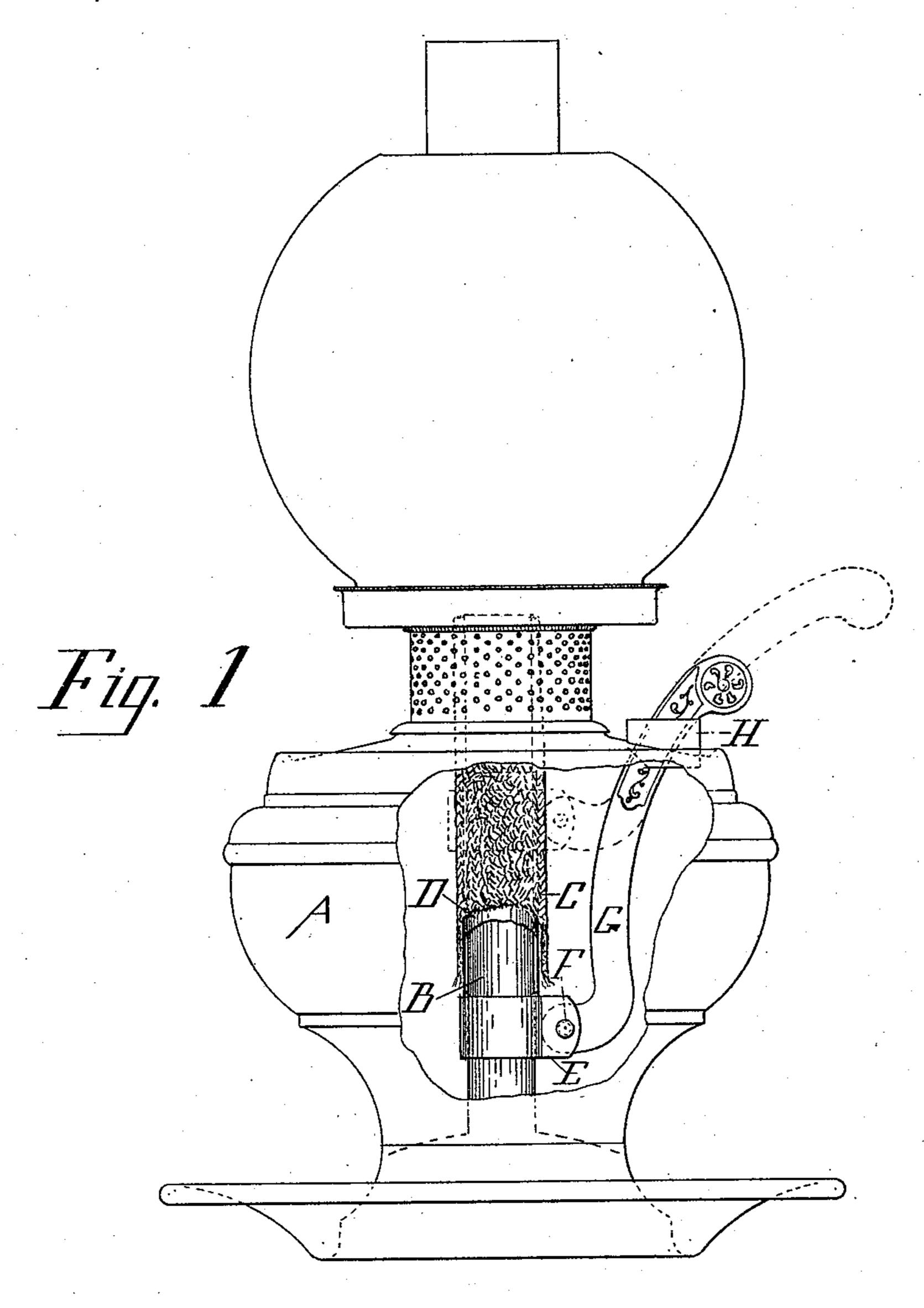
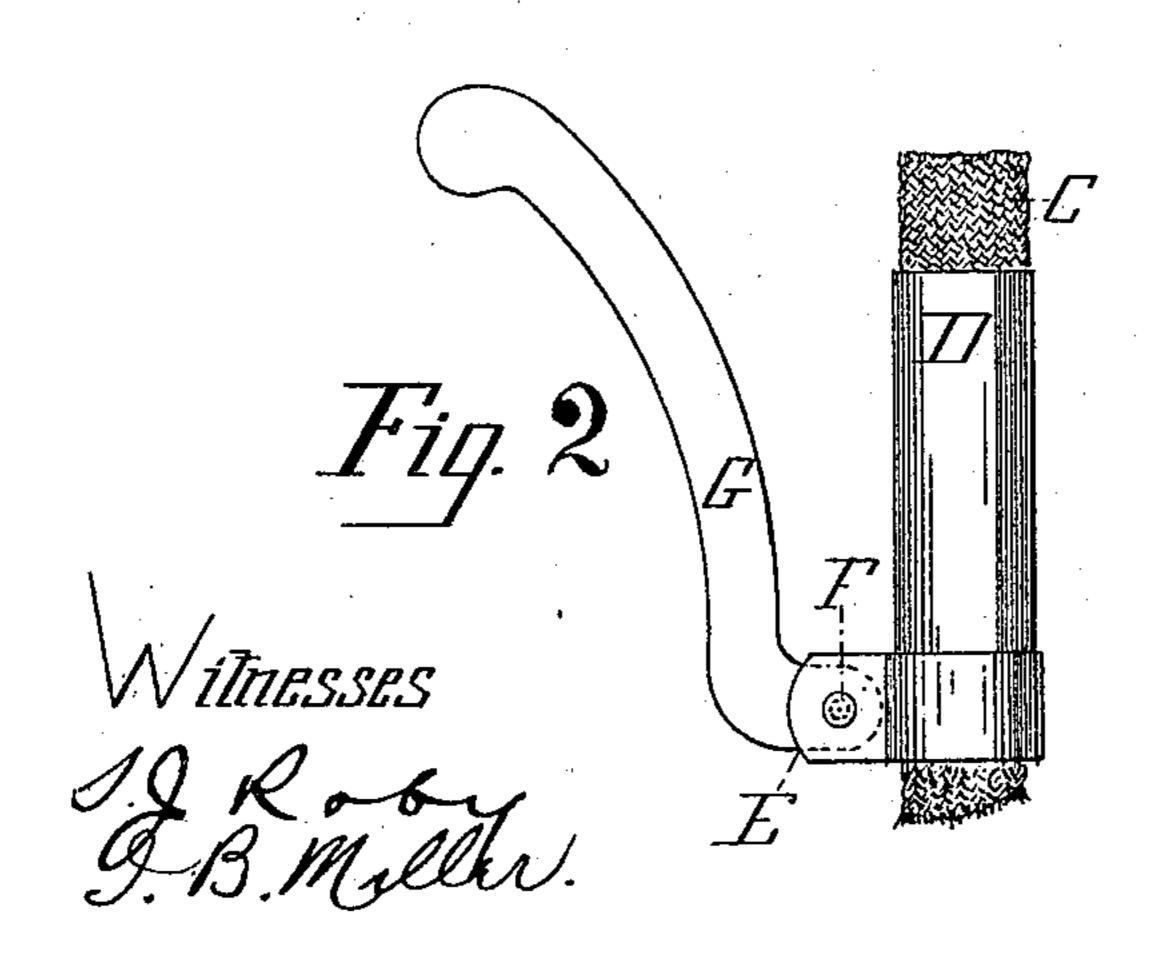
(No Model.)

F. RHIND. WICK LIFTING DEVICE.

No. 485,429.

Patented Nov. 1, 1892.





Frank Rhind INVENTITE Just Ges L. Coher Atty

United States Patent Office.

FRANK RHIND, OF MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT, ASSIGNOR TO THE EDWARD MILLER & COMPANY, OF SAME PLACE.

WICK-LIFTING DEVICE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 485,429, dated November 1, 1892.

Application filed September 29, 1887. Serial No. 251,012. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, FRANK RHIND, a citizen of the United States, residing at Meriden, county of New Haven, and State of Connecticut, have invented an Improvement in Wick-Lifting Devices, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to that class of wicklifting devices which has a sleeve capable of vertical motion with the wick, an offset attached to such sleeve, and a handle or drawbar extending through the top of the lamp.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 represents a lamp partly broken away to show the interior mechanism, and Fig. 2 represents a modification of my invention detached from the lamp.

A designates a lamp body or font; B, a central draft or inner wick tube; C, a wick, here shown as of tubular form; D, a band or sleeve by means of which the wick is vertically adjusted; E, an offset attached to or integral with the sleeve D; F, a pin by which the offset E and the draw-bar or handle G are pivotally connected; H, a guide or shield attached to the top of the font A, through which the handle G moves.

Similar letters refer to similar parts in the several views.

In explaining the construction and operation of my invention I will first describe the mode of construction shown in Fig. 1.

The sleeve D is formed with its interior diameter slightly greater than the exterior diameter of the wick-tube B and so as to slide smoothly on said tube. An offset or lug E is attached to or formed integrally with the sleeve D, to which offset the draw-bar or handle G is pivotally attached by means of the pin F. The handle G passes out through the top of the font A and is guided against lateral motion by the shield or guide H. The handle G is here made in the form of an approximately-elliptic arc. Any convenient device may be used to increase the friction be-

tween the sleeve D and the wick C. As these

are well known in the art and form no part of my present invention, I have not thought it necessary to illustrate any of them in this connection.

In Fig. 2 is shown a detached wick-lift similar to that above described, except that the sleeve or band D encircles the wick C.

I am aware that wick-lifting devices consisting of a sleeve or band encircling or en- 55 circled by the wick, an offset or lug, and a vertical draw-bar or handle have heretofore been made; but such offset and draw-bar have hereto fore been rigidly connected together, so that the sleeve and draw-bar were maintained in a 60 parallel position. In my invention by pivotally connecting the offset and handle and making the distance of the guide H from the wick-tube B greater than that of the pivot F the upper end of the draw-bar G moves outward as well 65 as upward, and is so enabled to clear a projecting chimney bulb or shade, as shown in Fig. 1. This outward movement of the upper end of the handle is increased, if desired, by giving the bar an arc-like form, as shown 70 in Figs. 1 and 2.

What I claim as my invention, and desire to secure by Letters Patent of the United

States, is as follows:

1. The combination, with the wick-holder 75 of a central - draft lamp, of an outwardly-

curved draw-bar secured thereto by a connection which permits the upper end of the draw-bar to move away from the burner of the lamp as the wick is raised, substantially as 80 set forth.

2. The combination, with the wick-holder of a central-draft lamp, of an outwardly-curved draw-bar pivoted thereto to permit the upper end of the draw-bar to move away from 85 the burner of the lamp as the wick is raised, substantially as set forth.

FRANK RHIND.

Witnesses:
GEO. L. COOPER,
S. J. ROBY.