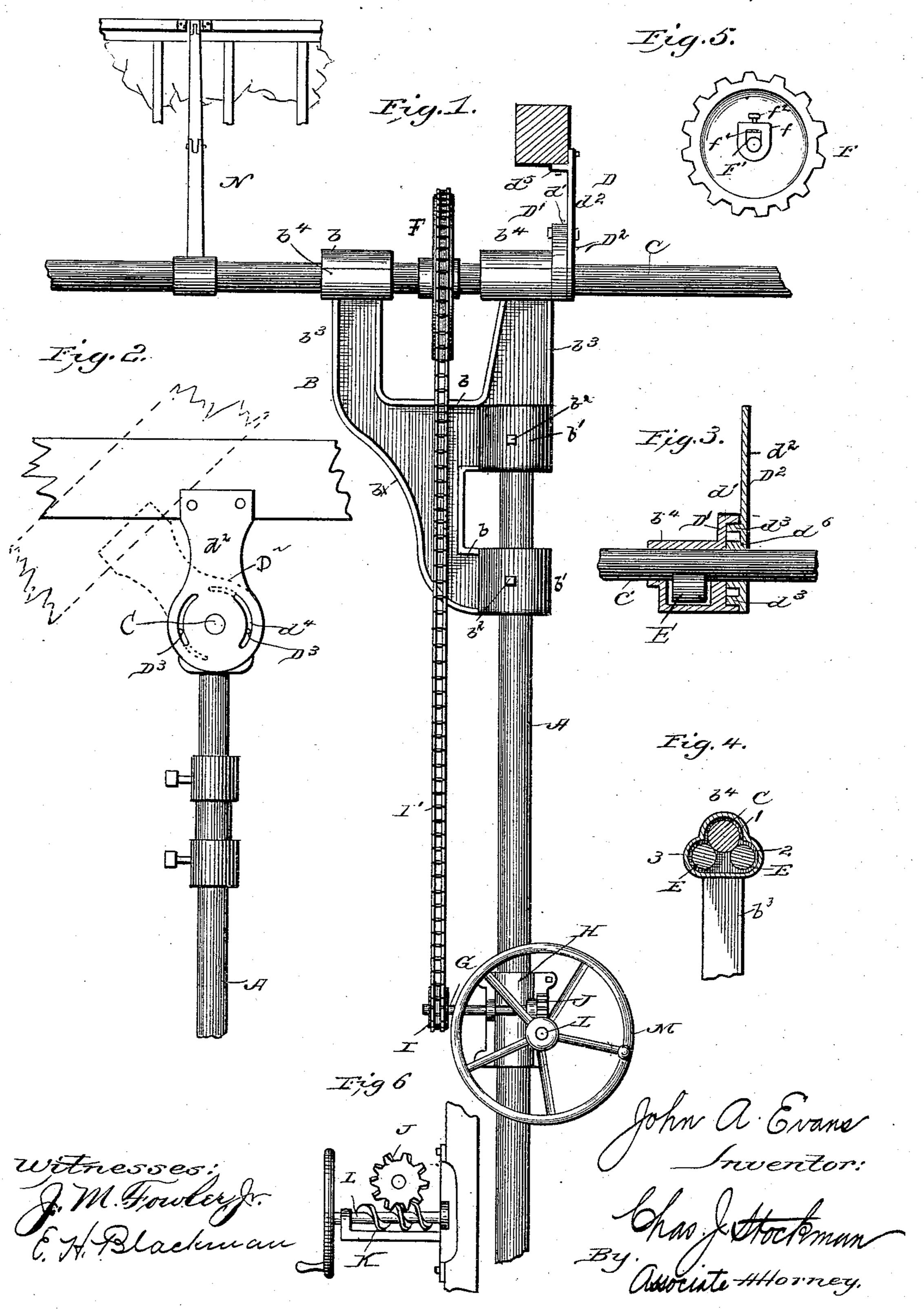
J. A. EVANS.
SUPPORT FOR SHAFTING.

No. 484,148.

Patented Oct. 11, 1892.



## United States Patent Office.

JOHN A. EVANS, OF RICHMOND, INDIANA.

## SUPPORT FOR SHAFTING.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 484,148, dated October 11, 1892.

Application filed March 28, 1892. Serial No. 426,679. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John A. Evans, a citizen of the United States, residing at Richmond, in the county of Wayne and State of 5 Indiana, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Supports and Bearings for Shafting; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled to in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

This invention has particular reference to that class of devices designed to raise and hold in elevated position the sashes of green-15 houses for the purpose of ventilation; and its object is to provide such devices with certain novel and advantageous features, substantially as hereinafter described, and particularly set forth in the subjoined claims.

In the accompanying drawings, illustrating the invention, Figure 1 is a side elevation of my improved device. Fig. 2 is a front view of the upper part of the supporting-post, showing in full lines the bracket for supporting 25 the upper end of the post attached to a horizontal rafter of the greenhouse and in dotted lines said bracket attached to an inclined rafter. Fig. 3 is a longitudinal section through one of the bearing-boxes and bracket. Fig. 30 4 is a section through Fig. 1. Fig. 5 is a detail view of the sprocket-wheel which is fastened on the line-shaft, and Fig. 6 is a detail view of part of the operating mechanism.

The same letters and numerals of reference 35 designate the same parts in the several figures.

A represents the supporting-post, which is suitably secured or anchored at its bottom. B designates a bracket, which is secured to the 4c upper end of said post and is formed to provide bearings for the line-shaft C, and D designates a bracket for holding the upper end of said post rigid against vibration during the operation of the line-shaft.

The bracket B consists of the two horizontal arms b, which are connected together at one side by a vertical arm  $b^{\times}$ , and are constructed at their ends b' to encircle the post A, to which they are bolted, as shown at  $b^2$ , 50 and the arms  $b^3$ , which extend vertically from the upper horizontal arm b and are each provided or formed at its upper extremity with

la bearing-box  $b^4$ . Each of these bearing-boxes b4 is formed to provide three communicating chambers 1, 2, and 3, of which chambers 2 and 55 3 are located side by side, forming practically one continuous chamber, and chamber 1 is located above and between said chambers 2 and 3, as clearly shown in Fig. 4. Located within chambers 2 and 3 are freely-rotatable 60 wheels or rollers E, and through the chamber 1 passes the line-shaft C, the under side of which rests on said wheels or rollers. Thus I have provided a simple and practical means for supporting the line-shaft which will per- 65mit it to rotate without friction, and I thereby reduce wear on the shaft and increase the

ease with which it may be operated.

The bracket D is made in two parts D' and D<sup>2</sup>. Part D' is preferably formed integral 70 with the end of the adjacent bearing-box  $b^4$ , and is formed with a flange d', extending around its rim. Part  $D^2$  has a flange  $d^2$ , extending upward from its upper end and is formed around the rim of its circular portion 75 with a flange  $d^3$ , which engages said flange d'. It is further formed with curved openings  $d^4$ , which are located on opposite sides of its axial center, and through said curved openings and perforations in the part D'extend bolts D<sup>3</sup>, 85 which serve to connect said parts D' and D<sup>2</sup> together in such manner as to permit part D<sup>2</sup> to be adjusted on said part D', so that flange  $d^2$  will extend either vertically or at an angle with respect to said part D'. Thus it will be 85 seen that said part D<sup>2</sup> may be attached to rafters which extend either horizontally, vertically, or incliningly with respect to said bracket. This is an important and advantageous feature of my invention, as will be 90 readily seen. The flange  $d^2$  is provided with a horizontal flange  $d^5$ , which is designed to engage the under side of a rafter, and is formed with openings for the passage of bolts or other suitable means for securing the de- 95 vice to the rafter. That portion of the flange  $d^2$  situated above the flange  $d^5$  is formed with openings for a similar purpose. The bracket D is further formed with an opening extending through its axial center for the passage 100 of the line-shaft C, and the part D<sup>2</sup> has an inwardly-extending flange  $d^6$  immediately surrounding said opening, which keeps dust, dirt, &c., from entering the space between parts

D' and D<sup>2</sup> and at the same time strengthens and stiffens the bracket.

F designates the sprocket-wheel, which is secured on the line-shaft C between the arms 5  $b^3$  of bracket B. Projecting horizontally from one side of the sprocket-wheel is the hub f, the opening f' through which is of greater diameter than the shaft. One end of this hub is straight and its other end is curved 10 and forms a half-bearing for the shaft, the other half-bearing for said shaft being formed by a gib F', which has a concave under surface to engage the shaft and a flat upper surface engaged by a set-screw  $f^2$ , which 15 serves to clamp said gib firmly to the shaft, and thereby holds the sprocket-wheel fast on the same. This sprocket-wheel is connected with and driven by a suitable mechanism for operating the line-shaft. One 20 form of mechanism suitable for this purpose is shown in the drawings, and consists of a horizontal shaft G, which has its bearings in a suitable sectional collar H, which is suitably fastened in position around the post 25 A, said shaft having at one end a sprocketwheel I, connected by an endless sprocketchain I' with said sprocket-wheel F, and at its opposite end a worm-wheel J, which meshes with a worm K on the inner end of a shaft L, 30 which extends at right angles to said shaft G and has at its outer end a suitable hand-wheel for operating the device.

The line-shaft C is connected with the sashes of the greenhouse by means of a series of jointed arms N, as is common in this class of

devices.

The operation and advantages of my improved device will be obvious to those skilled in the art to which this invention appertains without any further description.

Having now described my invention, I claim—

1. The combination, with the post, of a bracket secured at its lower end to the upper

end of said post and having upwardly-projecting arms, each of said arms having at its upper extremity a chambered bearing-box, antifriction-wheels in the lower chambers of said bearing-boxes, a line-shaft passing through said bearing-boxes and resting on 50 said antifriction-wheels, a wheel on said lineshaft between said bearing-boxes, means for connecting said line-shaft with windowsashes, and means connected with said wheel for operating said line-shaft.

2. The combination, with the line-shaft and a post supporting the bearing-boxes for said line-shaft, of a bracket contiguous to one of said bearing-boxes, said bracket having an opening for the passage of the line-shaft and 60 being made in two parts, one of said parts having a flange adapted to be secured to a rafter of a building and also having elongated curved openings and both of said parts having inwardly-projecting flanges d',  $d^3$ , and  $d^6$ , 65 arranged as described, and bolts passing through said curved openings in one of the parts and through perforations in the other of the parts, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

3. The combination of the post, line-shaft, bracket having arms provided with bearing-boxes for the line-shaft, a bracket for supporting the upper end of said post, said bracket consisting of two parts, one of which 75 is adjustable on the other and has a flange designed to be secured to a rafter of a building, a wheel on said line-shaft between the arms of said first-mentioned bracket, arms designed to connect said line-shaft with window-sashes, and operating means connected with said wheel, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

JOHN A. EVANS.

Witnesses:

FRANK C. ROBERTS, W. T. DENNIS.