E between their handle ends yields 65 when these ends are pressed together to serve as an elastic connection or fulcrum between the jaws. To lock the jaws against longitudinal displacement relatively to the spring or to each other according to my invention, I 70 provide interengaging faces or shoulders on the jaws and spring. Preferably these are disposed as shown in Figs. 1 and 2, where the respective jaws are shown as constructed with opposite recesses or shoulders i i, adapted to 75 receive the projecting ends jj of the spring E when the jaws respectively pass into their notches g and h in the ends of the spring. By this provision the inner and outer faces of the spring E abut against the opposite 80 faces of the recesses i of the jaws, and thereby serve to prevent longitudinal movement of either jaw relatively to the spring or to the other jaw. This simple provision also serves to render the connection between the 85 jaws and spring more stable and avoids complication in the assembling of the parts and permits their ready separation for replacement or repair.

According to my invention the handle a of 90 the jaw C is constructed with a beaded or upset hole or eye k, to which the cord B may be attached to the clip. When thus constructed, I preferably construct the slot e with an enlargement e' to permit the passage through 95 the slot of the beaded portion surrounding the

eye k.

According to my invention I provide cer-

tain improvements in the elastic cushion F! in its connection to the clip and in the outer ends of the jaws of the clip. Preferably the jaw C is constructed with a cup-shaped grip-5 ping end c and an overhanging flange l, preferably integral with the jaw, which is turned in from the lower end of the jaw, as best seen in Figs. 1 and 2, and preferably constructed on its periphery with claws m, and the cushto ion F is preferably constructed to fit the cupshaped end c of the jaw C, having an inner lower portion n, adapted to enter the space beneath the overturned flange l, contracted to form a groove o, fitting this flange, and ex-15 teriorly thereof projecting outwardly in the form of a lip p, which preferably terminates about centrally of the overturned flange land is of curved outline substantially corresponding to that of the end of the jaw. By 20 this construction the cushion F can be placed in position and forced home against the claws m until these penetrate its body and the cushion is well seated in position, whereupon by slight pressure against the ends of the claws 25 the latter can be bent to prevent the displacement of the cushion, as best seen in Fig. 2. The lip p will then conceal the connection

between the jaw and its cushion and serve as a contact-face for the cushion, sufficing to 30 keep the larger portion of the material engaged by the clip out of contact with the jaw C, but leaving the lower rounded edge of the flange l of this jaw exposed back of the surface of the lip of the cushion and in position to receive the impingement of the outer end

of the other jaw B.

A feature of my invention is providing a cushion in only one jaw. The other jaw is preferably constructed with a very slightly-40 cupped gripper end d, terminating in a rounded and almost straight end q, which moves against the flange l of the other jaw, while its inner face impinges against the lower edge of the lip p of the cushion F. When thus con-45 structed, the material engaged by the clip will be held between the face of the cushion and the inner face of the jaw D, the bulk of the material being located in the space or chamber G between the jaws and above the cush-50 ion F and the remainer thereof being firmly gripped at the end of the clip.

In operation the clip is opened by seizing the handle ends a b of the jaws and forcing them toward each other, thereby distending 55 the elliptical spring E and separating the jaws. When released, the spring will force the jaws together. The cushion F will prevent impairment of the fabric or other material engaged by the clip. Should either jaw 60 become impaired, the spring E can be distended by the hand and the jaw disengaged from its notch, whereupon it can be readily slid from its slot. A new jaw can then be sub-

stituted by sliding its end in the slot and then

65 distending the spring sufficiently to bring the jaw into engagement with its notch.

It will be seen that my invention provides an improved clip which is simple and effective in operation, which will hold with great firmness, but without impairing the mate- 70 rial engaged, and which is susceptible of use for other purposes than that of supporting dresses.

It will be understood that the invention is not limited to the exact details of construc- 75 tion and arrangement described as the preferred form of my invention, as these may bemodified without departing from its essential

features.

Fig. 3 shows a modification of the fastening 80 device for locking the jaw to the spring. According to this construction, instead of providing the recesses ii in the sides of the jaws, (here lettered D',) I provide abutting faces on the jaw, consisting of a ridge i' at the in- 85 ner side of the end of the spring E (here lettered E') and a shoulder i'' adjacent to the slot f of the spring. By this construction the shoulder i' prevents outward movement of the jaw, while the shoulder i'' prevents its in- 90 ward movement.

What I claim is, in clips for supporting dresses and for other purposes, the followingdefined novel features, substantially as here-

inbefore set forth, namely:

1. In a clip, the combination, with the gripper-jaws C and D, constructed with handle ends a and b and with recesses ii, of the curved spring E, constructed with slots ef, adapted ... to receive said handle ends, and constructed 100 with inwardly-curved ends adapted to act against said jaws and force them together, and constructed with projecting ends jj, adapted to engage said recesses to prevent relative movement of the parts.

2. In a clip, the combination, with a curved spring E, having slots ef at back and having inturned ends adapted to act against the jaws and constructed with notches gh, in combination with the jaws of the clip cd, constructed 110 to enter said slots, respectively, and adapted when acted on by the inturned ends of the spring to enter said notches gh, respectively, whereby their lateral displacement is prevented.

3. In a clip, the combination, with the spring E, of a gripping-jaw C, constructed with a cupshaped portion c and an overturned flange l, of a cushion F, constructed with an inner portion n, a recess o, and an outer portion or lip 120 p, overhanging said flange and adapted to receive the impingement of the opposing jaw of the clip.

4. In a clip, the combination, with the spring E and the opposing jaw D, of the jaw C, con- 125 structed with the overturned flange land claws m m, and the cushion F, having a portion n entering behind said flange l and adapted to be secured in position by said claws m.

5. In a clip, the combination, with a spring E and the opposing jaws C D, the one of said

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jaws constructed with a cup-shaped gripping end c and an overturned flange l and the other of said jaws constructed with a cup-shaped gripping end d and with a plain edge q, adapted to act against said overturned flange when the jaws are in engagement.

In witness whereof I have hereunto signed

my name in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

EDWARD C. MIX.

Witnesses:
GEORGE H. FRASER,
CHARLES K. FRASER.