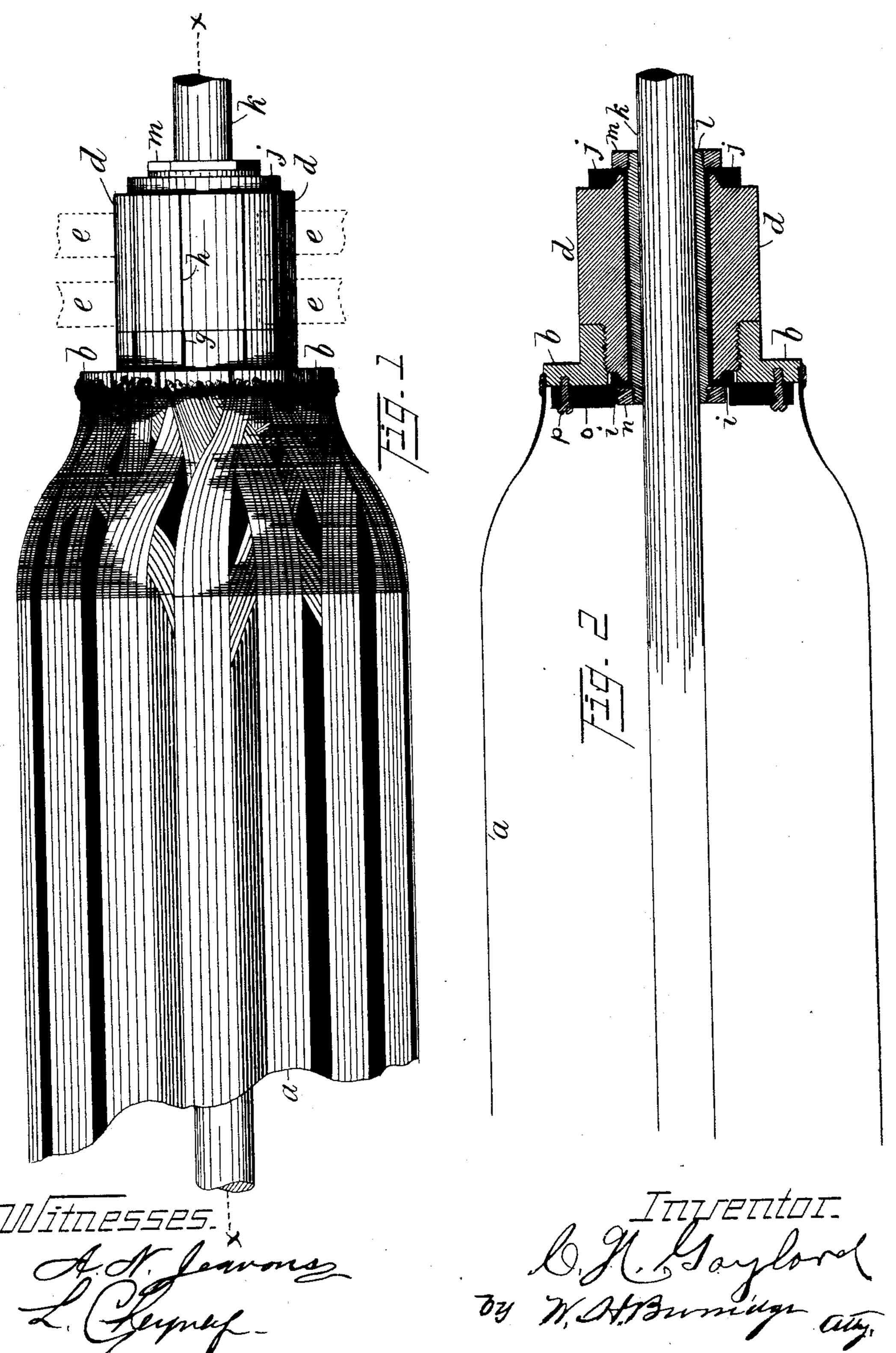
(No Model.)

C. H. GAYLORD. DETACHABLE COMMUTATOR.

No. 477,175.

Patented June 14, 1892.

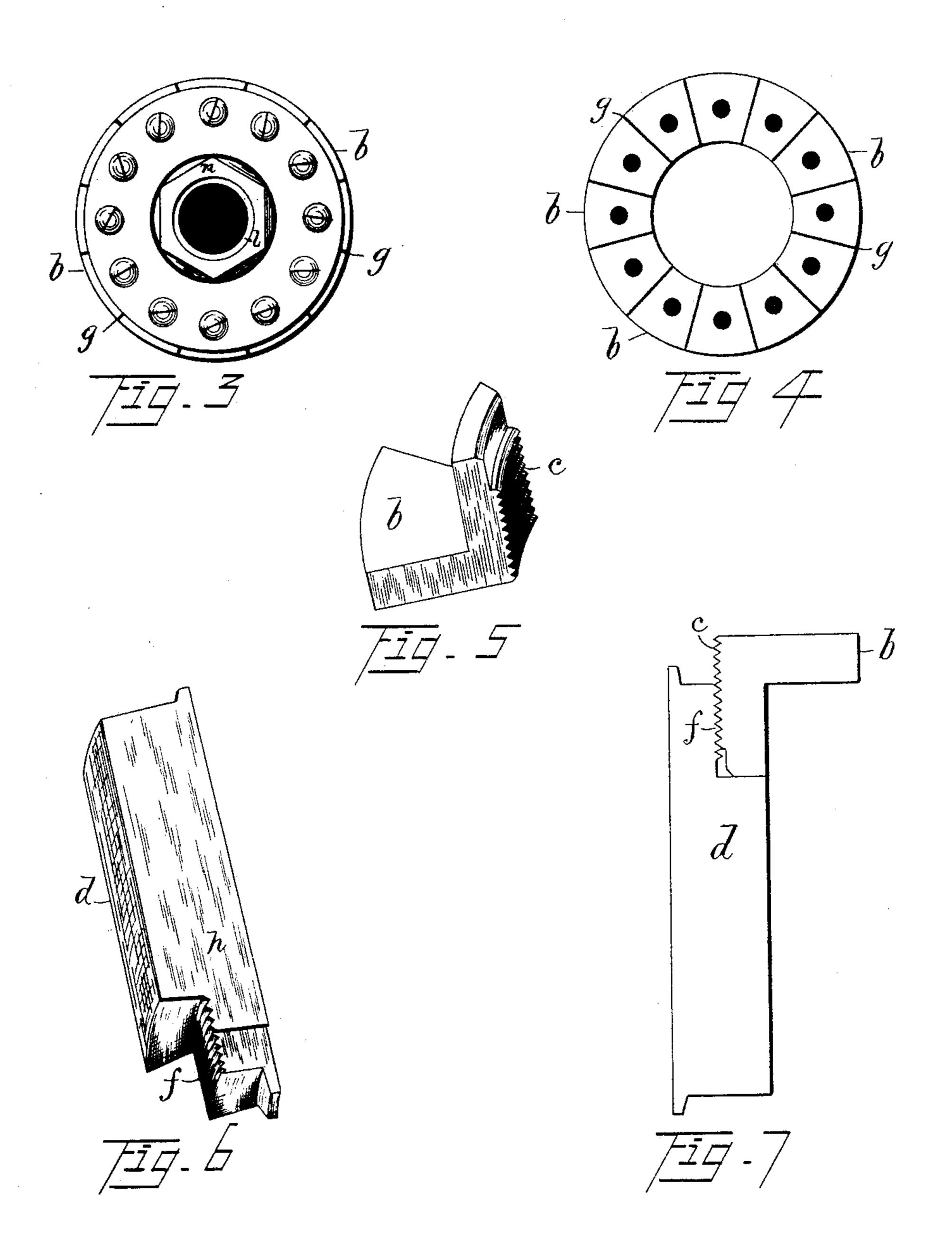


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DETACHABLE COMMUTATOR.

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United States Patent Office.

CHARLES H. GAYLORD, OF CLEVELAND, OHIO.

DETACHABLE COMMUTATOR.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 477,175, dated June 14, 1892.

Application filed December 17, 1891. Serial No. 415,420. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHARLES H. GAYLORD, a citizen of the United States, residing at Cleveland, in the county of Cuyahoga and State of Ohio, have invented a certain new and Improved Detachable Commutator and Armature, of which the following is a full, clear, and complete description thereof.

The nature of my invention relates to the formation or construction of a detachable commutator and armature for electric motors or dynamos, said commutator being so constructed as to be readily detached from the armature when it becomes worn without disconnecting the wires of said armature, thereby expediting the repairing of the motor and lessening the expense of same.

That the invention may be seen and fully understood by others familiar with the art, reference will be had to the following specification and annexed drawings, forming part

thereof.

Figure 1 is a view of a portion of an armature and commutator detached from the other necessary parts of the motor. Fig. 2 is a longitudinal section on line x x, Fig. 1, showing the armature in simple outline. Fig. 3 is an interior end view of my improved commutator. Figs. 4, 5, 6, and 7 are views of detached sections hereinafter explained. Figs. 5, 6, and 7 are enlarged.

Like letters of reference designate like parts

in the drawings and specification.

It is a well-known fact to all familiar with the art that heretofore it has been necessary to cut or disconnect the wires of the armature from the commutator in order to provide the motor or dynamo with a new commutator after the old one has become worthless from the wear of the brushes, thereby causing considerable delay and expense. I have by my invention provided for or reduced to a great extent this delay and expense by producing a detachable commutator, as hereinafter described.

In Figs. 1 and 2 the armature is represented by a, (only shown in outline in Fig. 2,) which is connected with the commutator in the ordinary manner by solder or other suitable

50 means.

The commutator is constructed, as shown, of a number of metallic sections b of substan-

tially the form shown in Figs. 4 and 5, Fig. 5 being a perspective view of one of said sections detached. These pieces or sections are 55 wedge-shaped, and when placed together in the manner required and as shown in Fig. 4 form the circular interior head of the commutator to which the wires of the armature are attached. A female thread c is cut on the 60 collar formed by the sections b, as shown in Figs. 5 and 7. Other metallic sections d, of essentially the form shown in Figs. 2, 6, and 7, (Fig. 6 being a perspective view,) when placed together, as required, form a cylinder. This 65 cylinder forms the body or portion of the commutator on which the wear of the brushes comes. Said brushes are indicated in Fig. 1 by dotted lines e. On the interior terminal of the cylinder formed by the pieces d is a 70 male thread f, which corresponds to the female thread c. The head of the commutator or that portion formed by the section b is insulated by any known non-conducting material, as shown at g, Figs. 1, 3, and 4. The body 75 or cylinder of the commutator is also insulated between the pieces d, (indicated at h, Figs. 1) and 6.) The non-conducting disks i and j, Fig. 2, bind the sections d together and at the same time insulate them from the shaft k, to which 80 the commutator is necessarily made fast by means of the jacket or sleeve l and nuts mand n. The sections b and their insulation gare held in their required position by a nonconducting disk or cap o, a screw p passing 85 through said cap into each separate section b. The armature a being connected with the head of the commutator, the cylinder of said commutator can readily be screwed thereto, the sections d coming in electrical contact with 90 the sections b, and the insulation h connecting with the insulation g. As shown by dotted lines e in Fig. 1, the

brushes bear on the cylinder or portion of the

sequently the wear is on said cylinder, which

can readily be removed and replaced by a new

one at a comparatively small expense, owing

to the cylinder being threaded into the collar

ing necessary, as heretofore, to disconnect the

entire commutator by cutting or disconnect-

The female thread may be on the cylinder

ing the wires of the armature.

to which the armature is connected, it not be- 100

commutator composed of the sections d. Con- 95

and the male thread on the collar. However, of two or more sections insulated and conthe construction shown in drawings is prefered with the wires of the armature, said cylinder being in electrical contact with said

What I claim, and desire to secure by Let-

5 ters Patent, is-

1. A detachable commutator and armature consisting of metallic sections d, suitably insulated, of a cylindrical form, one terminal of which having a male thread, in combination with a collar b, provided with a female thread for engagement and disengagement with said male thread of the cylinder, with the collar arranged in electrical contact with the armature, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

2. In combination with the armature of an electric motor or dynamo, a detachable commutator consisting of two or more metallic sections forming a cylinder or sleeve suitably insulated and threaded into a collar composed

of two or more sections insulated and connected with the wires of the armature, said cylinder being in electrical contact with said collar arranged in co-operative relation with the brushes, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

pose specified.

3. In an adjustable commutator and armature, the cylinder or sleeve of the said commutator threaded at one terminal thereof with the collar b, having a threaded connection with the said sleeve, in combination with the armature arranged in electrical connection with the commutator, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in 35

presence of two witnesses.

CHARLES II. GAYLORD.

Witnesses:

E. F. HOPKINS, W. H. BURRIDGE.