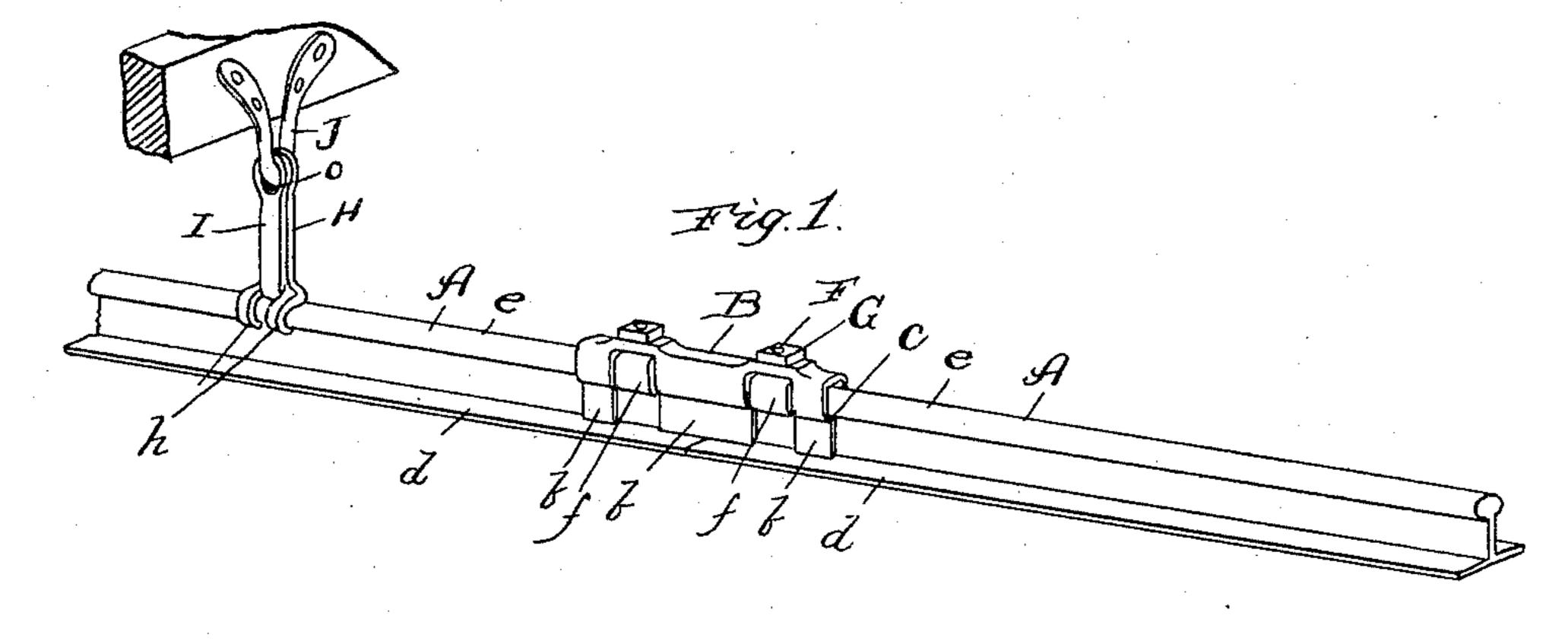
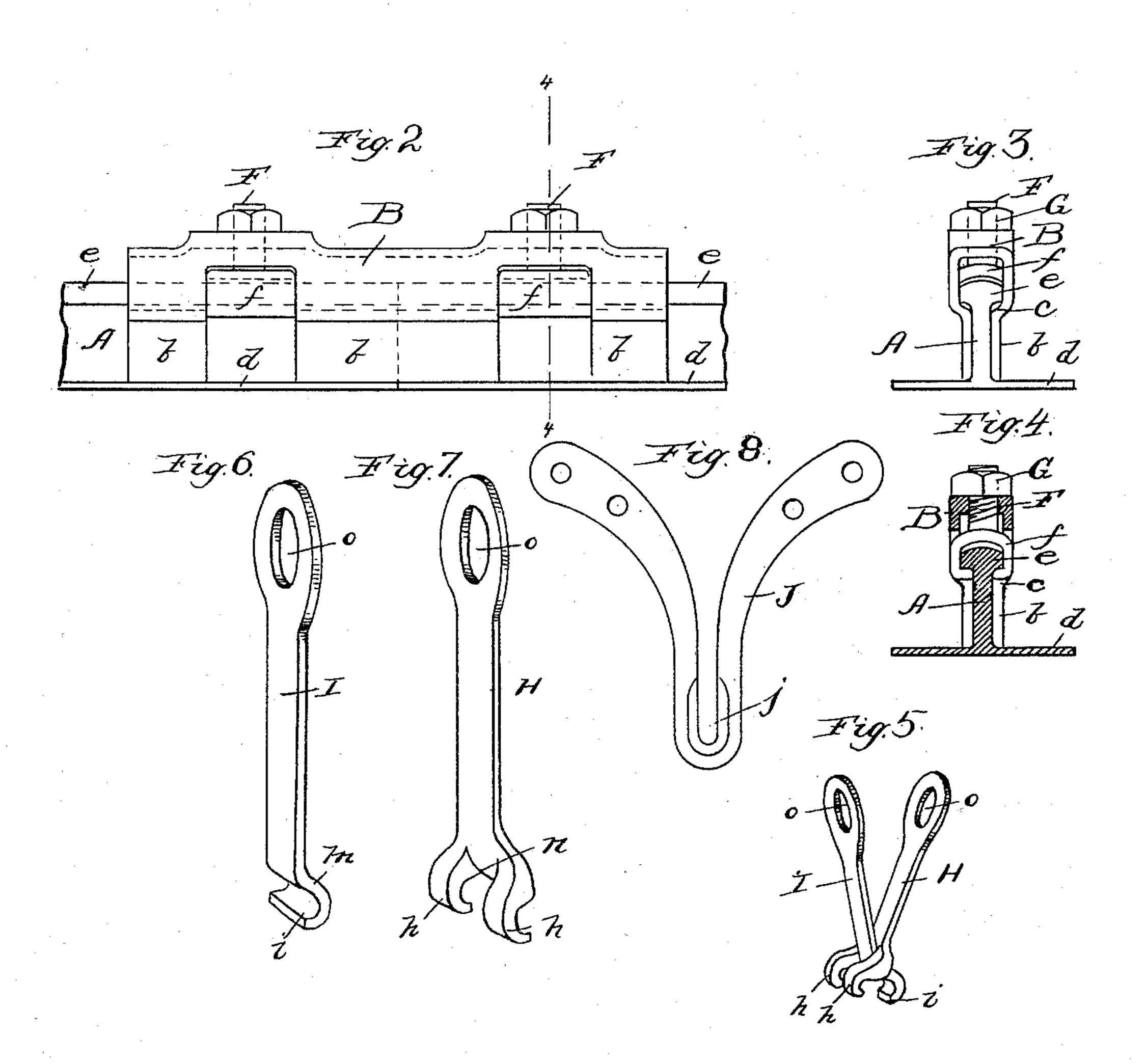
J. E. PORTER. CARRIER TRACK.

No. 482,411.

Patented Sept. 13, 1892.





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JOSEPH E. PORTER, OF OTTAWA, ILLINOIS.

CARRIER-TRACK.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 482,411, dated September 13, 1892.

Application filed January 28, 1892. Serial No. 419,530. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Joseph E. Porter, a citizen of the United States, residing at Ottawa, in the county of La Salle and State of 5 Illinois, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Tracks for Hay and other Carriers, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to the construction of the supporting-tracks used with hay and 10 other carriers, and especially to the couplingpieces used for securing abutting rails together in such tracks and to the means used for suspending the tracks.

The invention consists in the novel con-15 struction of the several parts and the novel combinations of parts set forth below, and pointed out in the claims.

In the accompanying drawings, which form a part of this specification, and in which simi-20 lar letters of reference indicate like parts, Figure 1 is a perspective of a portion of my improved track. Fig. 2 is an enlarged side elevation of my improved rail-coupling. Fig. 25 transverse section on line 44 of Fig. 2. Fig. 5 shows the clamping parts of the hanging devices assembled, and Figs. 6 and 7 show the same parts detached. Fig. 8 shows the loop by which the clamp is supported from the 30 beam or rafters of the building.

In the drawings, A A represent two abutting rails of a hay or other carrier track united by my improved coupling. This coupling is constructed as follows: A coupling-35 piece B is formed in an inverted-U shape. The essential feature of this coupling-piece is that its side plate or flanges b shall extend down to and serve as a means for positioning the base-flanges d of the rails in exact level 40 with each other. As subsidiary features I may mention that the plates b may be bent inward toward each other, so as to come close to the webs of the rails and so that the shoulders c at the top of the plate b may set under the head-flanges e of the rails. The lower edges of the plate b are straight and horizontal, so that by the employment of devices for drawing the rails upward, and thus bringing the base-flanges against the edges of the 50 plates, the latter are compelled to assume position in a common plane. In conjunction with this coupling B, I employ devices which draw l

the rails upward and compel the base-flanges to be in firm contact with the lower edges of the plates b, thus securing with absolute cer- 55 tainty the positioning of the base-flanges of both rails at the same plane and thus presenting a smooth unbroken surface to the rollers of the carrier. These drawing devices consist of bolts F, passing through the top of the 60 coupling and having at their lower ends jaws f, adapted to grasp the head of the rails, and nuts G upon the threaded end of the bolts and above the coupling. With this construction it will be seen that by turning the nuts 65 down upon the bolts the rails can be drawn until their base-flanges press tightly against the lower edges of the coupling-piece, and as each rail is acted upon by one of these devices it will be further seen that the base-7c flanges of both rails will be brought to the same plane. This coupling and the clamping devices also act to hold the rails against longitudinal movement. The central part of the coupling B—that is, the part between the 75 3 is an end view of the same. Fig. 4 is a clamp-producing devices—is of considerable length, so that the tendency of the rails to bend or spring downward at the ends is resisted by the vertical webs or plates b. The sides of the coupling are cut away, as shown, 80 to admit the grasping-jaws of the clampingbolt. The track is suspended by means of opposing hangers H and I, which are provided with jaws h and i, respectively, for grasping the opposite sides of the head or bead of the 85 track-rails. These hangers coact to grasp the rail when placed together, with the shoulder m of one hanger bearing against the crotch nof the other hanger, and the upper ends of the hangers are brought close together. This 90 will be understood from the drawings, wherein Fig. 5 shows them assembled but spread, so as to enable their jaws to be pressed down over the head of the rail. At their upper ends these hangers have openings o, adapted 95 to receive the loop J or other device by which they are secured to the beam or rafters of the building. The loop or its substitute should have a narrow crotch j, which will bring and hold the upper ends of the hangers close to- 100 gether, and thus secure the necessary action by the jaws h i upon the rail.

> It will be seen that this hanger device requires no bolts or rivets to secure it to the

rail and that there is no danger of its becoming detached after being once put together properly. It is readily detached and can be moved and applied to tracks already in use.

5 It will also be seen that my coupling requires no drilling or cutting away of the rails and that it is also easily applied or detached.

I claim—

1. The combination, in a carrier-track and with abutting rails thereof, of a coupling-piece B, having straight-edged vertical webs or plates b, extending down to and adapted to bear upon the base-flanges of the rails, and devices for drawing the rails upwardly, so that said flanges will bear against the lower edges of said webs, substantially as specified.

2. The combination, in a carrier-track and with abutting rails thereof, of a coupling-piece B, having straight-edged vertical webs

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or plates b, adapted to bear upon the base-20 flanges of the rails, bolts F, adapted to grasp the head of the rails and extended upwardly through the piece B, and nuts G above the piece B, substantially as specified.

3. As a means for suspending a hay-carrier 25 track, the combination of the hangers having oppositely-turned non-pivoted jaws adapted to grasp the track, adapted to bear against each other at a point above said jaws, and having openings at their upper ends and the 30 suspending-loop passing through said openings and provided with a crotch or bend for holding the hangers together, substantially as set forth.

JOSEPH E. PORTER.

Witnesses:

ERNST CLAUS, W. I. HARRIS.